

Status of the ATLAS ITk Strip Detector for the HL-LHC

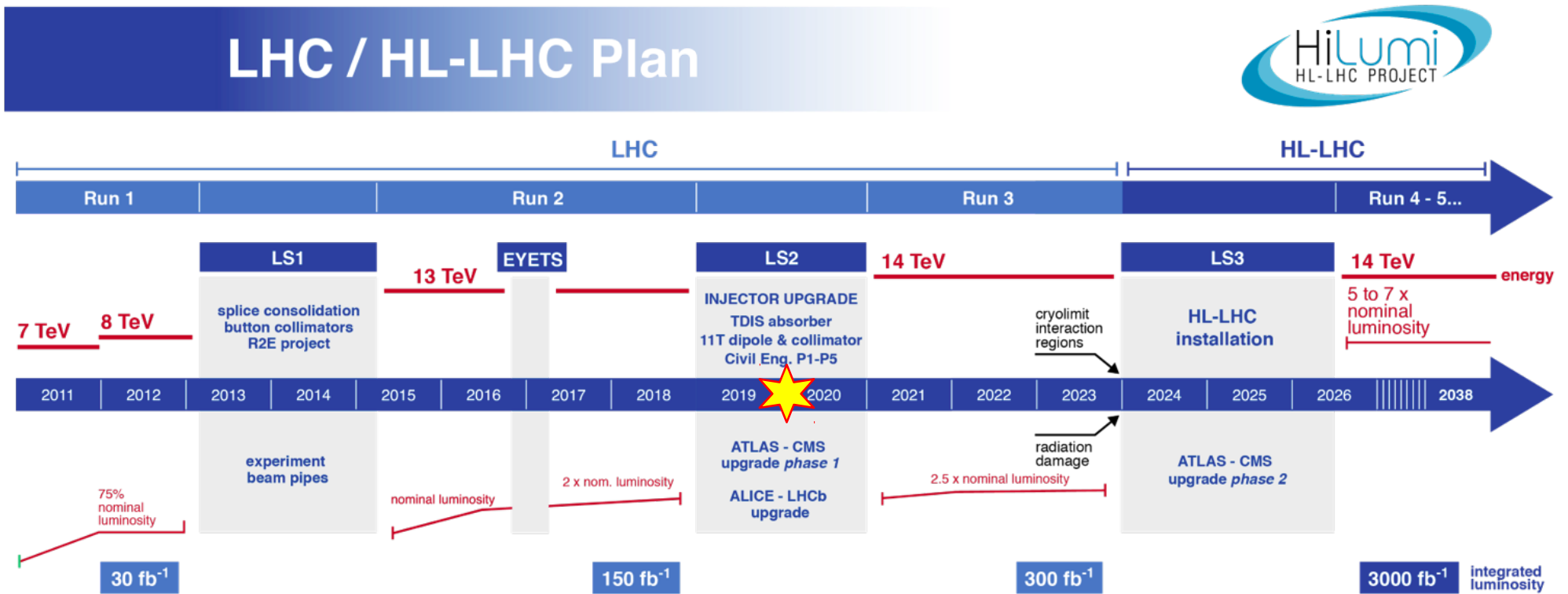
Craig Wiglesworth, Niels Bohr Institute

Spåtind 2020

Nordic Conference on Particle Physics



The High-Luminosity LHC (HL-LHC)



Run 3 (2021) → 14 TeV, 55 – 80 <interactions / BX>, 300 fb⁻¹ by ~2023

Run 4+ (2026) → 14 TeV, up to 200 <interactions / BX>, 3000 fb⁻¹ by ~2035

The HL-LHC will pose difficult experimental challenges – requiring ATLAS upgrades

ATLAS Upgrades for the HL-LHC

Tracking

New all-silicon Inner Tracker (ITK) will replace the existing Inner Detector

Muon Spectrometer

- Readout electronics replaced
- New trigger chambers

Calorimeters

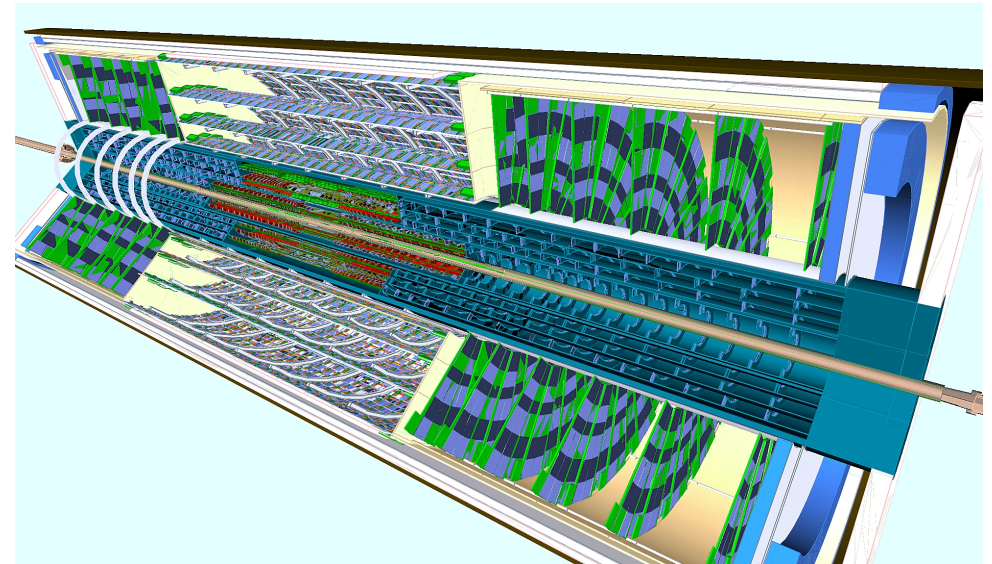
- Readout electronics replaced
- New $O(10's\text{ ps})$ timing detector $2.4 < |\eta| < 4.3$

