



HOW MERGERS AFFECT DARK MATTER HALOS

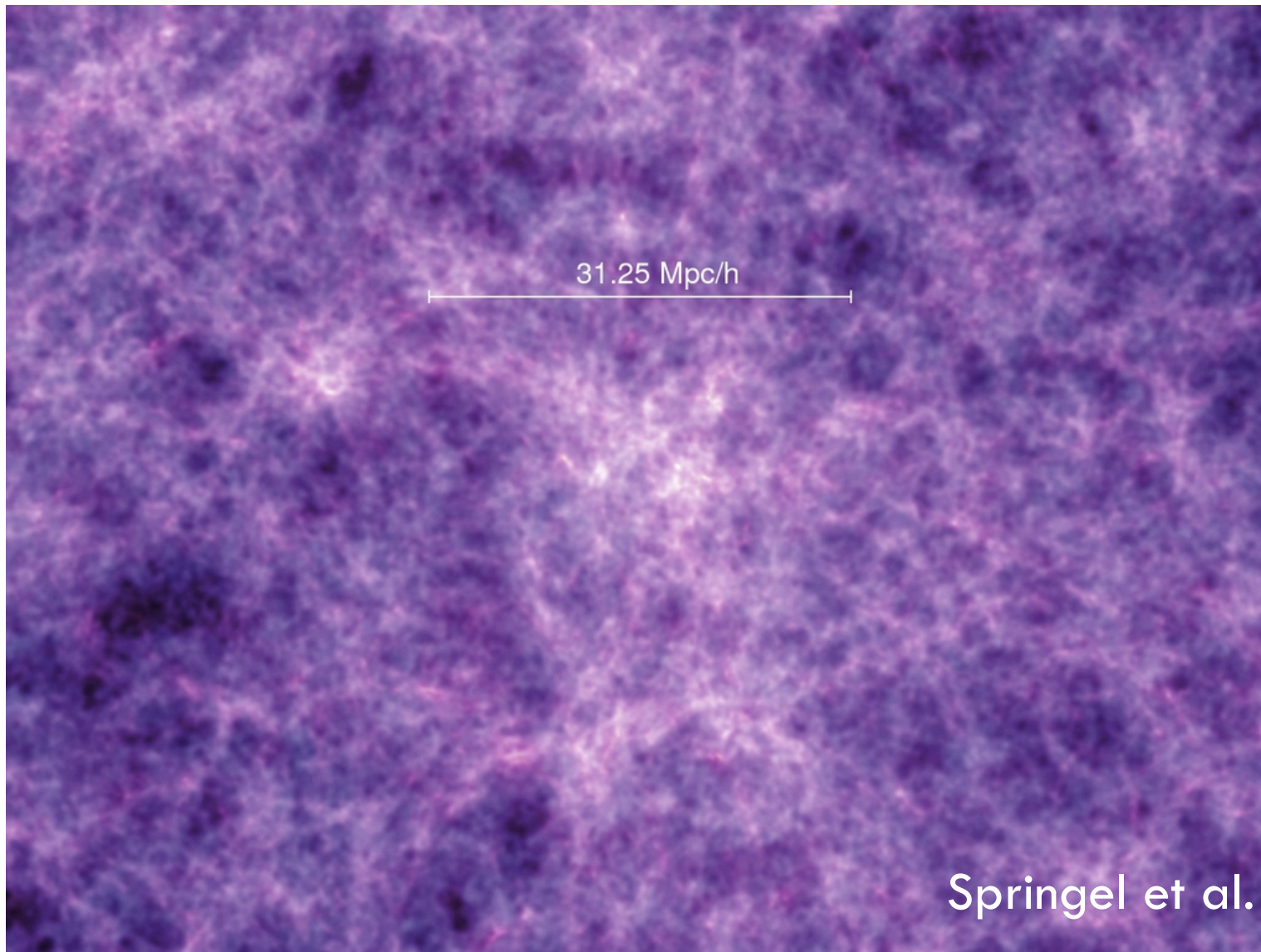
Martin Sparre, PhD Student, DARK, NBI

Outline



1. Structure formation
2. Merger simulations: Ejection of particles
