

# STATUS OF **NEUTRINO**, **ASTRO** & **FLAVOR** PHYSICS



**Troels C. Petersen**

**Post ESPP Cracow Recount**

2nd of November 2012

# ITS COUPLINGS: IMPOSTOR, A HIGGS OR THE (SM) HIGGS ?

- Strictly sticking to the data, we **cannot exclude** the logical possibility that the observed particle is **not connected to EWSB** (however, *Subtle is the Lord, but malicious He is not ...*)
- The **“a” vs. “the”** dispute decided by 5 numbers:

$$\mathcal{L}_{<m_h}^{eff} \approx c_V \left( \frac{2m_W^2}{v} W_\mu^+ W_\mu^- + \frac{m_Z^2}{v} Z_\mu^2 \right) h + c_b \frac{m_b}{v} \bar{b} b h + c_\tau \frac{m_\tau}{v} \bar{\tau} \tau h$$

$$+ c_\gamma \frac{2\alpha}{9\pi v} F_{\mu\nu}^2 h + c_g \frac{\alpha_S}{12\pi v} G_{\mu\nu}^2 h$$

$$+ \mathcal{L}(h \rightarrow inv)$$

$$c_\gamma = c_t + \frac{9}{2} \delta c_\gamma$$

$$c_g = c_t + \delta c_g$$

In the SM all 5  $c = 1$  and  $\mathcal{L}(h \rightarrow inv) \approx 0$

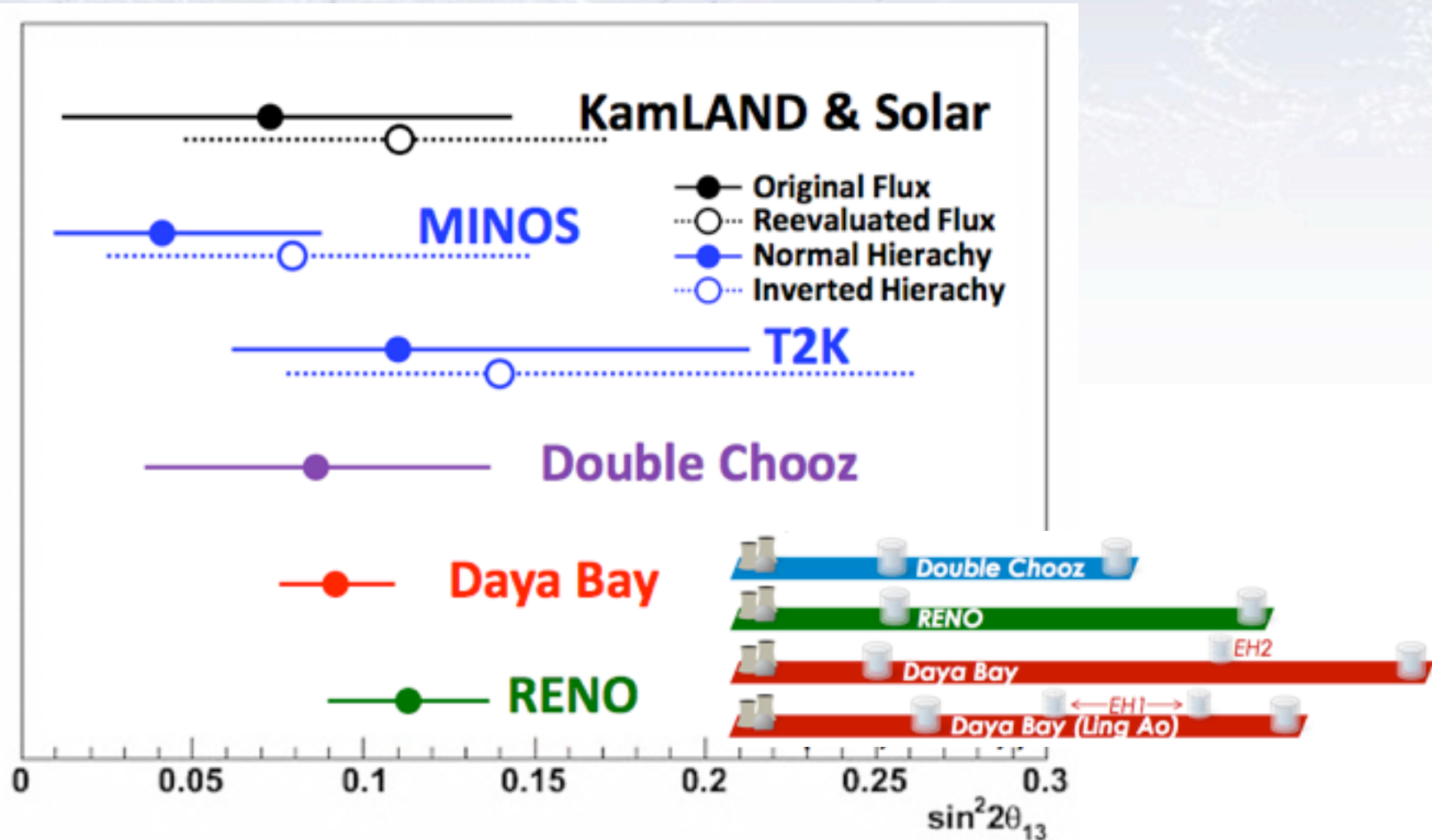
BARBIERI,  
ICHEP2012