Trigger / DAQ

L0/L1 Hardware Track Trigger
HLT $\sim 10\text{ kHz}$

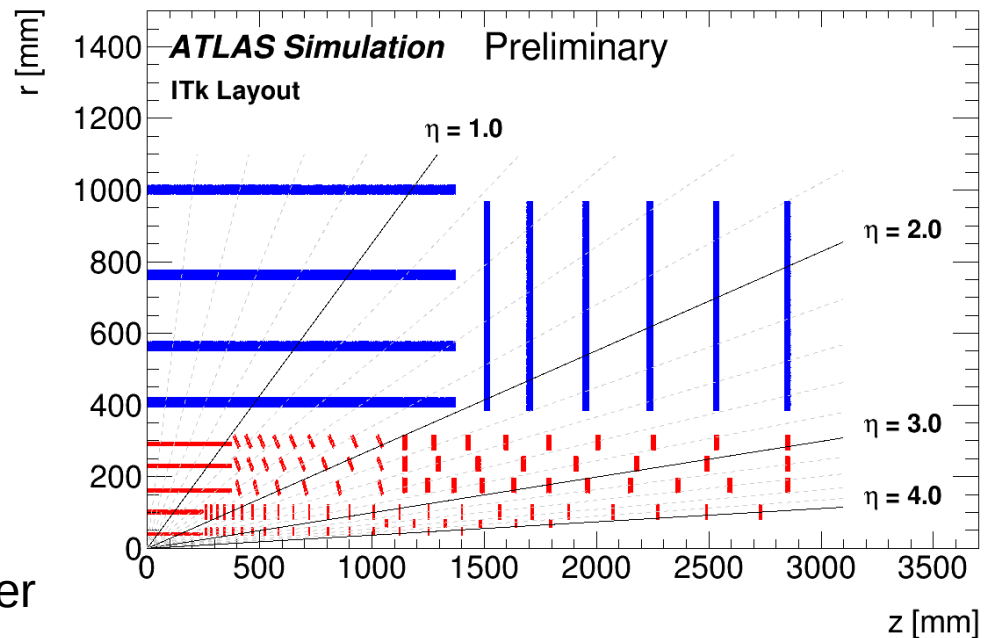
The ATLAS Inner Tracker (ITk)

The new Inner Tracker (ITk) is an all-silicon (pixels & strips) which aims to maintain at least the same performance as the current tracker

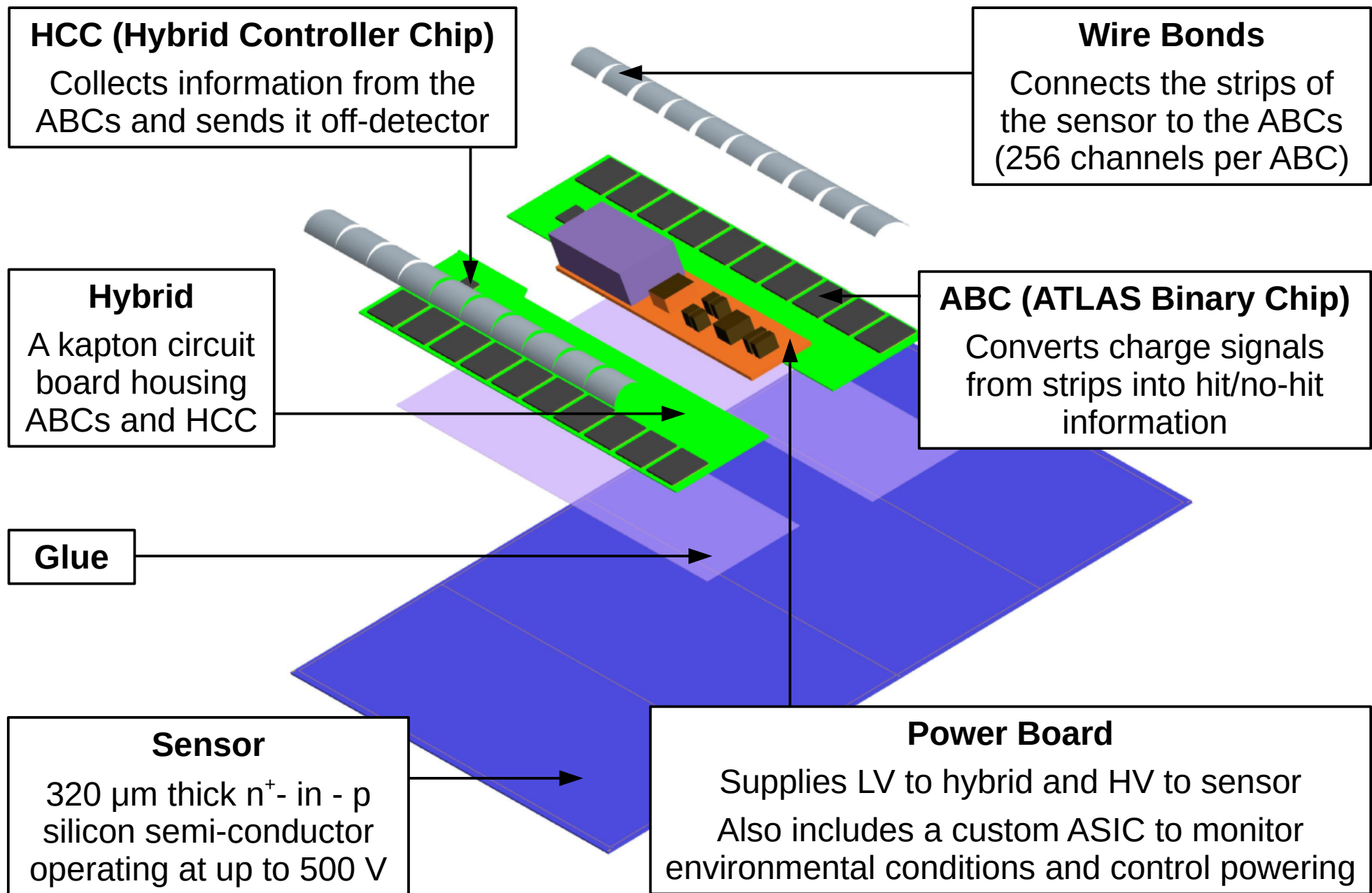


Design Highlights:

- Silicon area: $\sim 200 \text{ m}^2$
- Radiation hardness: 10+ year lifetime @ x10 integrated radiation
- Granularity: baseline occupancy of $< 0.1\%$ (pixels) $< 1\%$ (strips) @ $\langle \mu \rangle = 200$
- Material budget: $> 30\%$ less
- Coverage: $|\eta| < 2.5$ to $|\eta| < 4.0$
- Readout: new scheme allows fast track trigger



ITk Strip Detector Module



ITk Strip Detector in Scandinavia



UPPSALA
UNIVERSITET



UiO
University of Oslo



UNIVERSITY OF
COPENHAGEN

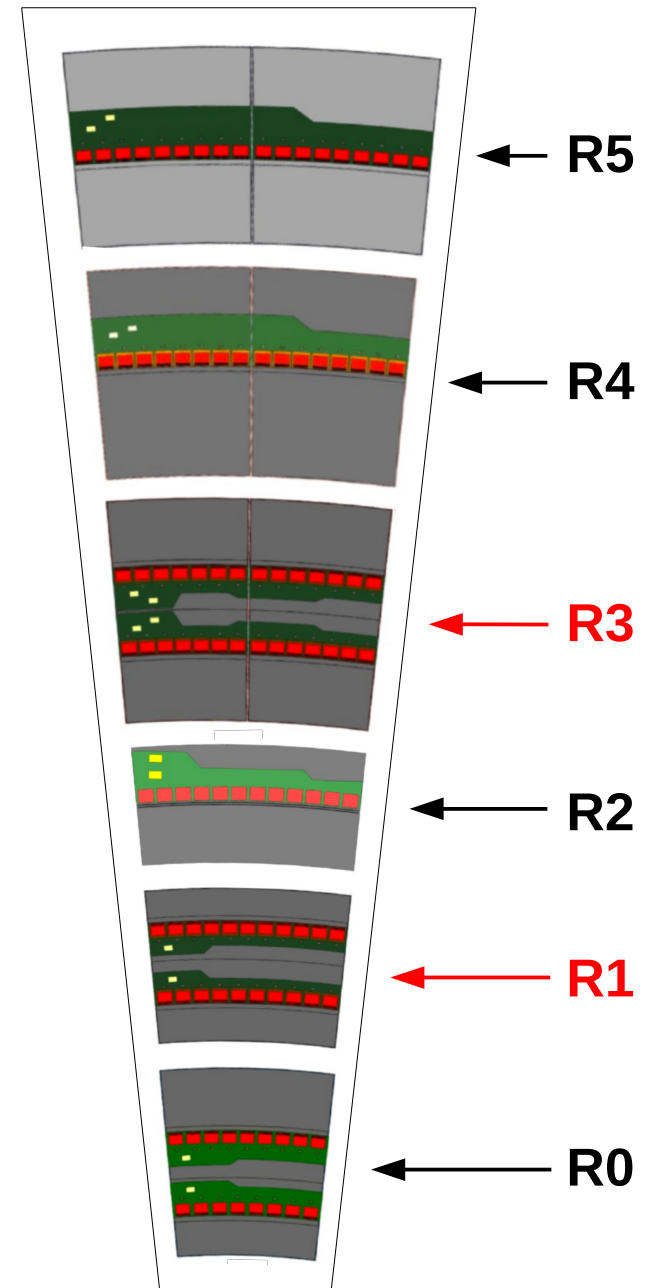


LUND
UNIVERSITY

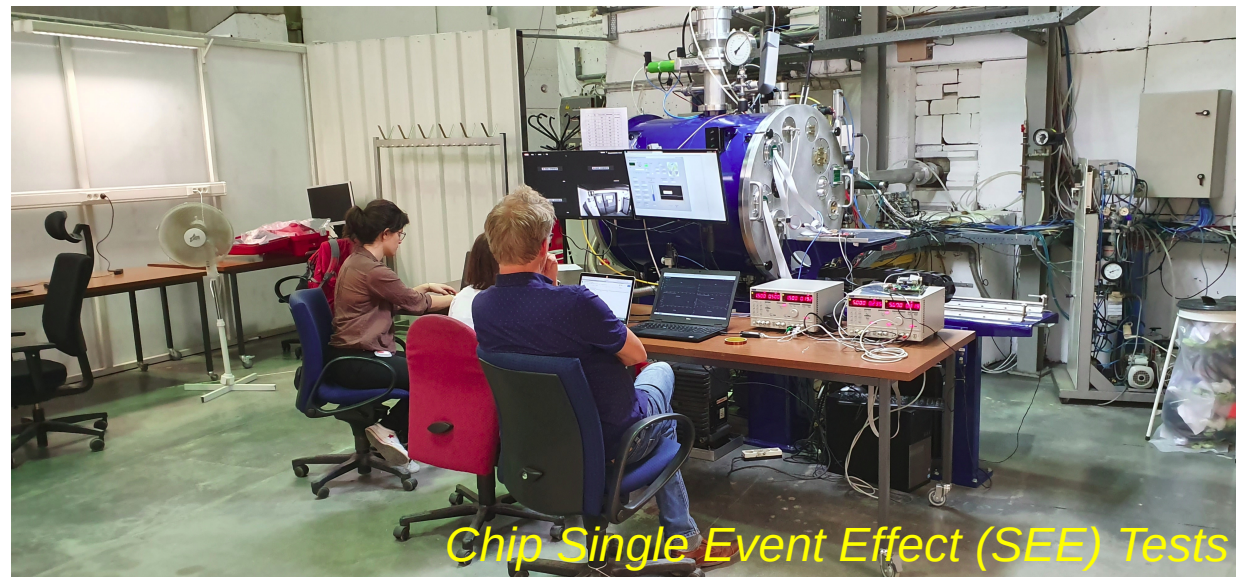
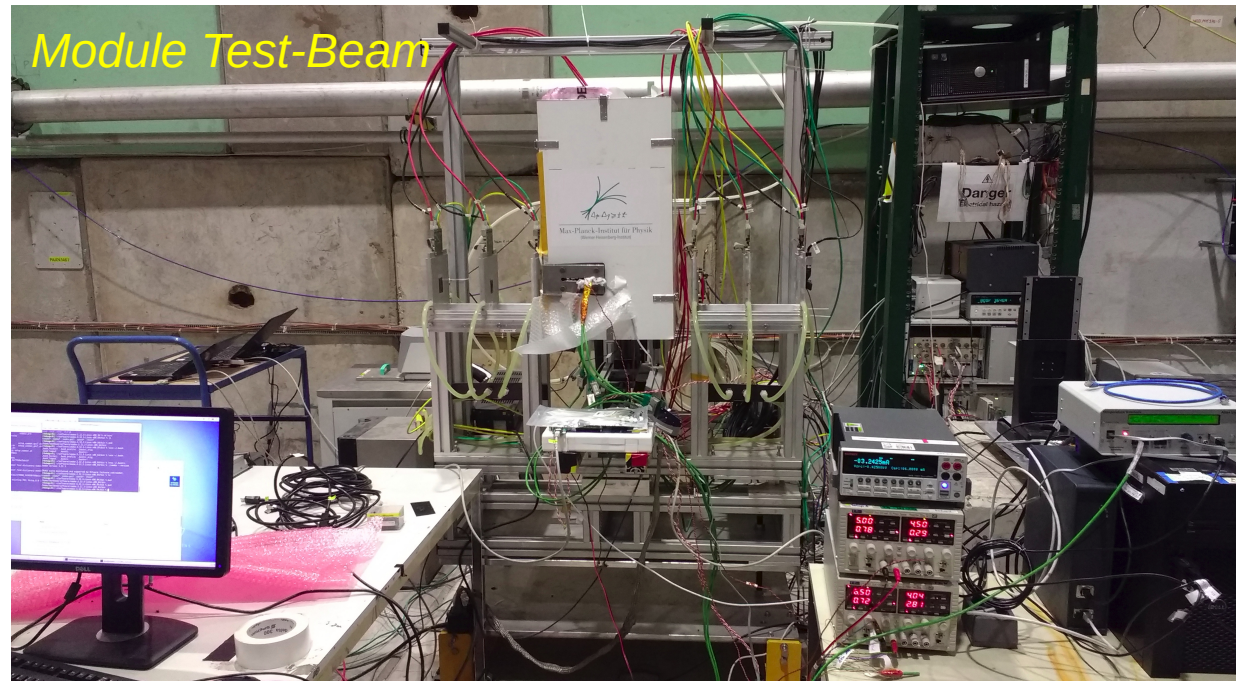
The Scandinavian Cluster will produce **576** endcap modules, in collaboration with an industrial partner

