#### Intertwining numerical relativity and perturbation theory









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# 1. Gravitational waveform models Different techniques and their regime of validity



Surrogate model for gravitational wave signals from non-spinning, comparable- to large-mass-ratio black hole binaries built on black hole perturbation theory waveforms calibrated to numerical relativity arXiv:2204.01972

Tousif Islam,<sup>1,2,3,4,\*</sup> Scott E. Field,<sup>2,3</sup> Scott A. Hughes,<sup>5</sup> Gaurav Khanna,<sup>6,1,3</sup> Vijay Varma,<sup>7,†</sup> Matthew Giesler,<sup>8</sup> Mark A. Scheel,<sup>9</sup> Lawrence E. Kidder,<sup>8</sup> and Harald P. Pfeiffer<sup>7</sup>

#### Remnant black hole properties from numerical-relativity-informed perturbation theory and implications for waveform modelling

arXiv:2301.07215

Tousif Islam,<sup>1,2,3,\*</sup> Scott E. Field,<sup>2,3</sup> and Gaurav Khanna<sup>4,1,3</sup>

Understanding interconnections

Interplay between numerical relativity and perturbation theory : finite size effects

Tousif Islam<sup>1,2,3,\*</sup> and Gaurav Khanna<sup>4,1,3</sup> arXiv:2306.08767

Interplay between numerical-relativity and black hole perturbation theory in the intermediate-mass-ratio regime

arXiv:2306.08771

Tousif Islam<sup>1, 2, 3, \*</sup>

On the approximate relation between black-hole perturbation theory and numerical relativity

In Preparation

Tousif Islam,<sup>1,2,3,\*</sup> Gaurav Khanna,<sup>4,1,3</sup>

Intertwining numerical relativity, perturbation theory and gravitational self-force

Tousif Islam,<sup>1, 2, 3, \*</sup> Scott E. Field,<sup>2, 3</sup> Gaurav Khanna,<sup>4, 1, 3</sup> Adam Pound,<sup>5</sup> Niels Warburton,<sup>6</sup> and Barry Wardell<sup>6</sup>

In Preparation

# 2a. BHPTNRSurrogate(s) Building the model



Islam, Field, Hughes, Khanna, Varma, Geisler, Scheel, Kidder & Pfeiffer | arXiv:2204.01972

## **2b. BHPTNRSurrogate(s)** αβ-Scaling between ppBHPT and NR



Islam, Field, Hughes, Khanna, Varma, Geisler, Scheel, Kidder & Pfeiffer | arXiv:2204.01972

## **3a. BHPTNRSurrogate(s)** Model validation : almost equal mass binary?



We have been able to obtain reasonable scaling until q=1.2

Islam, Field, Hughes, Khanna, Varma, Geisler, Scheel, Kidder & Pfeiffer | arXiv:2204.01972

## **3b. BHPTNRSurrogate(s)** Model validation : Intermediate mass ratio regime



Islam, Field, Hughes, Khanna, Varma, Geisler, Scheel, Kidder & Pfeiffer | arXiv:2204.01972

## **3c. BHPTNRSurrogate(s)** Model validation : Intermediate mass ratio regime



Islam | arXiv:2306.08771

## **3d. BHPTNRSurrogate vs GSF** Waveform comparison



#### Intermediate mass ratio



Islam, Field, Khanna, Pound, Warburton & Wardell 2023 | In Preparation

### **3e. BHPTNR\_Remnant** Incorporating remnant information into waveform modelling



git clone https://github.com/tousifislam/BHPTNR\_Remnant

# 4a. NR vs Perturbation theory α-β scaling & finite size effect

Finite size BHPT : Barausse, Berti, Cardoso, Hughes & Khanna, arXiv:2106.09721

#### Scaling between ppBHPT and NR

 $h_{\mathrm{NR}}^{\ell,m}(t;q) \sim \alpha_{\ell} h_{\mathrm{ppBHPT}}^{\ell,m}\left(t\beta;q\right)$ 

Breaking down the calibration parameters into pieces

$$\alpha_{\ell=2} = \frac{1}{1+1/q} \times \alpha_{\ell,\text{size}}$$

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## 4b. NR vs Perturbation theory α-β scaling : regime of validity



Constant  $\mathbf{a}$ - $\boldsymbol{\beta}$  scaling introduces frequency dependent corrections

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# 4c. NR vs Perturbation theory α-β scaling : regime of validity



Constant  $\mathbf{a}$ - $\boldsymbol{\beta}$  scaling is valid upto very close to the merger;

The differences at the merger-ringdown part is because of a different mass/spin value

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**a** scaling : non-trivial scaling between linear perturbation and NR

BHPTNRSurrogate(s) : a single model to provide accurate waveform from comparable to extreme mass ratio binary black hole mergers

**BHPTNR\_Remnants** : a single model to provide accurate estimate of the final black hole properties for comparable to extreme mass ratio binary mergers

We provide some theoretical foundation of the interconnections between NR, perturbation theory and second order self-force