# Neutrino Physics

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathcal{L}_{GWS} = & \sum_f (\bar{\Psi}_f (i\gamma^\mu \partial_\mu - m_f) \Psi_f - e Q_f \bar{\Psi}_f \gamma^\mu \Psi_f A_\mu) + \\
 & + \frac{g}{\sqrt{2}} \sum_f (\bar{a}_L^i \gamma^\mu b_L^i W_\mu^+ + \bar{b}_L^i \gamma^\mu a_L^i W_\mu^-) + \frac{g}{2c_w} \sum_f \bar{\Psi}_f \gamma^\mu (I_f^3 - 2s_w^2 Q_f - I_f^3 \gamma_5) \Psi_f Z_\mu + \\
 & - \frac{1}{4} |\partial_\mu A_\nu - \partial_\nu A_\mu + ie(W_\mu^- W_\nu^+ - W_\mu^+ W_\nu^-)|^2 - \frac{1}{2} |\partial_\mu W_\nu^+ - \partial_\nu W_\mu^+ + \\
 & - ie(W_\mu^+ A_\nu - W_\nu^+ A_\mu)|^2 + 2g c_w (W_\mu^+ Z_\nu - W_\nu^+ Z_\mu)^2 + \\
 & - \frac{1}{4} |\partial_\mu Z_\nu - \partial_\nu Z_\mu + ig' c_w (W_\mu^- W_\nu^+ - W_\mu^+ W_\nu^-)|^2 + \\
 & + \frac{1}{2} M_\eta^2 \eta^2 - \frac{g M_\eta^2}{8 M_W} \eta^3 - \frac{g'^2 M_\eta^2}{32 M_W} \eta^4 + |M_W W_\mu^+ + \frac{g}{2} \eta W_\mu^+|^2 + \\
 & + \frac{1}{2} |\partial_\mu \eta + i M_Z Z_\mu + \frac{ig}{2 c_w} \eta Z_\mu|^2 - \sum_f \frac{g}{2} \frac{m_f}{M_W} \bar{\Psi}_f \Psi_f \eta
 \end{aligned}$$