3. Properties of merger remnants

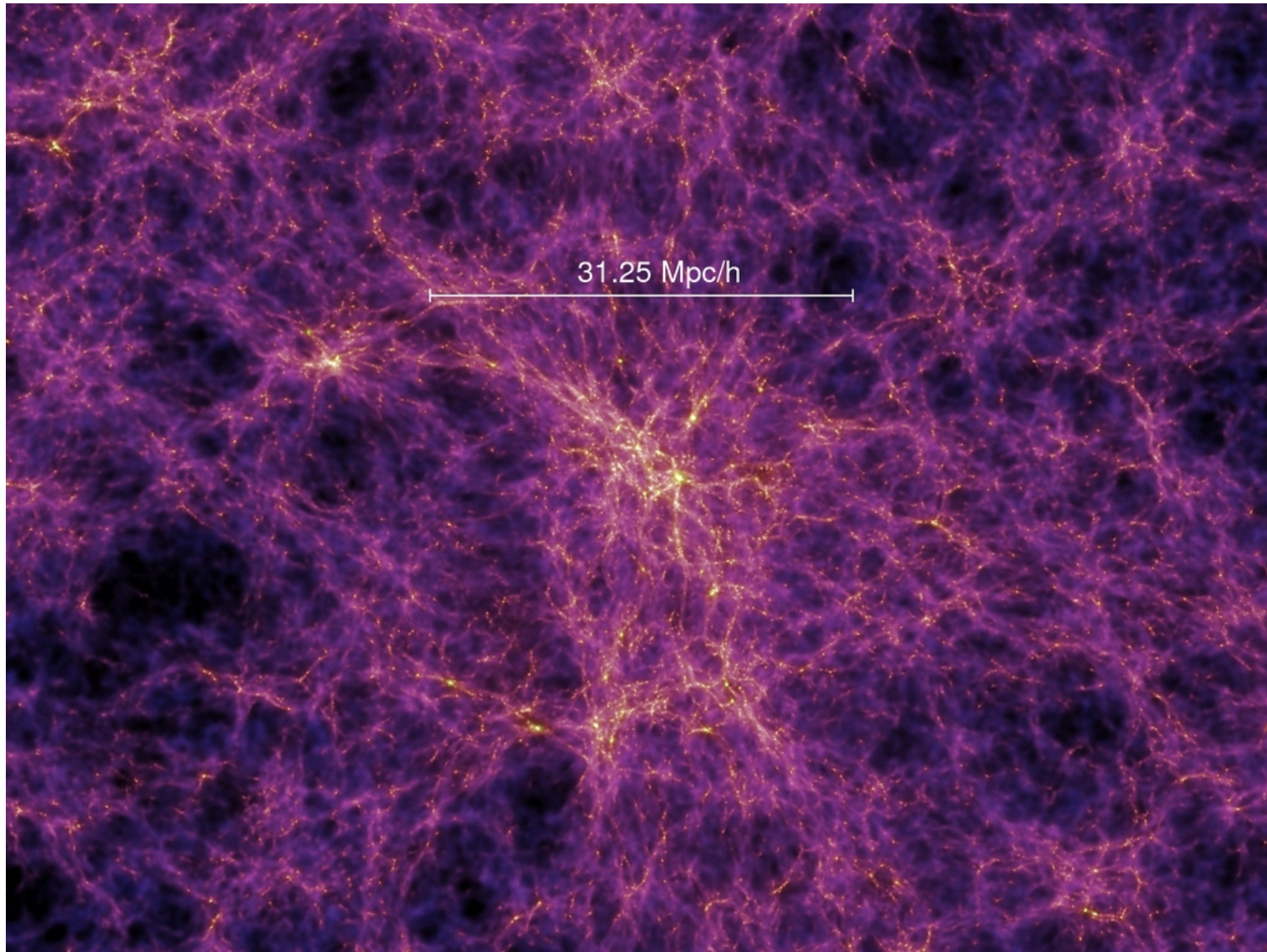
Formation of structures



Redshift
18.3

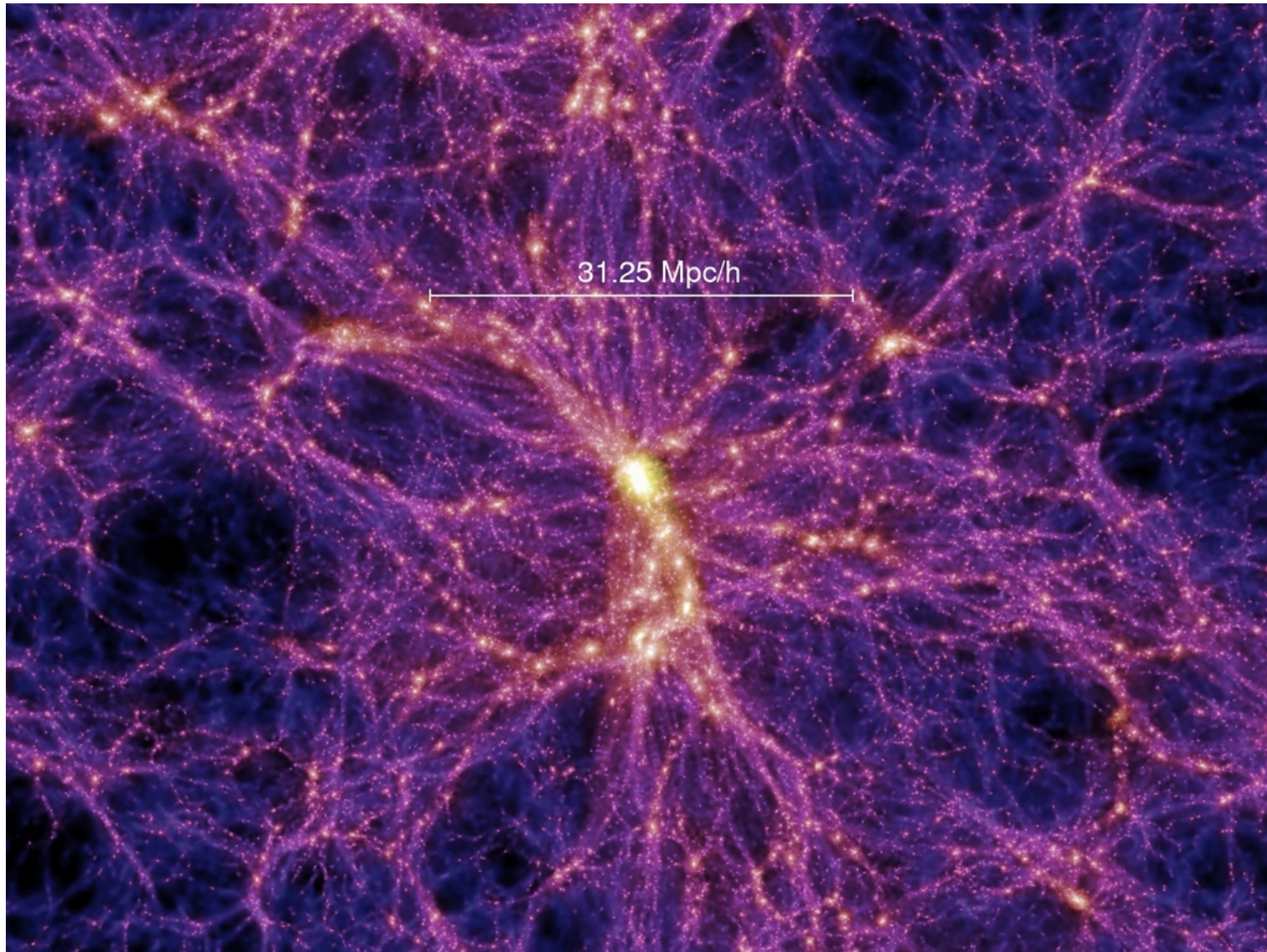
Springel et al.