This corresponds to **~10%** of endcap modules

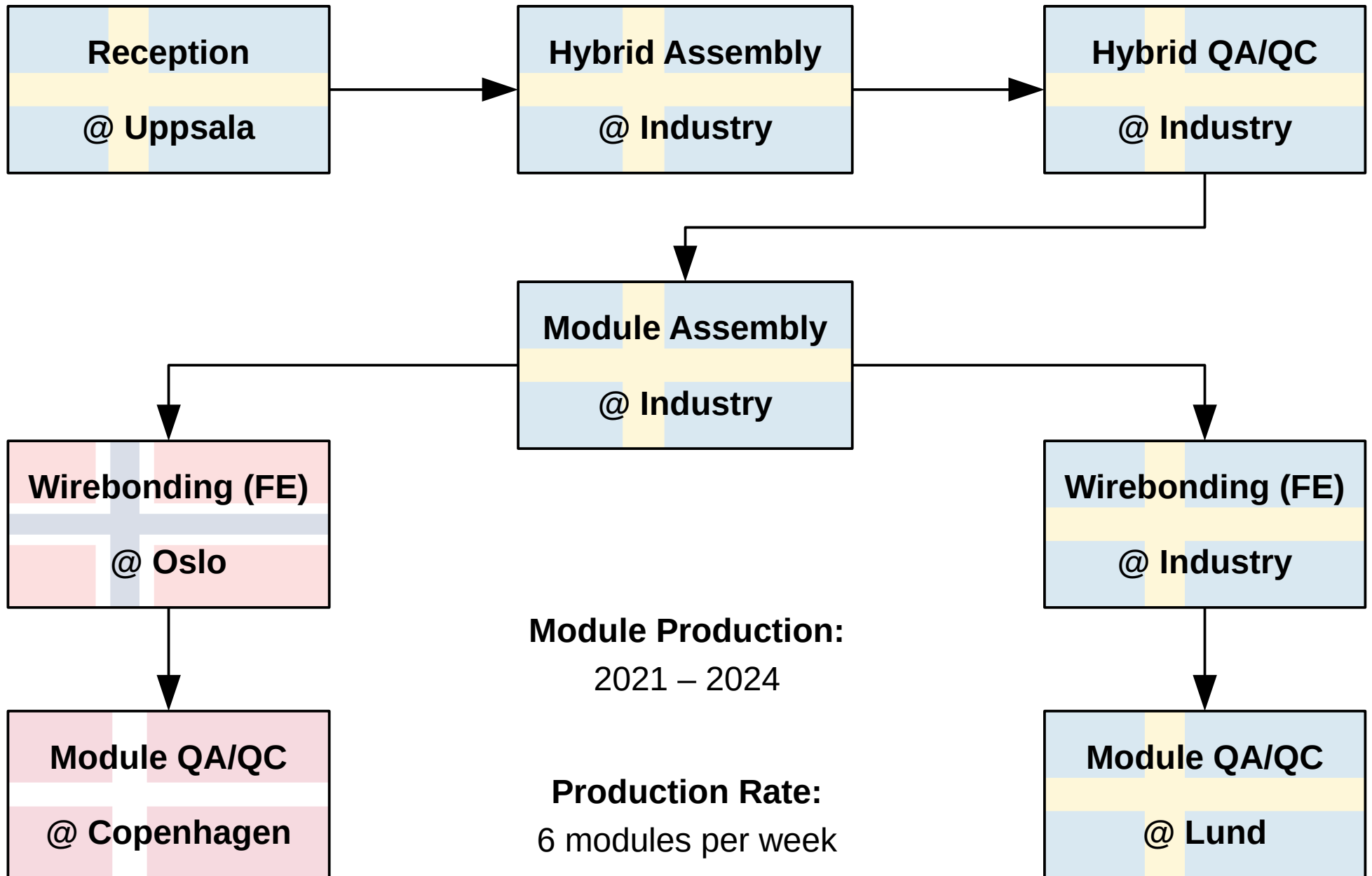
NOTETM
YOUR MANUFACTURING PARTNER



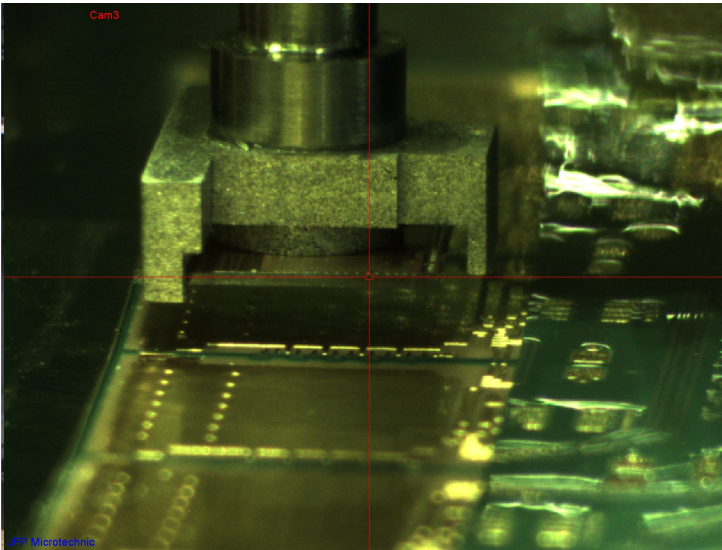