# $\theta_{13}$ is large - thank you Nature!

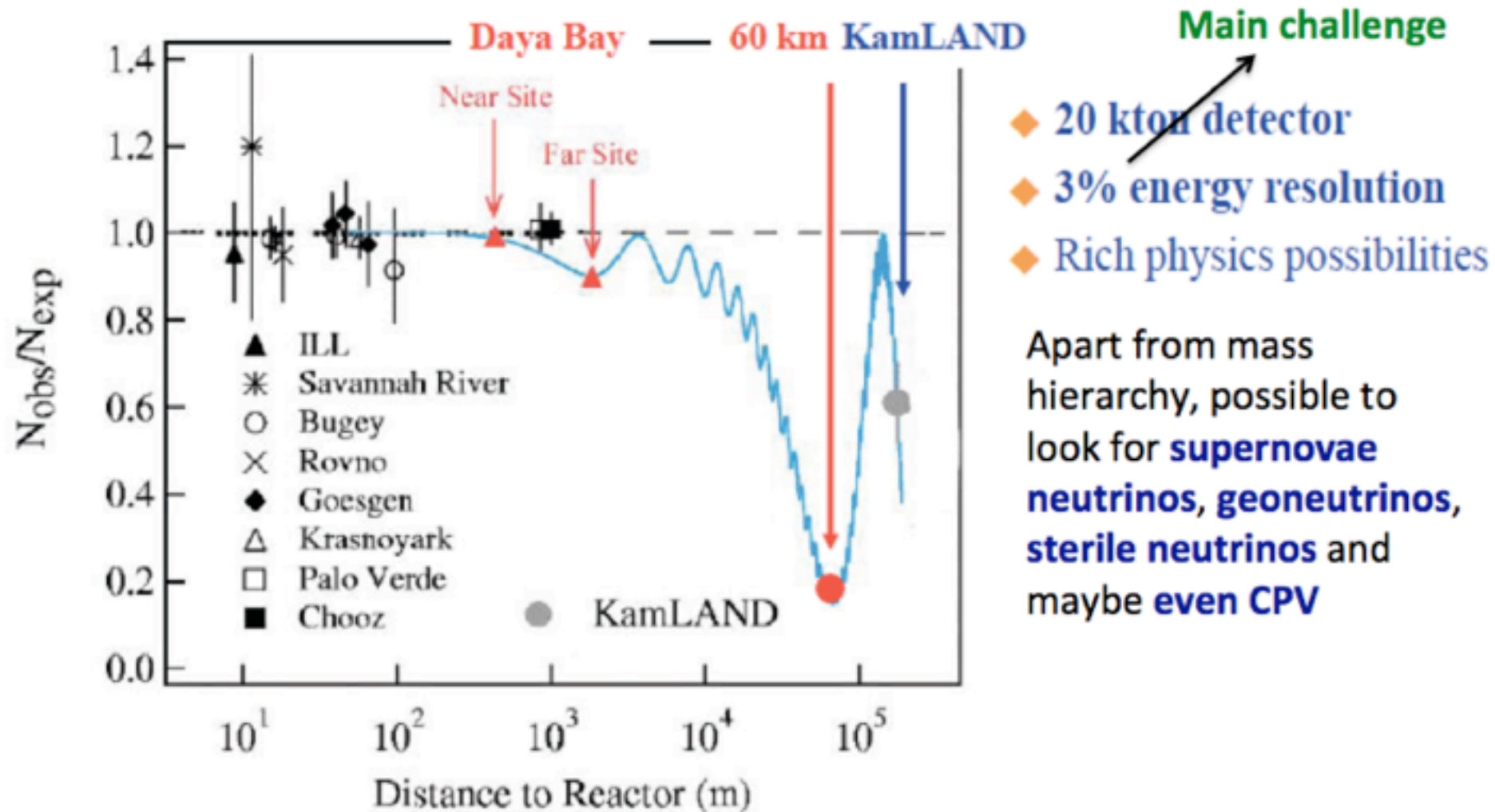
In less than a year,  $\theta_{13}$  went from being unknown to well measured!



