Substructure and Patchiness in Radio Relics

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Galaxy cluster mergers







Radio relics!

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X-ray Radio

[X-ray: NASA/CXC/RIKEN/L. Gu et al; Radio: NCRA/TIFR/GMRT; Optical: SDSS]



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145 MHz Hoang et. al 2017



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145 MHz

Why do some radio relics seem patchier at high frequencies?



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325 MHz

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A shock front is characterised by a distribution of Mach numbers









Domínguez-Fernández et al. 2021]



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A shock front is characterised by a distribution of Mach numbers

Pre-shock ICM is then indeed turbulent











[Domínguez-Fernández et al. 2020,2021]

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Our work



Model A: Fresh injection

Electrons from the thermal pool

Model B: Re-acceleration

Pre-existing mildly relativistic electrons



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Fresh-injection



[Domínguez-Fernández, Ryu & Kang to be submitted.]

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Re-acceleration



Fresh-injection



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Re-acceleration



ach number distribution



 $f_2^{inj}(p) \propto \eta(\mathcal{M})\mathcal{M}^3 p^{-q}$

Depending on \mathcal{M}

Re-acceleration model:

1.5 2.0

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$$f_{2}^{\text{reac}}(p) = \frac{q}{|q-s|} f_{\text{pre}} \left(\frac{p}{p_{\text{inj}}}\right)^{-r}$$

Depending on \mathcal{M}







DSA theory [Blandford & Ostriker 1978; Drury 1983]

 $\mathcal{M} = \sqrt{\frac{2\alpha + 3}{2\alpha - 1}}$

 $S(\nu) \propto \nu^{-\alpha}$





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1.5 GHz



~200 kpc

Relative surface brightness variations:

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 $\delta_{S_{\nu}} = S_{\nu} / \bar{S}_{\nu} - 1$

1.5 GHz



~35 kpc

kpc

200



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[Domínguez-Fernández, Ryu & Kang to be submitted.]



1.5 GHz

kpc

200



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[Domínguez-Fernández, Ryu & Kang to be submitted.]



10¹

1.5 GHz **Relative surface brightness variations: Fresh-injection** Fresh injection, $M_{cr} = 1$ $\mathcal{M}_{cr} = 2.3$ - $\mathcal{M}_i = 2$ 10^{1} - $\mathcal{M}_i = 2.5$ - $\mathcal{M}_i = 3$ kpc 200 $\sigma_{\delta S_{\nu}/S_{\nu}}$ 10⁰ · 10^{0} 10^{1} 10^{0} 10^{1} Frequency [GHz]

Frequency [GHz]

~35 kpc

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Factor

10¹

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Smoothing: 20" x 20" ~66 kpc



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Summary

Why do some radio relics seem smooth at low frequencies and patchier at high frequencies?

The fresh injection model reproduces patchier structures at high frequencies, but 1.



not entirely in line with observations





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Re-acceleration also reproduces patchier structures at high frequencies, but 2.



- also not entirely in line with observations but a bit closer! *



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The fresh injection model reproduces patchier structures at high frequencies, but



Re-acceleration also reproduces patchier structures at high frequencies, but 2.

The degree of patchiness is smaller than in the injection model The substructure at high and low frequencies П. differs less than in the injection model

Thank you!

- also not entirely in line with observations but a bit closer! *



