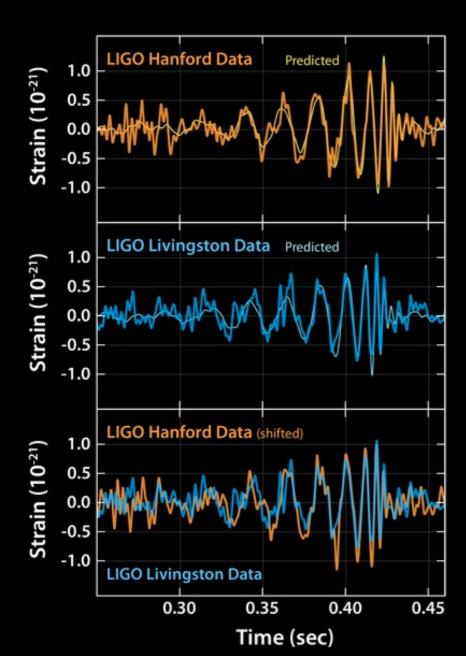
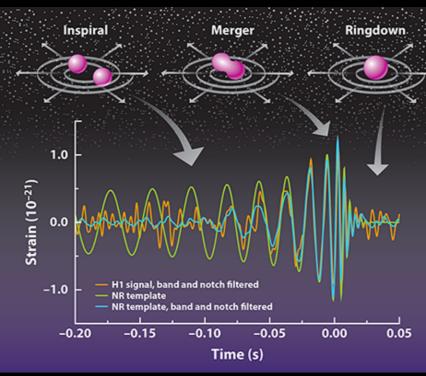
GRAVITATIONAL WAVE ASTROPHYSICS

Real Signal:

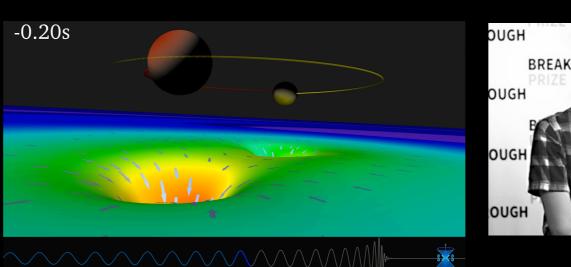
Theory and Simulation:





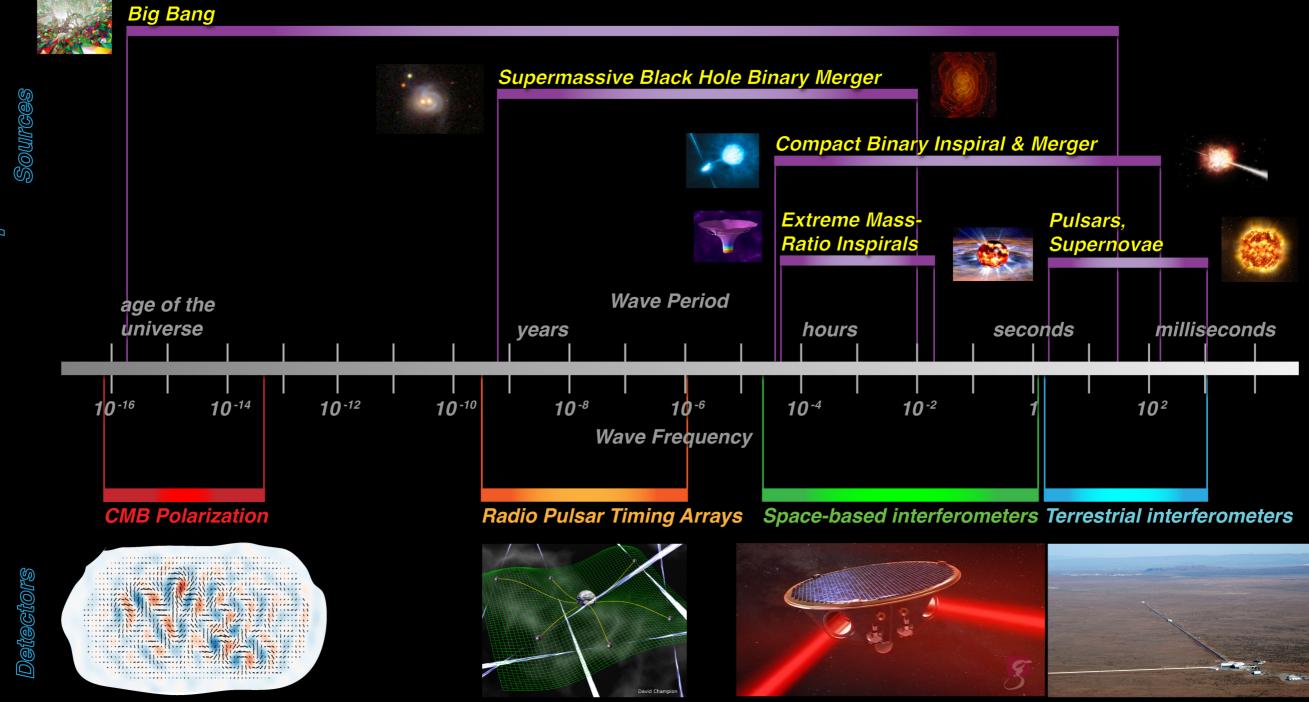


Nobel Prize: 2017





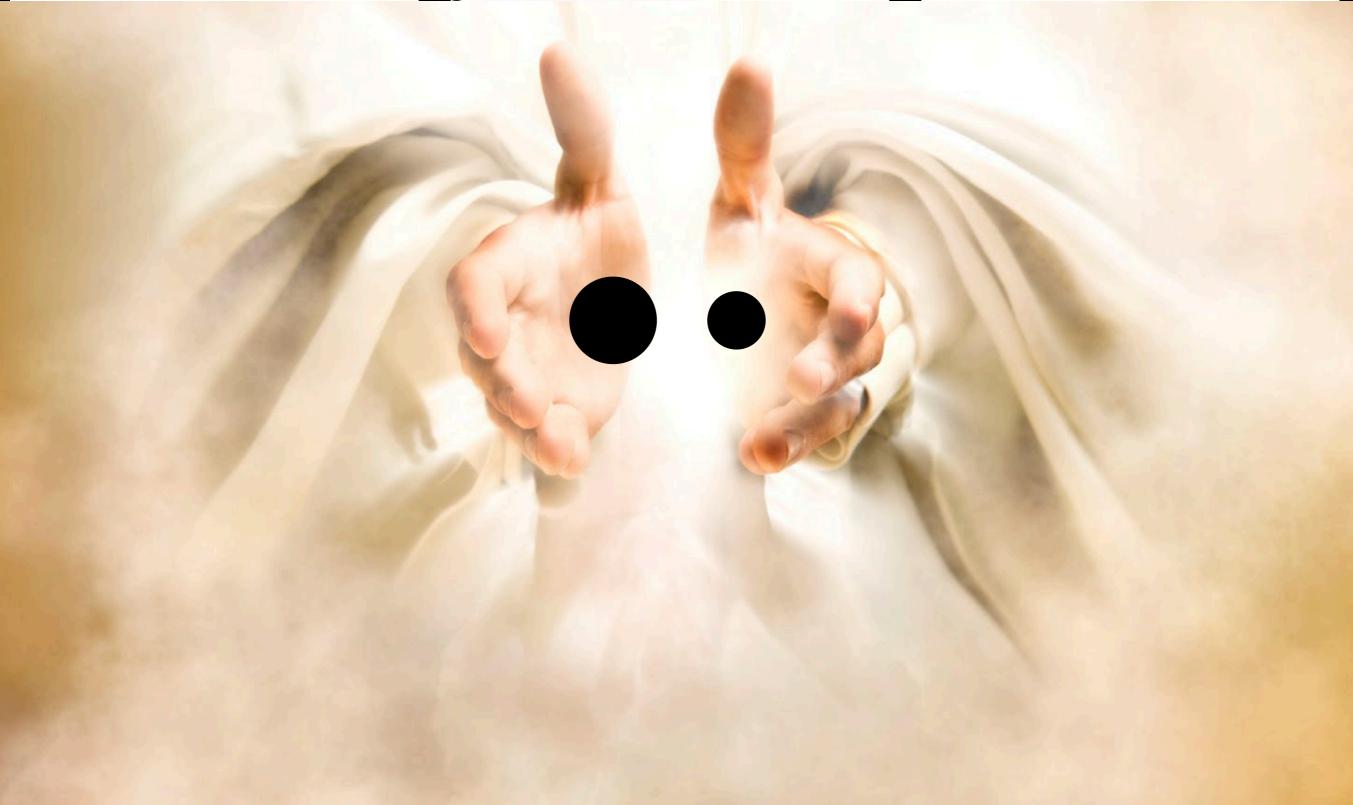
THE GRAVITATIONAL WAVE SPECTRUM



The Gravitational Wave Spectrum

STELLAR MASS BINARIES: HOW DID THEY FORM?