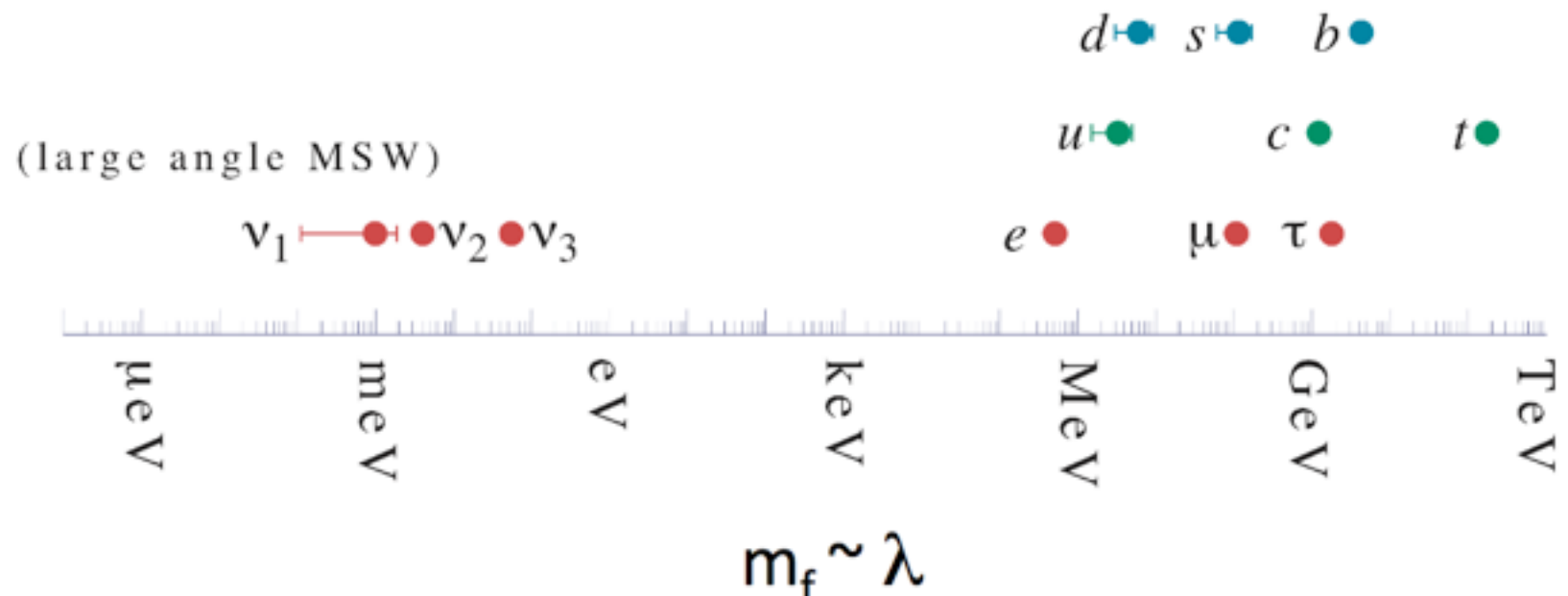
Small / zero value ruins possibility of measuring leptonic CP violation.