Formation of structures



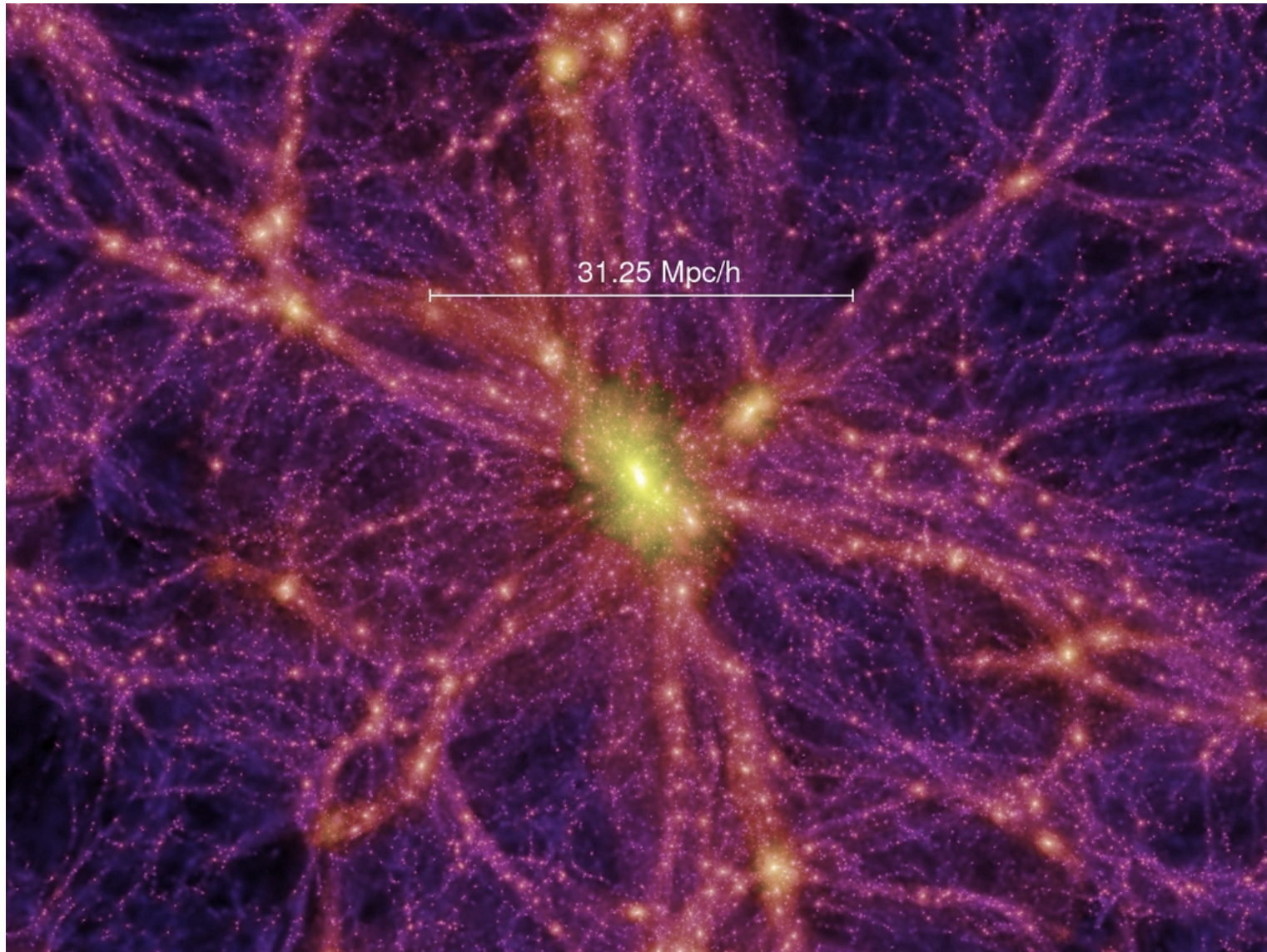
Redshift
5.7

Formation of structures



Redshift
1.4

Formation of structures



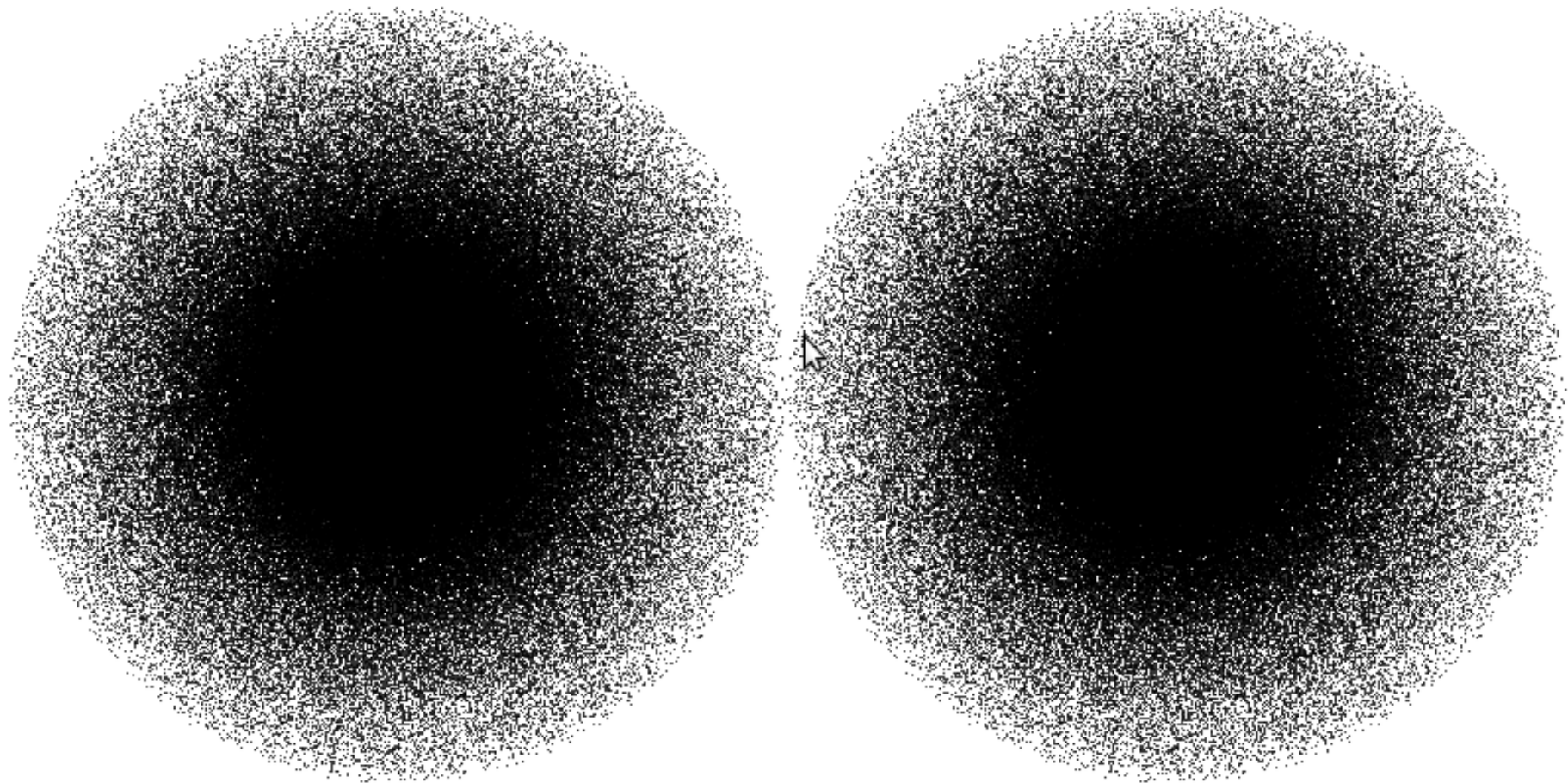
Redshift
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Processes in halo formation



