

# Measurement of the W-Boson Mass with the ATLAS Detector at the LHC

Bjørn Peter Sørensen

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Supervisor: Troels Petersen

## Overview

- Finding the  $W$ -mass at the muon channel
- We don't know the  $Z$ -component of  $\nu_\mu$
- $m_T = \sqrt{2p_T \cancel{E}_T (1 - \cos(\phi_{MET} - \phi_\mu))}$ . The shape depends on  $m$
- Do MC templates for different  $M_W$
- Compare  $m_T$  for different  $W$ -mass in MC with data.  $\chi^2$ -fit
- $p_T$  is better because of high uncertainty on  $\cancel{E}_T$ -scale
- Look at  $Z$ -events for comparison and calibration

# Transverse Mass of W

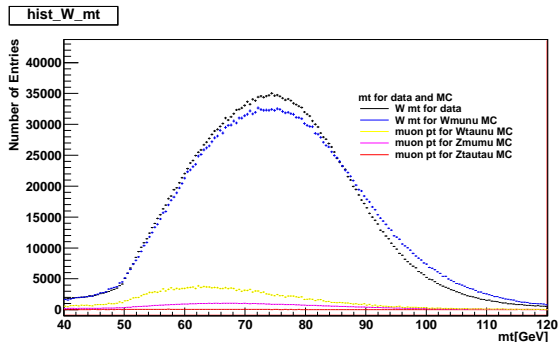


Figure: Transverse Mass of W

- MC is not consistent with data because of the  $E_T^{Miss}$
- $p_T$ -distribution of the muon is better

# Template Fit

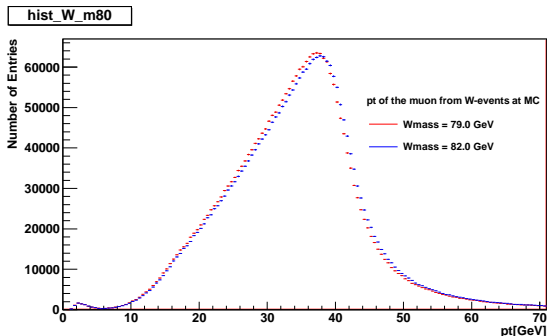


Figure: Muon  $p_T$  distribution for different templates

- Generate MC-events with different  $W$ -mass
- Compare data with each MC-sample
- Make a  $\chi^2$ -test to find the  $W$ -mass

## Muon Selection

- Combined (detected as a muon in inner detector and muon detector)
- minimum 1 hit in the Pixel detector and 6 hits in the SCT detector
- At least 1 hit in the TRT
- pseudorapidity  $|\eta| < 2.4$
- Isolation criteria -  $p_T$  of a cone of size 0.2 divided by muon  $p_T < 0.1$

# W and Z Events in the muon channel

## $W \rightarrow \mu\nu$

- $p_T > 25\text{GeV}$
- $\cancel{E}_T > 25\text{GeV}$
- $m_T > 40\text{GeV}$

## $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$

- Each muon should have  $p_T > 25\text{GeV}$
- Two combined muons with opposite charge
- $66 < M_{\mu\mu} < 116$

# Transverse Momentum

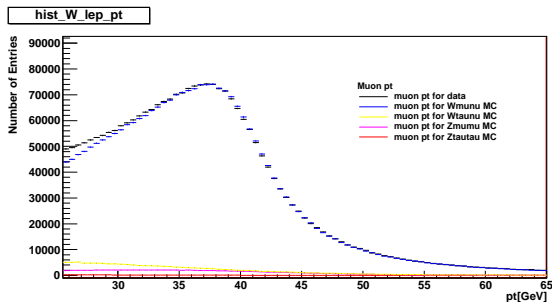


Figure: Transverse Momentum of muons for  $W \rightarrow \mu\nu$  in GeV. MC histograms is added

- Scaling  $p_T$  instead of changing  $m_W$
- Smearing
- More background (QCD)
- Data peaks at low  $p_T$  because of QCD