# After $\theta_{13} \rightarrow$ **DAYA BAY FOCUS ON THE MASS HIERACHY:** the **DAYA BAY-II EXP.**



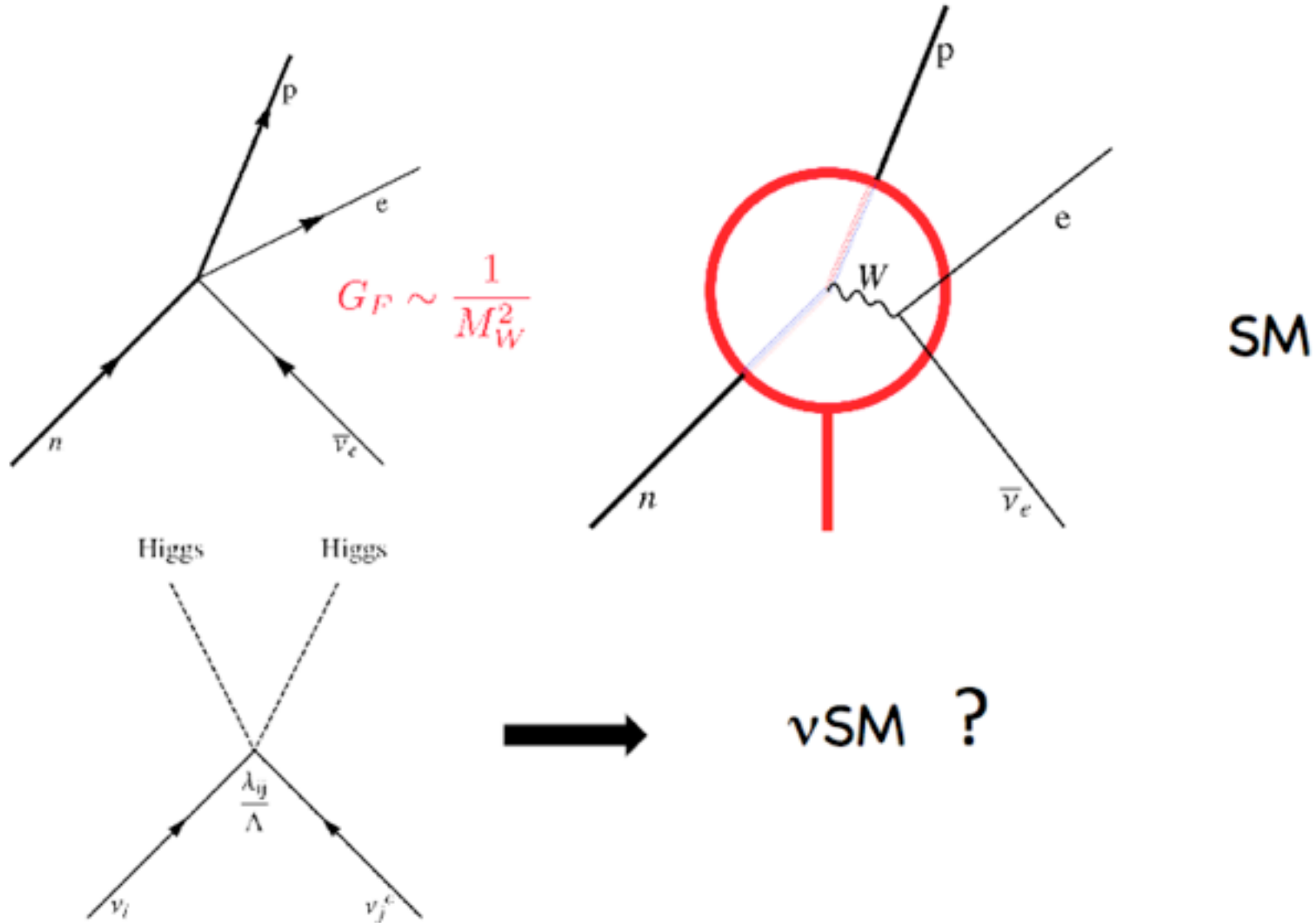
# Why are neutrinos special?