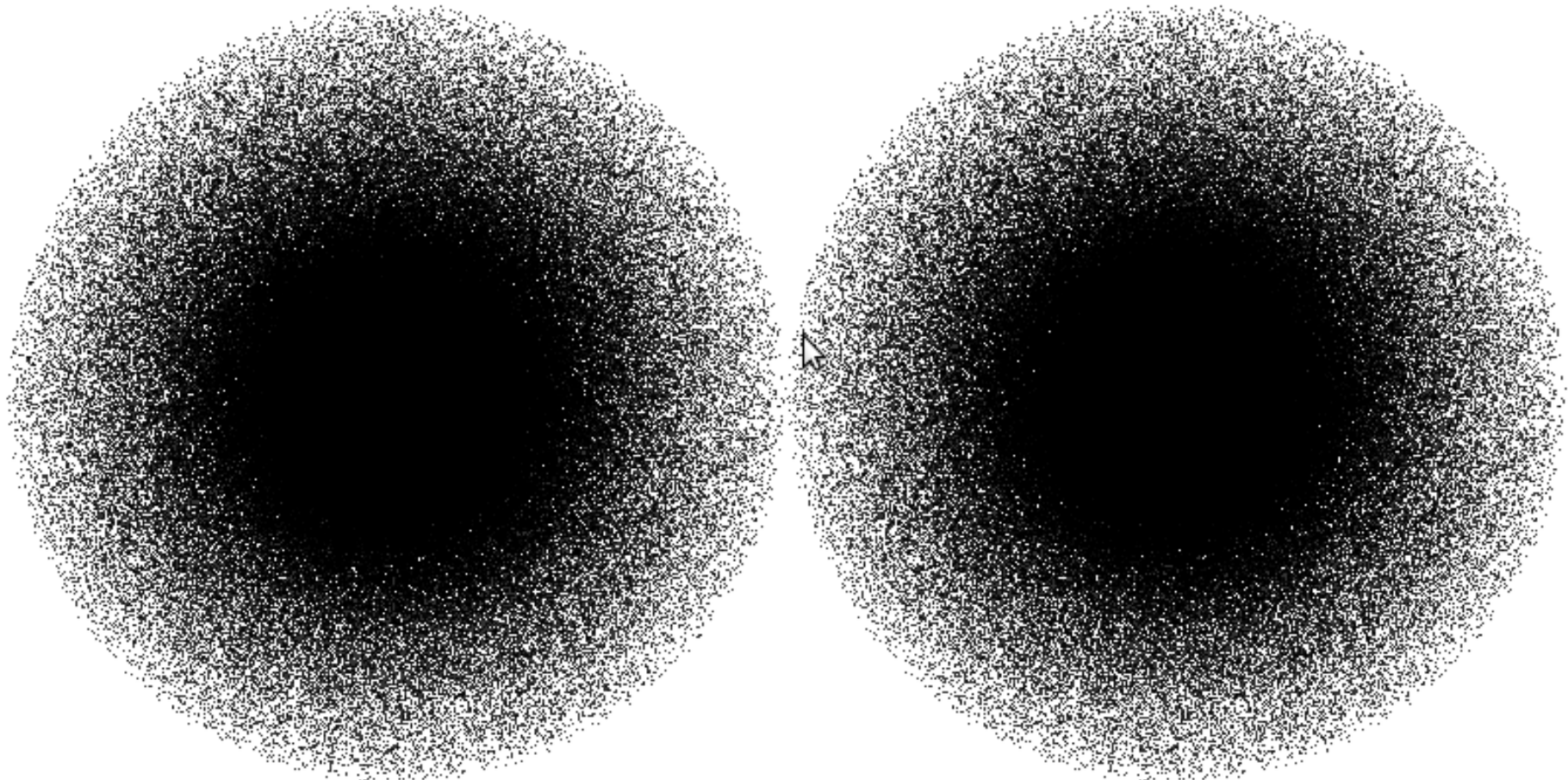
- Accretion of matter
- Mergers

N-body simulations of mergers

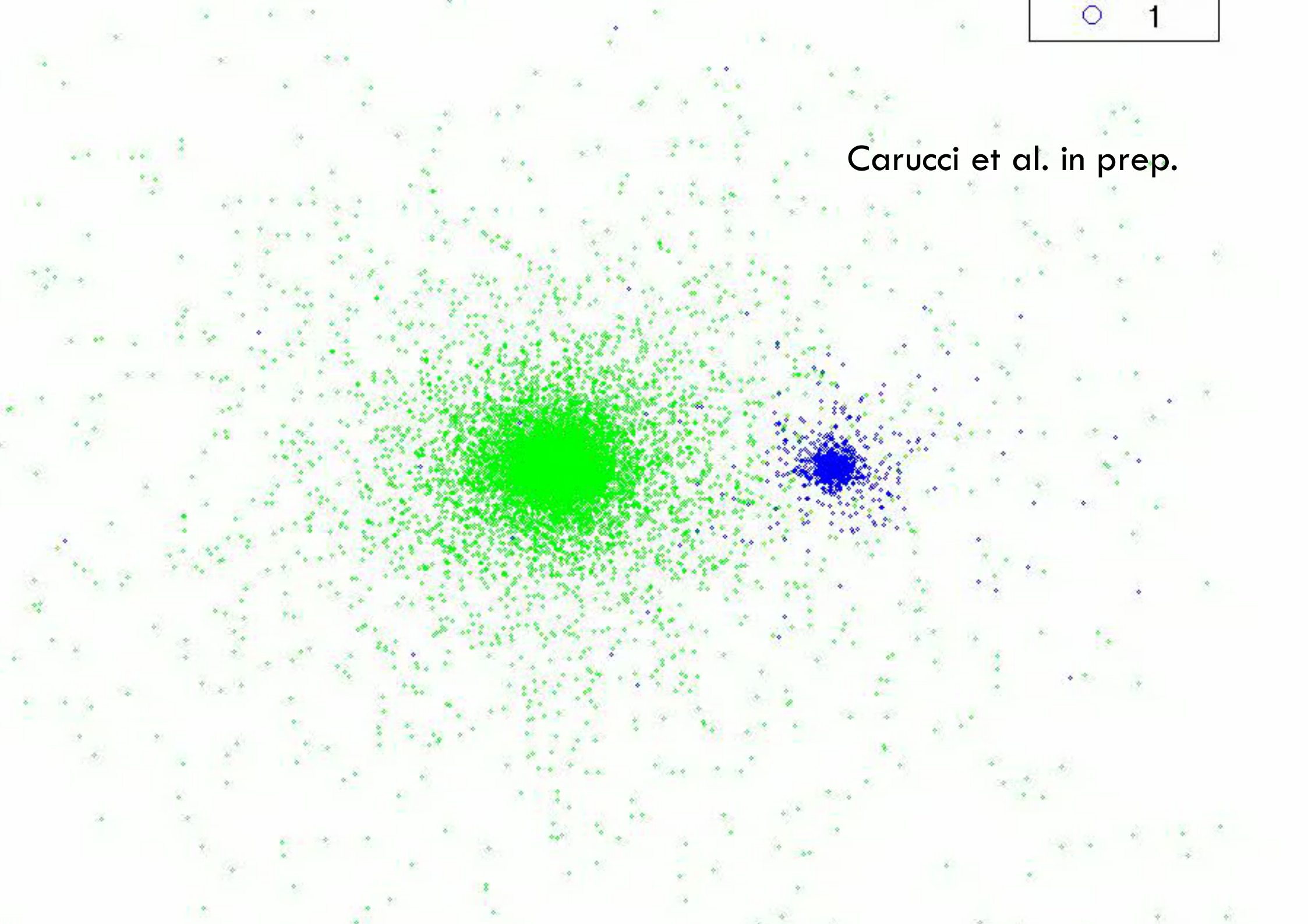


N-body simulations of mergers

Collaborators: Steen H. Hansen, Isabella Carucci, Morten Medici,
Mikkel Stockmann, Diana Juncher, Anders Ossowicki