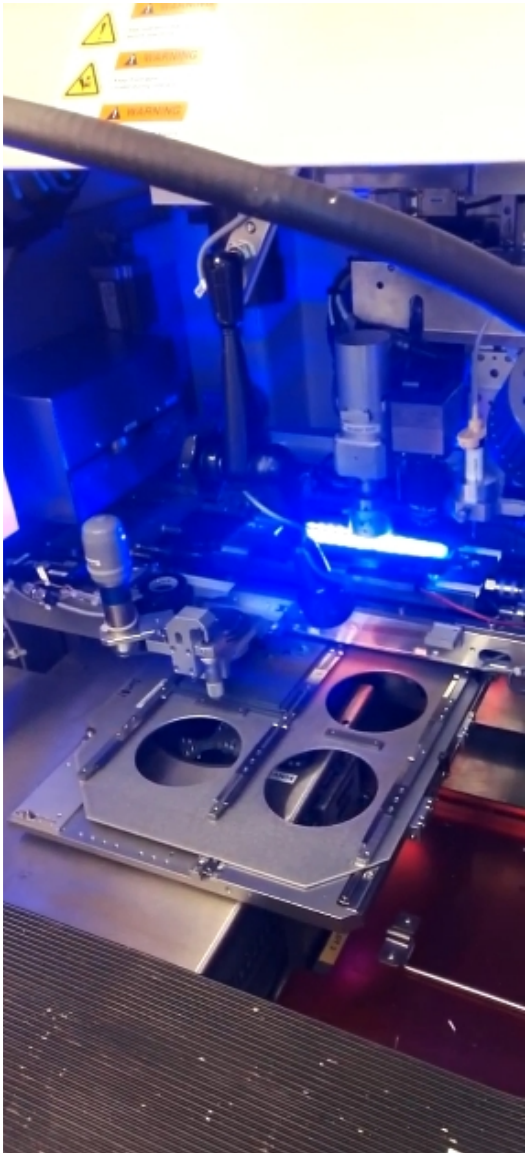
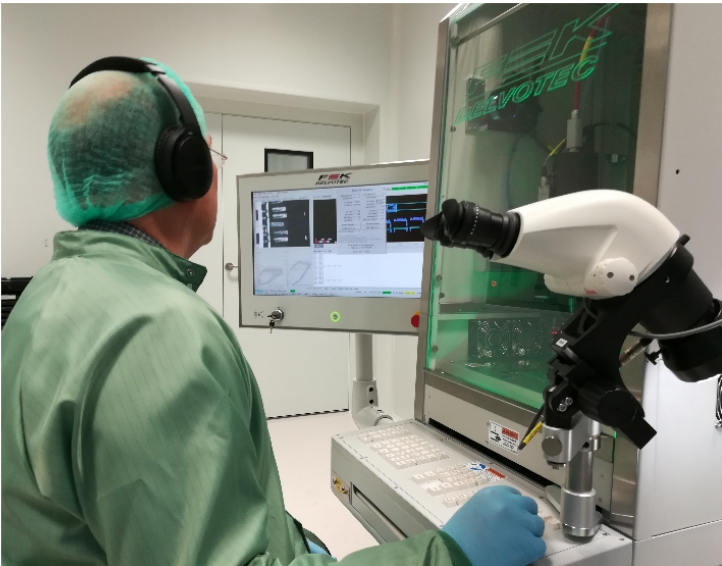
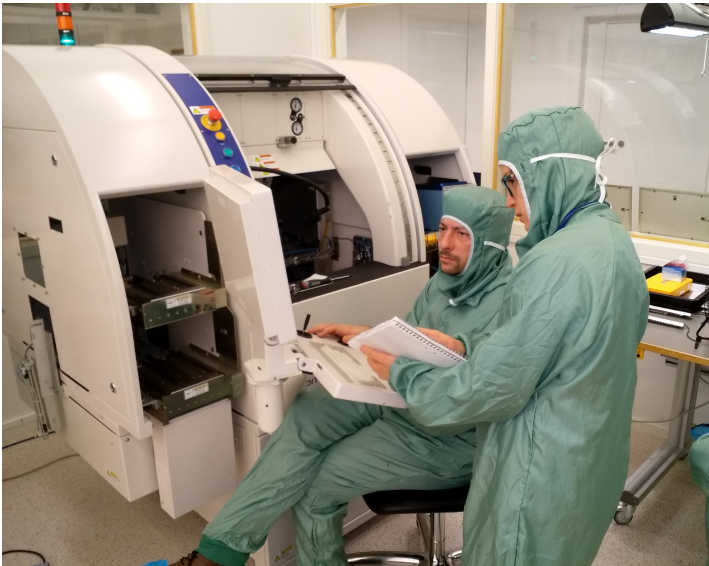
Other Scandinavian Contributions