# $\chi^2$ -test for $p_T^{Scaling}$ for muons in $W \rightarrow \mu\nu$ - channel

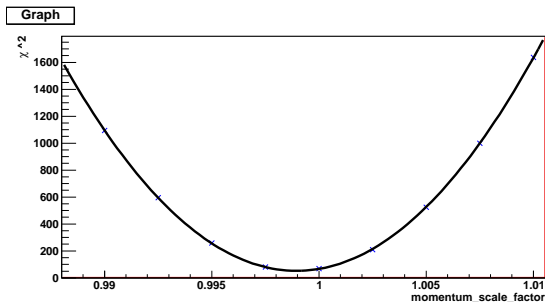


Figure:  $\chi^2$ -test for  $p_T^{Scaling}$  for muons in  $W \rightarrow \mu\nu$

- High  $\chi^2$  because of smearing
- Fit with a parabola
- Minimum for  $TS_W = 0.9990$
- Uncertainty of 0.0003
- $M_W^{DATA} = M_W^{TRUTH} \cdot TS_W$



# $M_{inv}$ for $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$

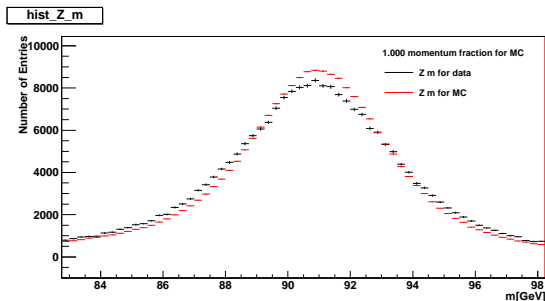
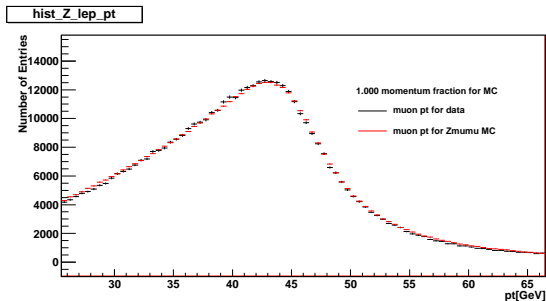


Figure:  $M_{inv}$  for  $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$  in GeV

- Energy/momentum scale and resolution
- Z-events for calibration
- no background on MC

# Transverse Momentum



- Smearing
- Scaled the fit range to  $\frac{M_Z}{M_W}$ .

Figure: Transverse Momentum of muons for  $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$  in GeV

# $\chi^2$ -test for $p_T$ for muons in $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$ - channel

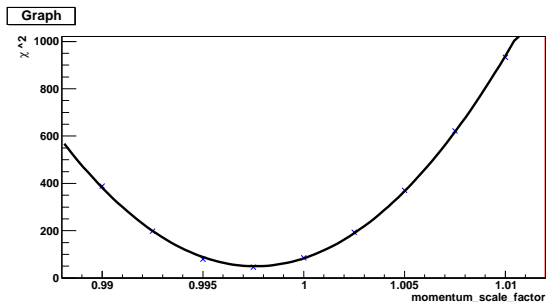


Figure:  $\chi^2$ -test for  $p_T^{Scaling}$  for muons in  $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$

- High  $\chi^2$  because of background and smearing
- Fit with a parabola
- Minimum for  $TS_Z = 0.9976$
- Uncertainty of 0.0004

## W-mass

- $M_W^{truth} = 80.399 \pm 0.023 \text{ GeV (pdg)}$
- $TS_Z = \frac{M_Z^{DATA}}{M_Z^{MC}} |_M = 0.9976 \pm 0.0004$
- $TS_W = \frac{M_W^{DATA}}{M_W^{MC}} |_{PT} = 0.9990 \pm 0.0003$
- $M_W^{DATA} = M_W^{TRUTH} \cdot \frac{TS_W}{TS_Z} = 80.510 \pm 0.032 \text{ GeV}$

# End

# Comparing variables. $m_T$ and $p_T$

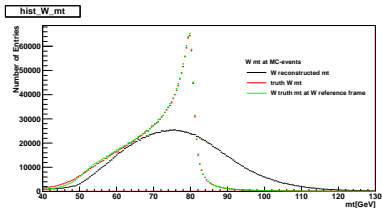


Figure:  $M_T$  in MC

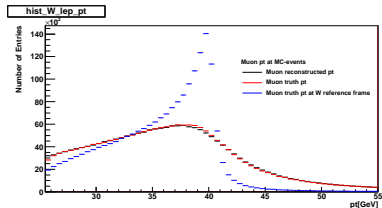


Figure: Muon  $p_T$  in  $W \rightarrow \mu\nu$ -events