Carucci et al. in prep.

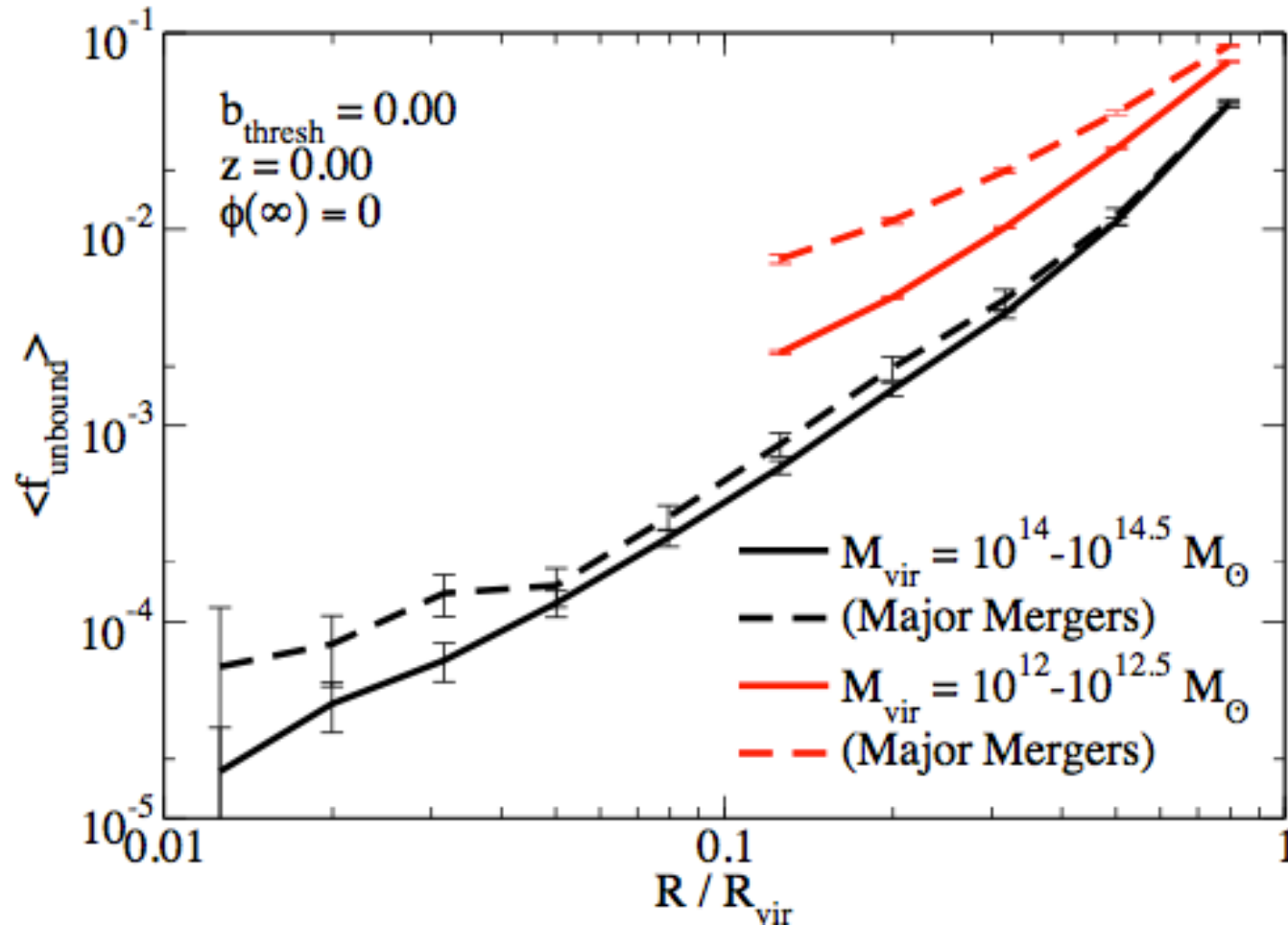


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- Some particles are ejected.
 - Others are captured in the big halo.

Which particles are ejected?

Why are they ejected?