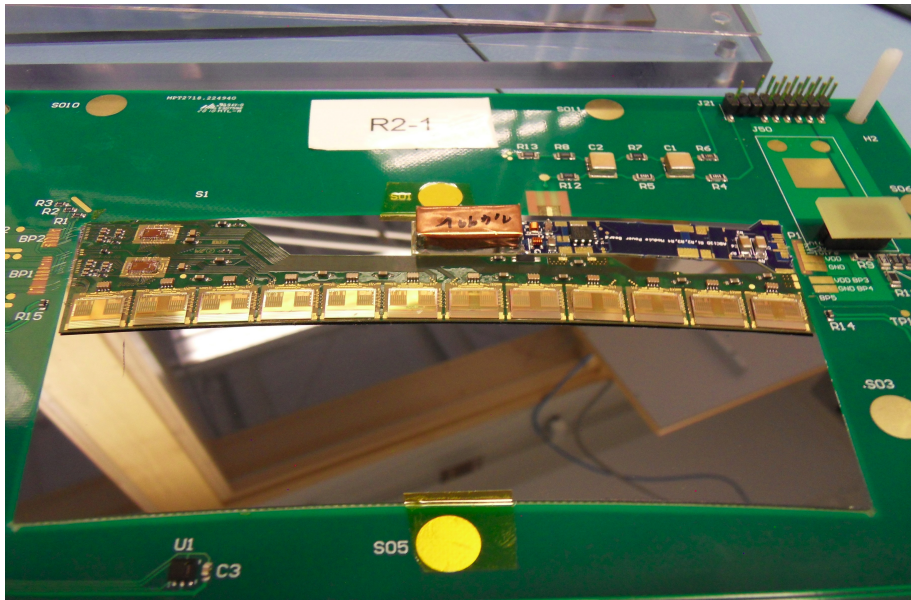
Module Production Plan



Preparations For Module Production

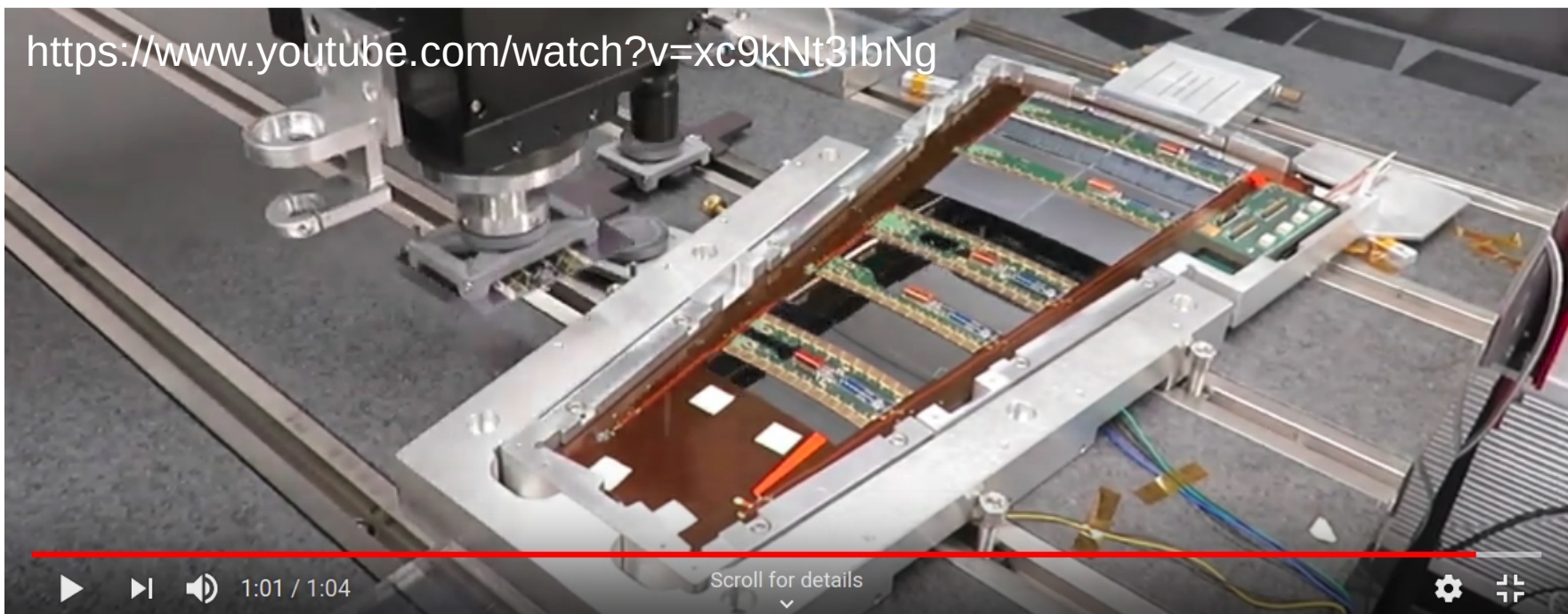


Semi-Electrical Modules

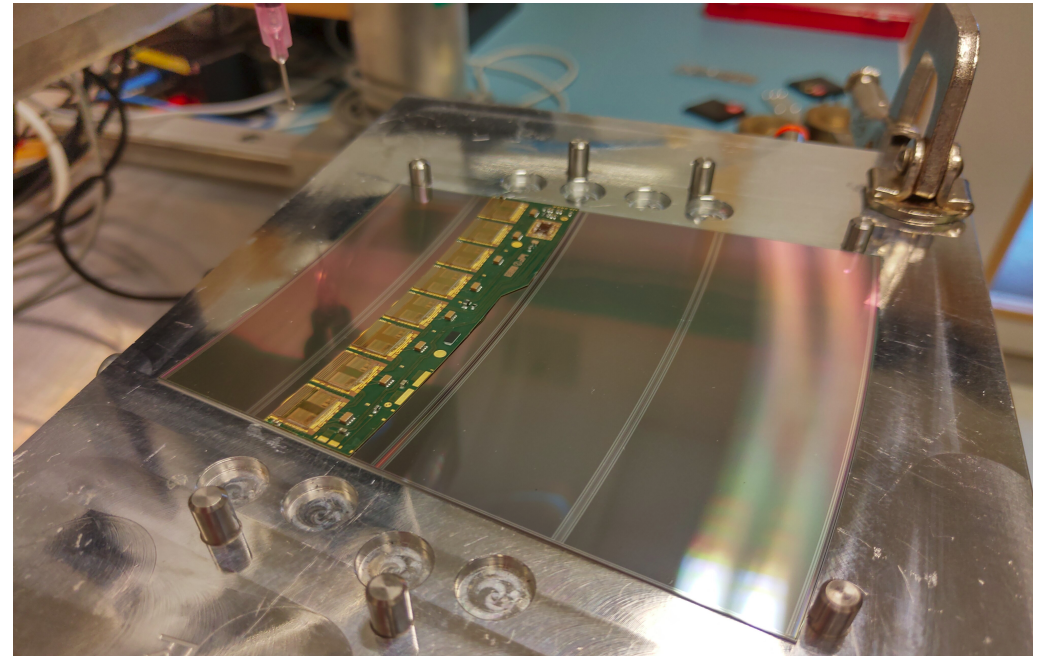
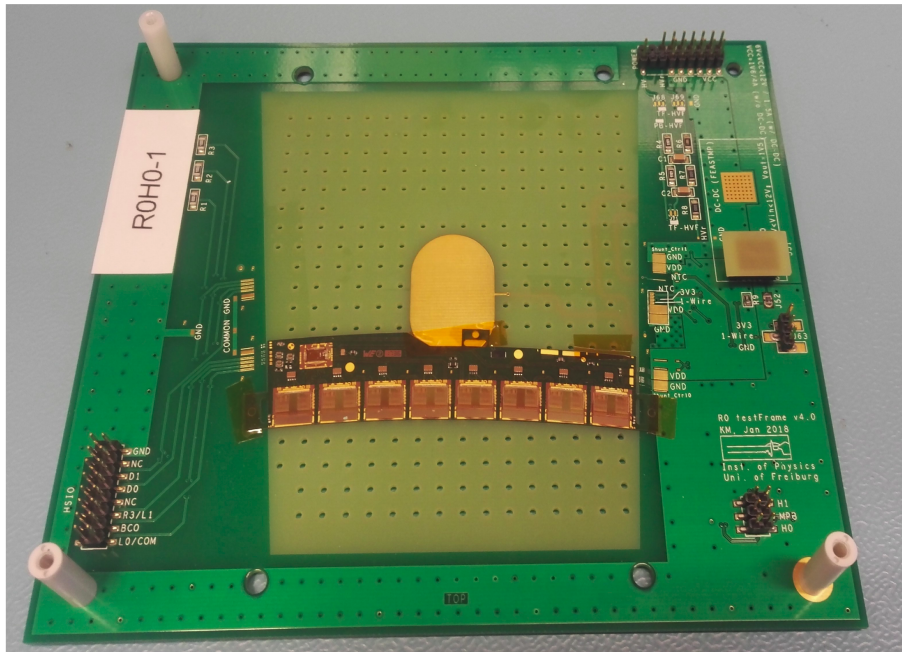


