

## Exercise2 - Theory

- Exercise: Let's assume the same  $\sigma_8(z=0)$  for 3 different models with 1)  $\Omega_m = 1.0$ , 2)  $\Omega_m = 0.3, \Omega_\Lambda = 0$  and 3)  $\Omega_m = 0.3$  and  $\Omega_\Lambda = 0.7$ . Which model will have more massive clusters at  $z=2$ , why? Let's now assume the same  $\sigma_8(z=20)$  for all the models. Which one will have more massive clusters at  $z=2$ ? and at  $z=0$ ?

## Exercise - Simulations

- Create one of the following cosmological initial conditions.
  - $128^3$  particles with  $\Omega_m = 1.0$
  - $128^3$  particles with  $\Omega_m = 0.3, \Omega_\Lambda = 0.7$
  - $128^3$  particles with  $\Omega_m = 0.7, \Omega_\Lambda = 0.3$
- All simulations have  $\sigma_8 = 0.9, n = 1, h = 0.72, L_{box} = 90Mpc/h, \Omega_b = 0.044$ .
- Don't forget to run LINGERS as first step with the right cosmological model.
- Create the IC file both with and without gas.

Steps to take to creat ICs:

- Download the grafic package
- Install grafic (we do not need to install ic2gif, don't worry if you cannot compile it).
- Pick up one of the models and create the correct lingers.dat file (the transfer function). To do that you need to run LINGER.
  - remove the file lingerg.dat if present.
  - For Tcmb, Y-He, N-nu(massive), use 2.726 0.24 0.
  - For kmin (1/Mpc), kmax (1/Mpc), nk, zend use 1.e-4 50 100 0
  - Choose: isentropic (adiabatic) fluctuations

To know how to run GRAFIC, read the README file in the grafic directory (or come to me).

- Use VEL2GADGET to convert the IC in GADGET.
  - compile vel2gadget
  - run it, answer to the simple questions it asks (hint: final ref. factor =1)
- Use GAD2TIPSY to convert the gadget-IC into a tipsy file
- Visualize the IC using TIPSY

## 1 How to use tipsy

- openb filename
- loads 1
- xall

if everything is correct you should see you particles plotted on the screen.

Gray = dark matter

Red = gas particles