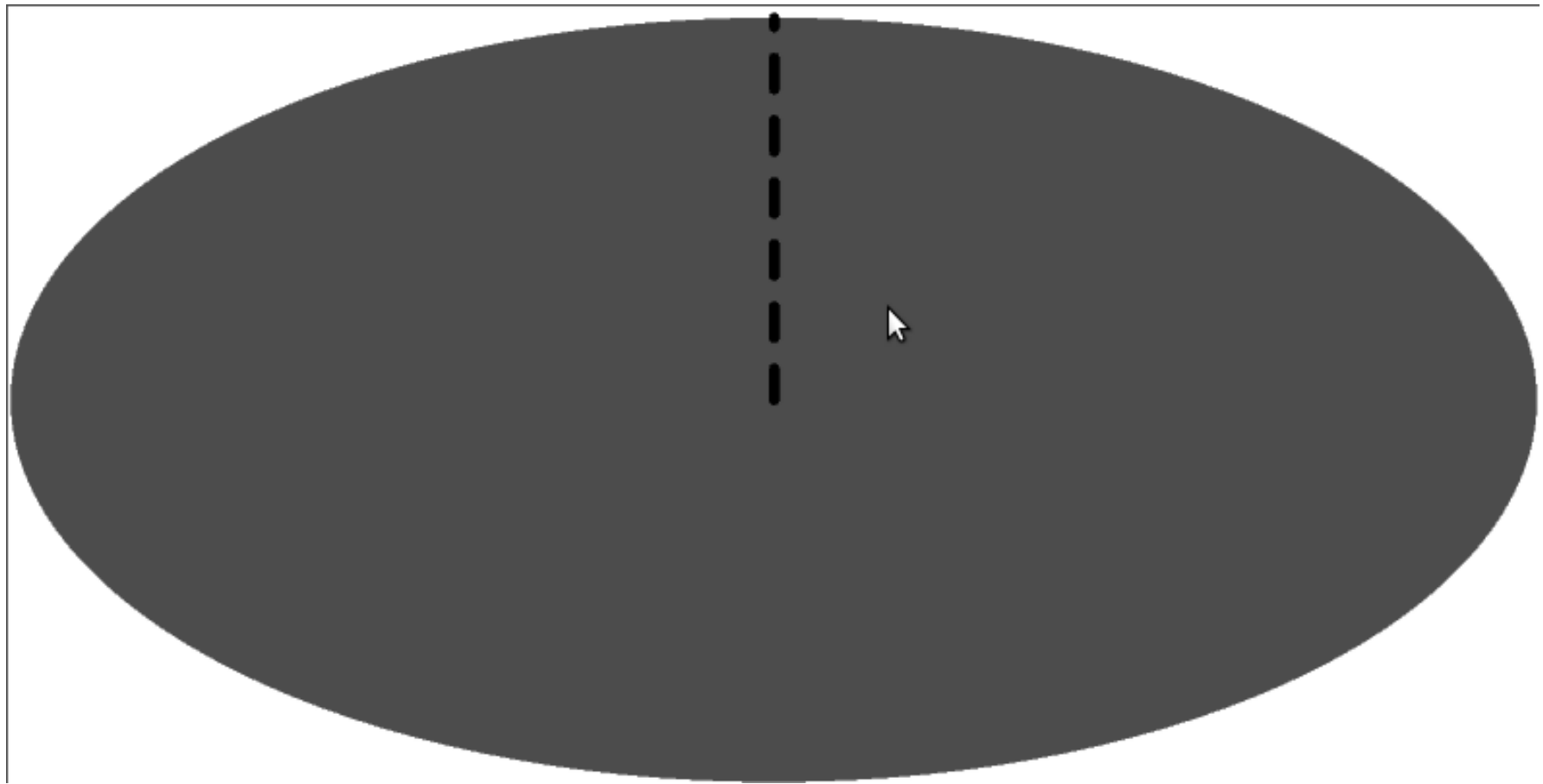
Unbound Particles in Dark Matter Halos



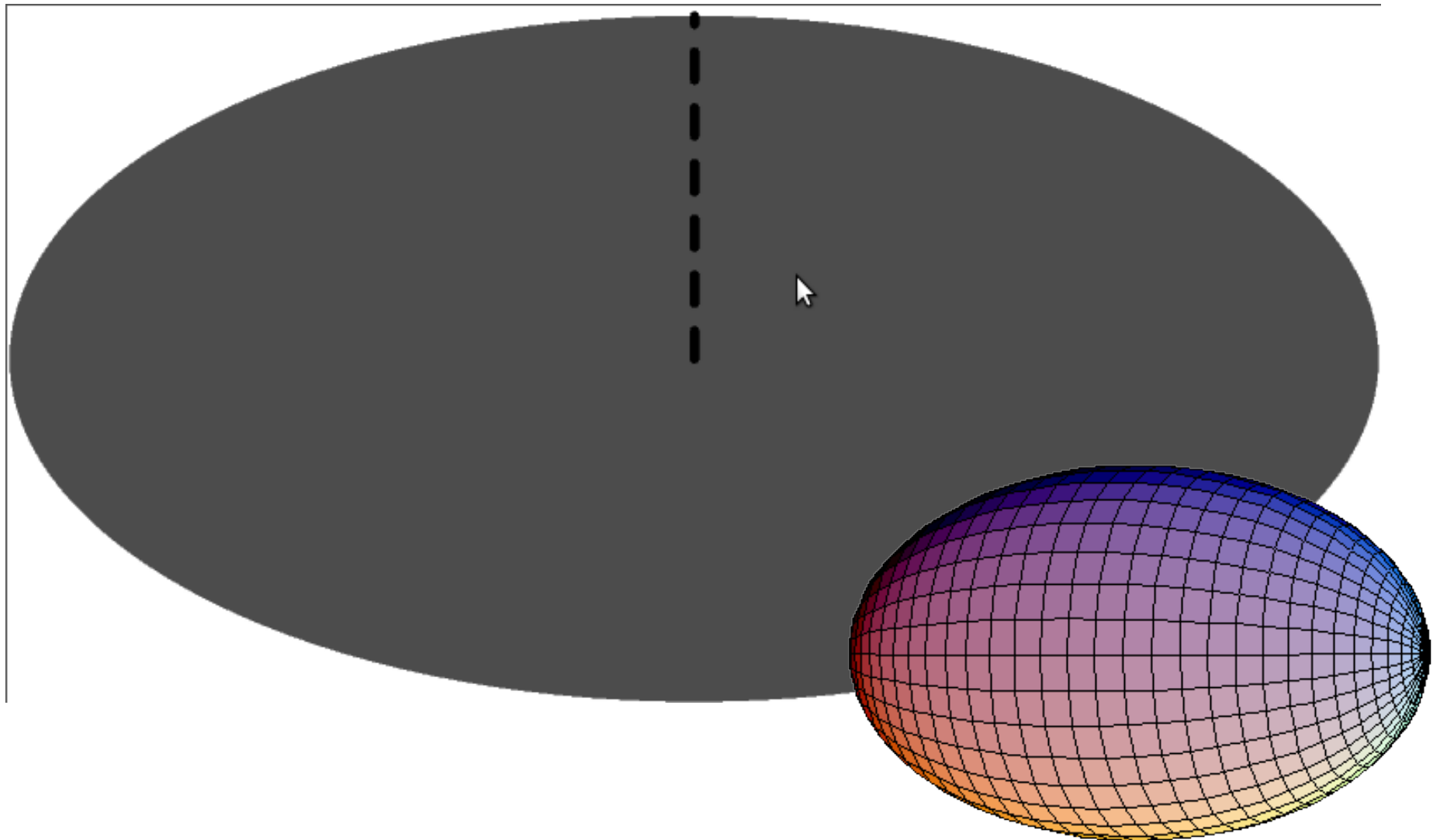
Merger remnants

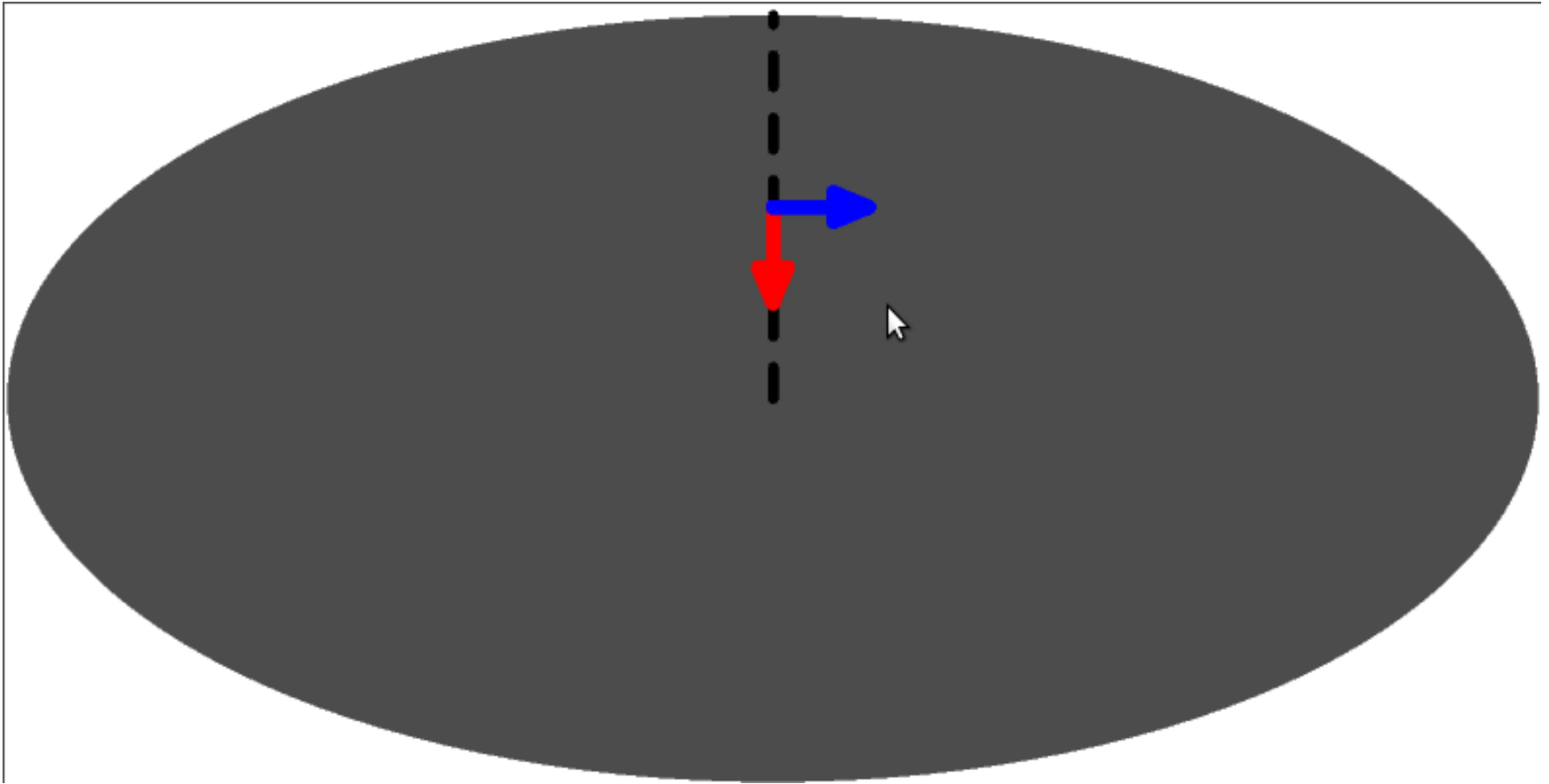


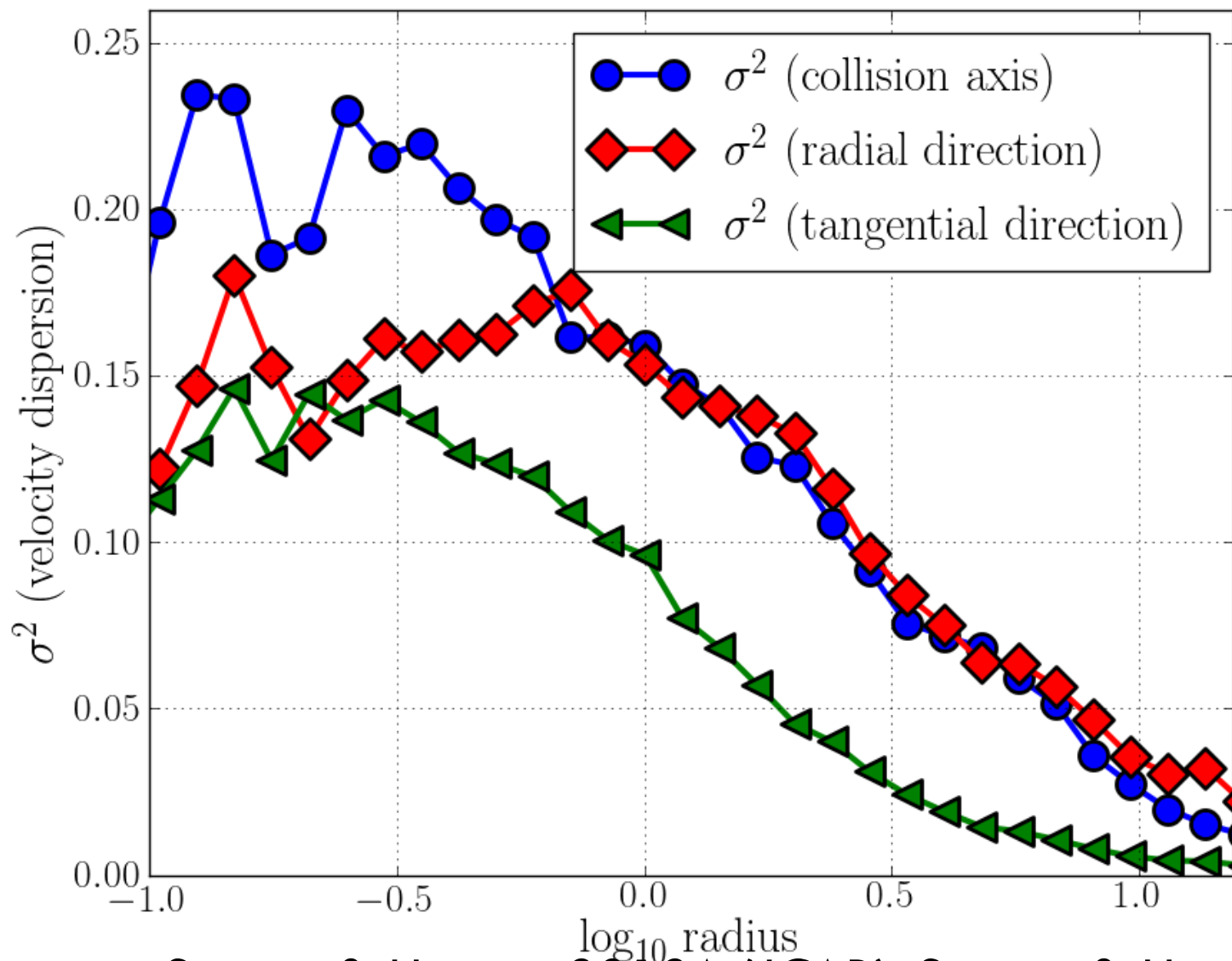
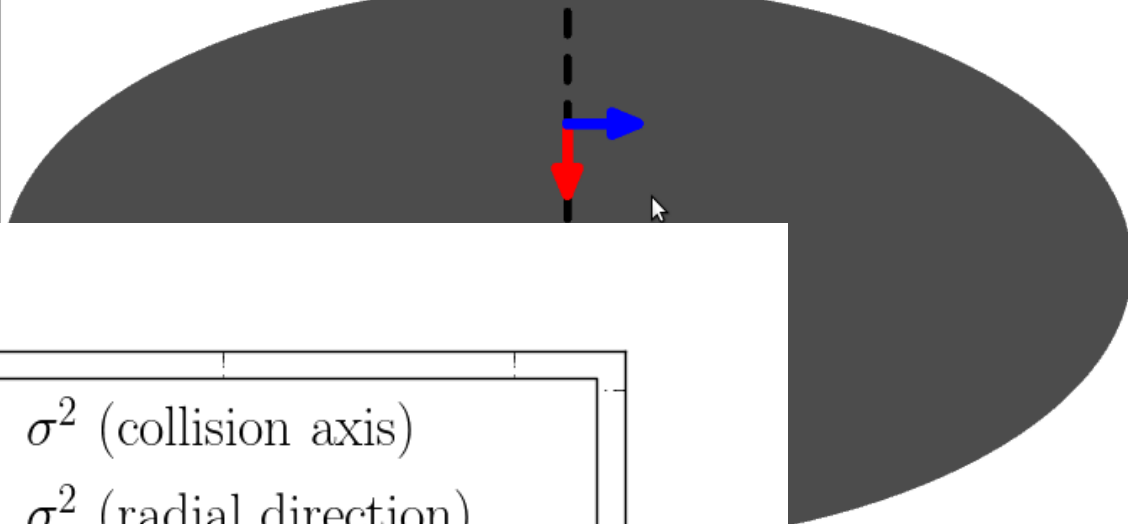