'Field'? 'Dynamically'? 'Other'?



MANY-BODY GRAVITATIONAL DYNAMICS



SUPERMASSIVE BLACK HOLE BINARIES - DO THEY MERGE?

*Gas Dynamics (Broad Lines) *Stellar Dynamics *AGN power source *Pictures from the EHT

SUPERMASSIVE BLACK HOLE BINARIES - DO THEY MERGE?

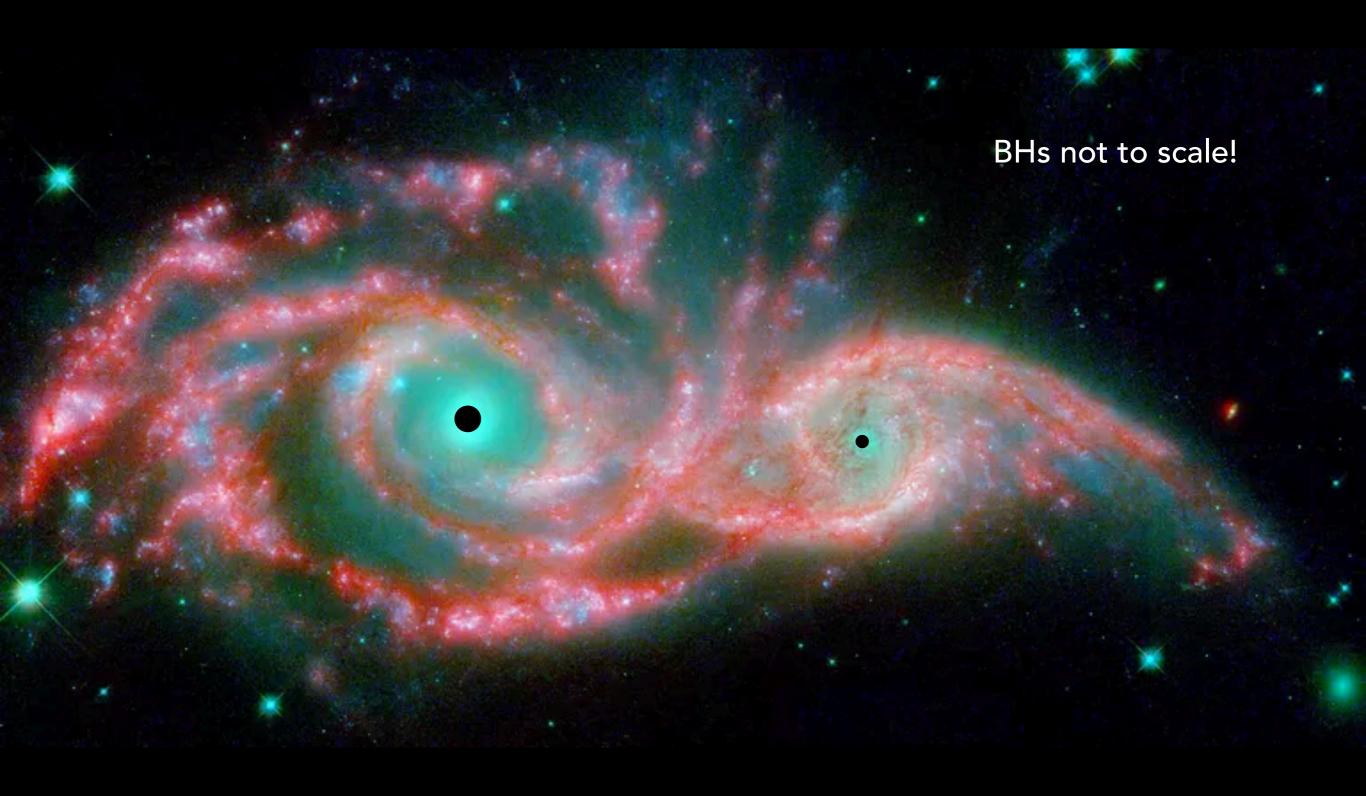
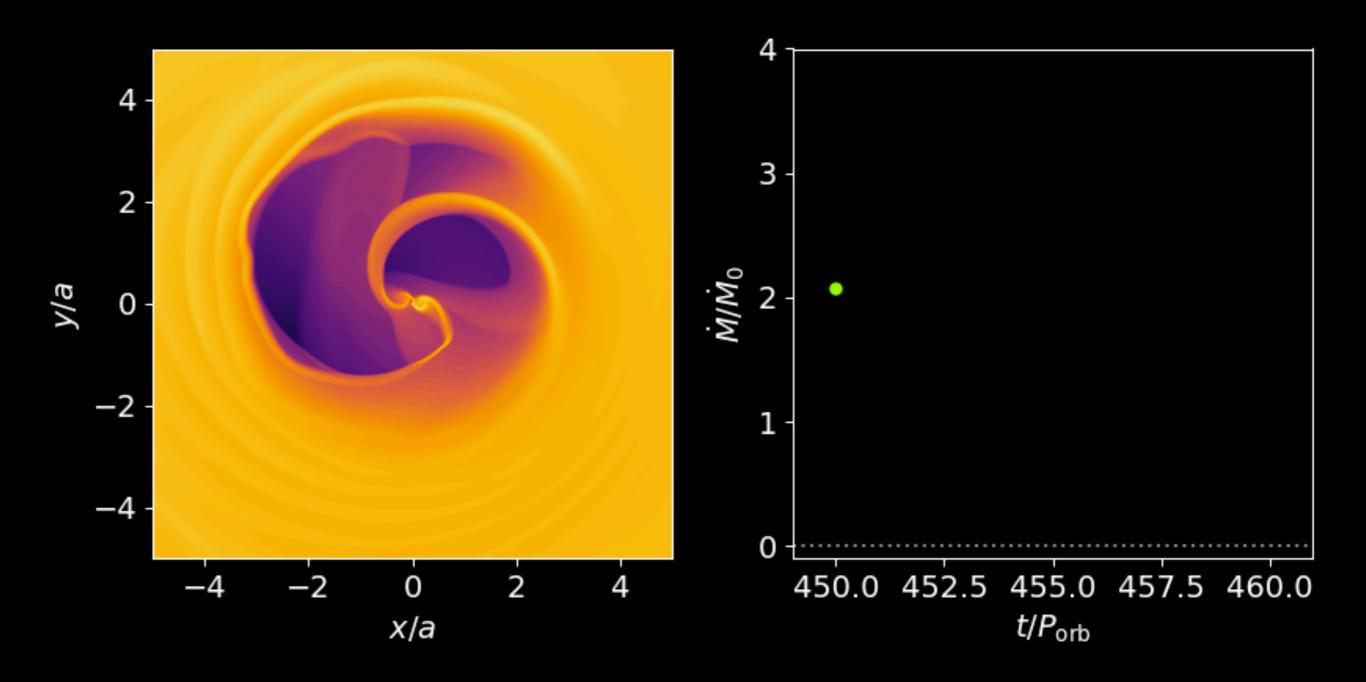


Photo Credit: NASA, Spitzer

HYDRODYNAMICAL SIMULATIONS



People

Martin Pessah, Johan Samsing, Daniel D'Orazio <u>mpessah@nbi.ku.dk</u>, jsamsing@nbi.ku.dk, <u>daniel.dorazio@nbi.ku.dk</u>

Research Topics

* Theory at interface with observations: pencil-paper and numerics

- * Gravitational Waves and Black Hole Astrophysics
- * Many-body (relativistic) gravitational dynamics
- * Gas Accretion, Gravitational Lensing

Open Questions

* How do black hole binaries (across the mass scale) form and merge?
* How do we find evidence for supermassive black hole binaries?
* Where/How do the stellar mass black hole binaries form/merge?
* What Electromagnetic and Gravitational Wave observables can we predict and use to find the answers?