We have built x2 semi-electrical R2 modules for the purposes of performing:

- Petal assembly routines
- (Prototype) system tests

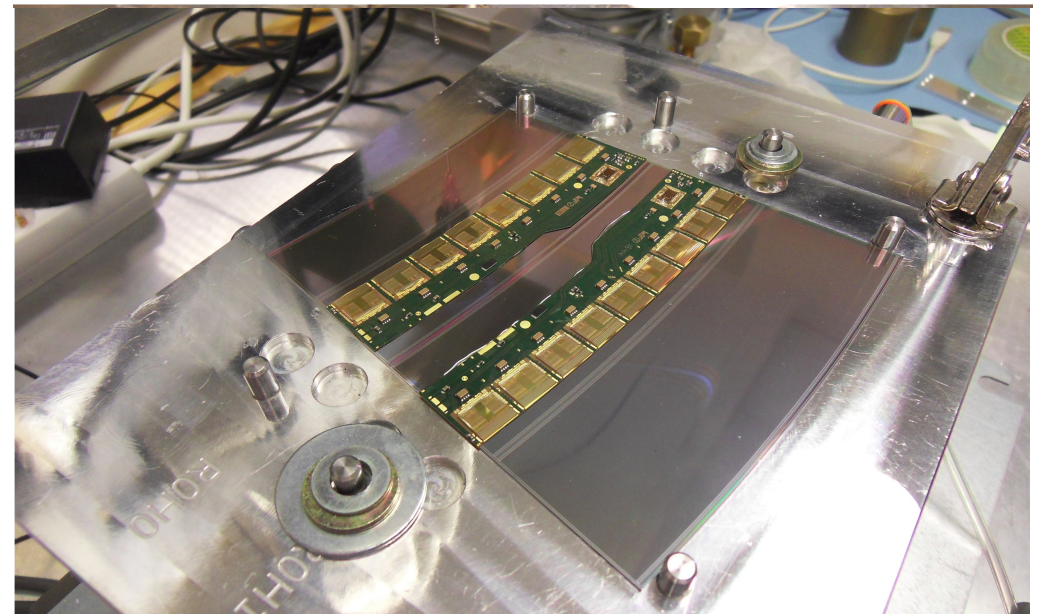


First Electrical Module



We have now almost completed our first operating (R0) module!