How are the bound particles affected by a merger?



How are the bound particles affected by a merger?

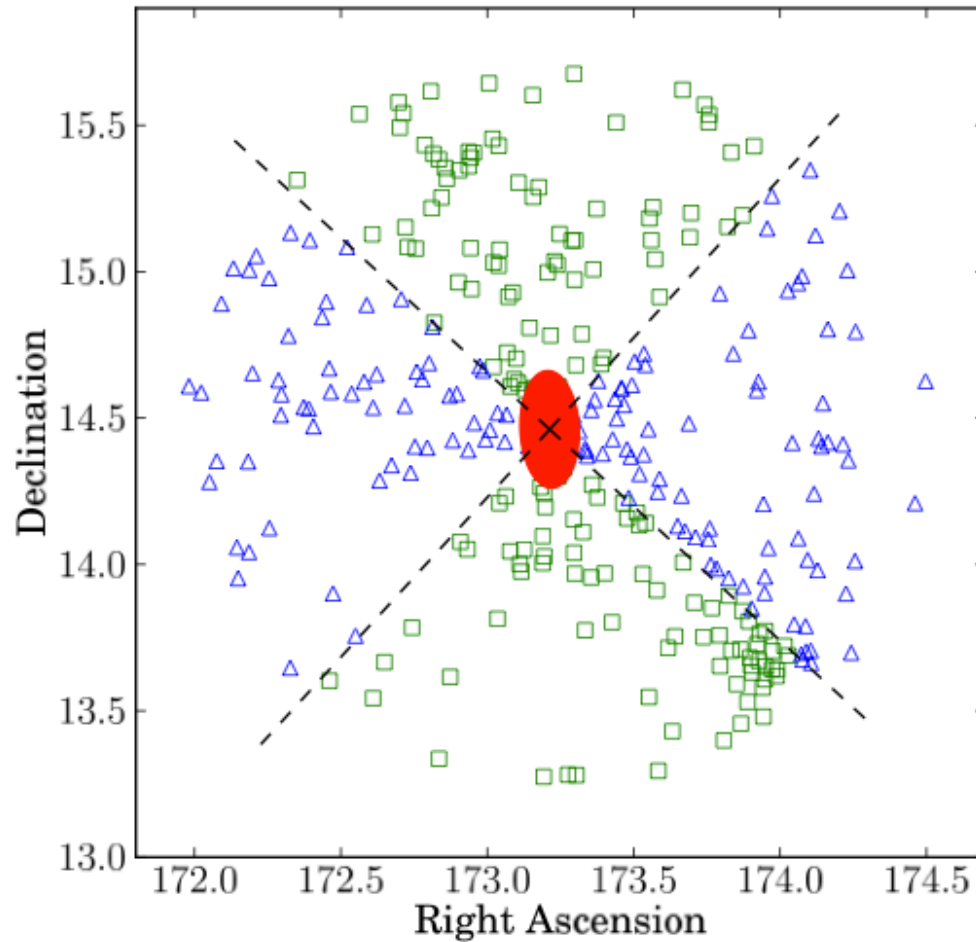






Sparre & Hansen 2012A (JCAP), Sparre & Hansen 2012B (JCAP)

Galaxies in galaxy clusters



Stacked sample of 1743
galaxy clusters from SDSS

Andreas Skielboe et al. 2012, ApJ Letters

Halos in cosmological simulations



- The same trends that we have found in idealised merger simulations have been found in cosmological simulations (Wojtak et al. in prep.)

Conclusion



- The velocity distribution is affected by the merger history (Sparre & Hansen 2012).