- Missing FE bonds & power-board
- Couple of (fixable) readout issues



Summary and Next Steps

ATLAS ITk project is moving out of R&D phase and into **production** phase

Our priority is now to finish the first (R0) module & then build a few more with the remaining prototype parts that we have

Aim is to develop production procedures & exercise our QA / QC routines

(Scandinavian) Module Production Milestones

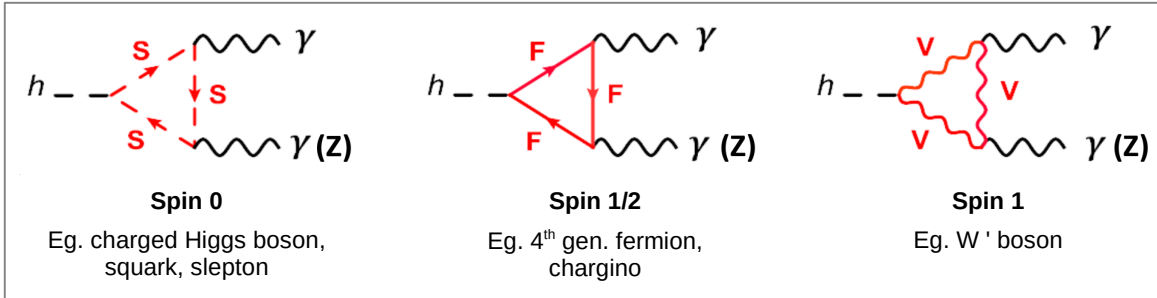
- Site Qualification: Mid/End of Year
- Module Pre-Production: Mid/End of Year
- Module Production: Early Next Year

Backup Slides

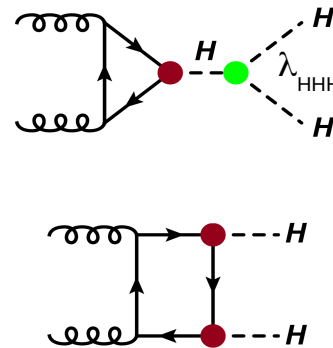
Physics @ HL-LHC

• **WH / ZH / ttH and $H \rightarrow \mu\mu$:** Statistically limited \rightarrow large gains in $\Delta\mu/\mu$ at HL-LHC. Allow access to the top and muon-Yukawa couplings.

• **$H \rightarrow Z\gamma$ / $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$:** Improved precision can probe new physics via loop diagrams.



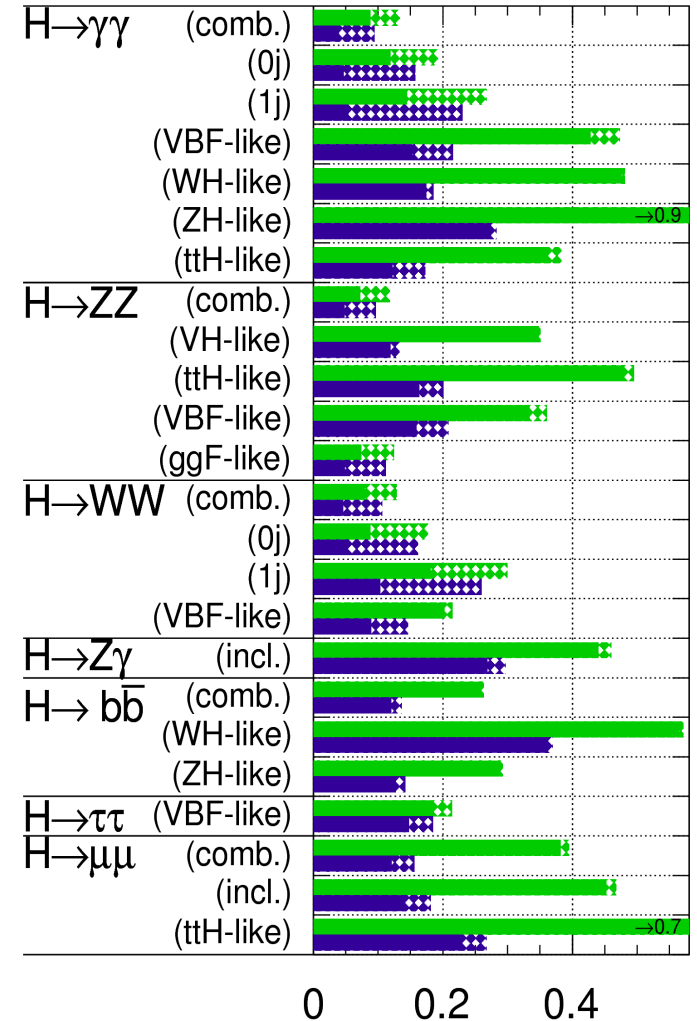
• **Higgs Self-Coupling:** Measurement is important to confirm the Higgs mechanism. Triple Higgs coupling (λ_{HHH}) could be observable via HH pair production.



Decay Channel	Branching Ratio	Total Yield (3000 fb ⁻¹)
$b\bar{b} + b\bar{b}$	33%	40,000
$b\bar{b} + W^+W^-$	25%	31,000
$b\bar{b} + \tau^+\tau^-$	7.3%	8,900
$ZZ + b\bar{b}$	3.1%	3,800
$W^+W^- + \tau^+\tau^-$	2.7%	3,300
$ZZ + W^+W^-$	1.1%	1,300
$\gamma\gamma + b\bar{b}$	0.26%	320
$\gamma\gamma + \gamma\gamma$	0.0010%	1.2

ATLAS Simulation Preliminary

$\sqrt{s} = 14$ TeV: $\int L dt = 300 \text{ fb}^{-1}$; $\int L dt = 3000 \text{ fb}^{-1}$



Expected ITk Performance