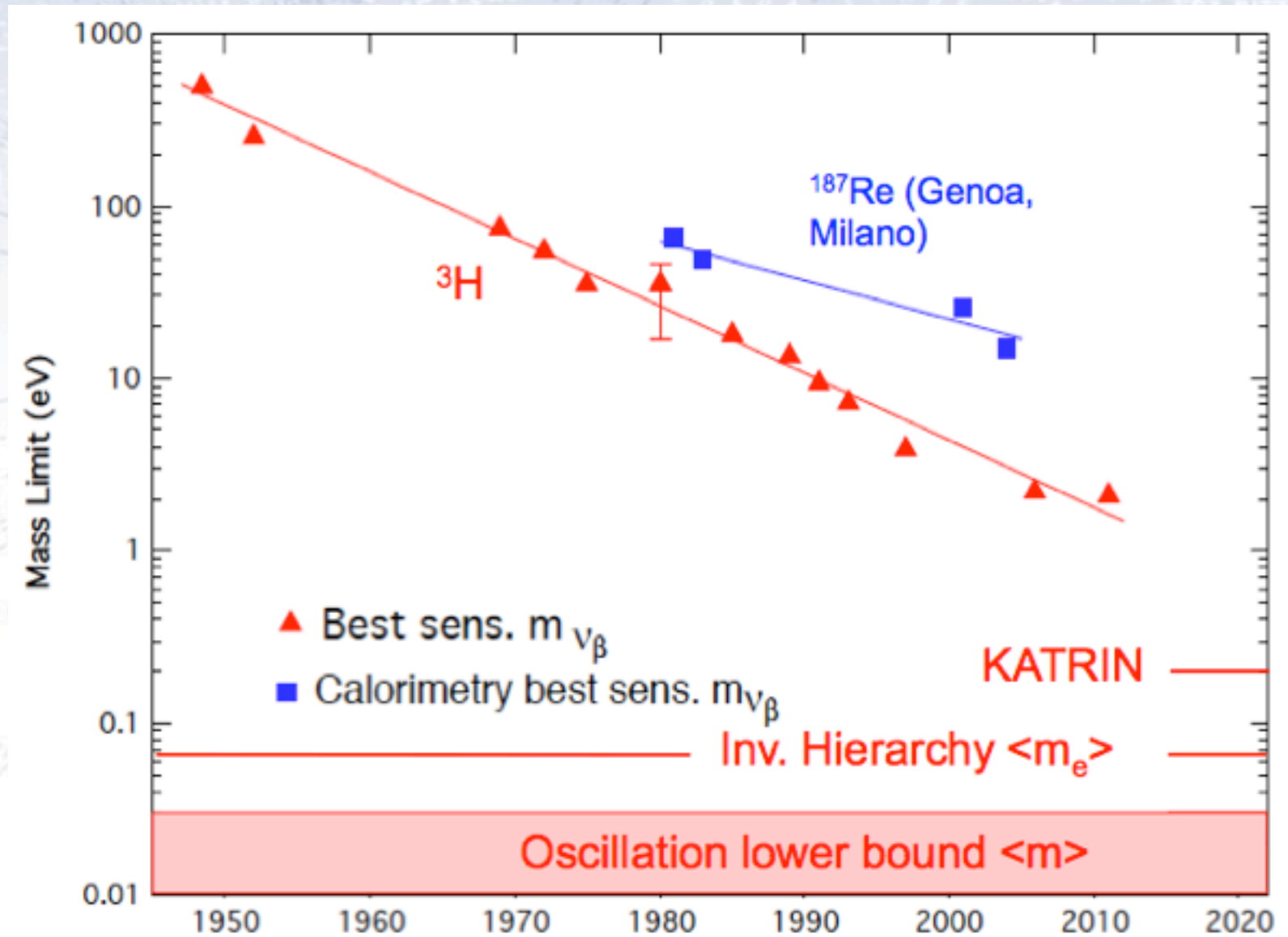
$$|V|_{\text{CKM}} = \begin{pmatrix} 0.97427 \pm 0.00015 & 0.22534 \pm 0.0065 & (3.51 \pm 0.15) \times 10^{-3} \\ 0.2252 \pm 0.00065 & 0.97344 \pm 0.00016 & (41.2^{+1.1}_{-5}) \times 10^{-3} \\ (8.67^{+0.29}_{-0.31}) \times 10^{-3} & (40.4^{+1.1}_{-0.5}) \times 10^{-3} & 0.999146^{+0.000021}_{-0.000046} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$|U|_{\text{LEP}(3\sigma)} = \begin{pmatrix} 0.795 \rightarrow 0.841 & 0.517 \rightarrow 0.584 & 0.141 \rightarrow 0.179 \\ 0.213 \rightarrow 0.543 & 0.425 \rightarrow 0.728 & 0.575 \rightarrow 0.802 \\ 0.213 \rightarrow 0.541 & 0.411 \rightarrow 0.720 & 0.576 \rightarrow 0.802 \end{pmatrix}$$

# Neutrino underlying scale?



# Neutrino masses from $\beta$ decay

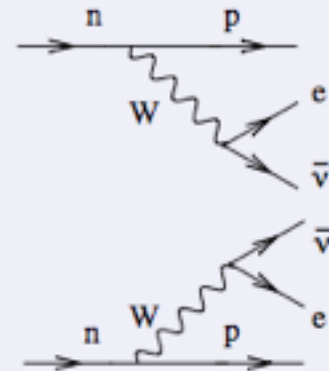




# Double neutrinoless $\beta$ decay

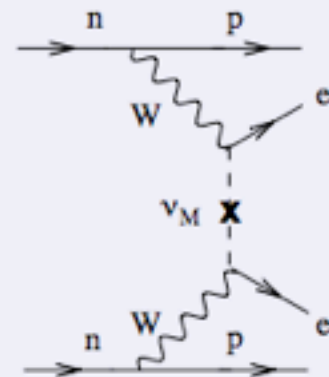
## $2\nu\beta\beta$

- $(Z, A) \rightarrow (Z + 2, A) + 2e^- + 2\bar{\nu}_e$
- $\Delta L = 0$
- $|T_{1/2}^{2\nu}|^{-1} = G^{2\nu}(Q_{\beta\beta}, Z) |M_{2\nu}|^2 \sim |10^{20} \text{ y}|^{-1}$

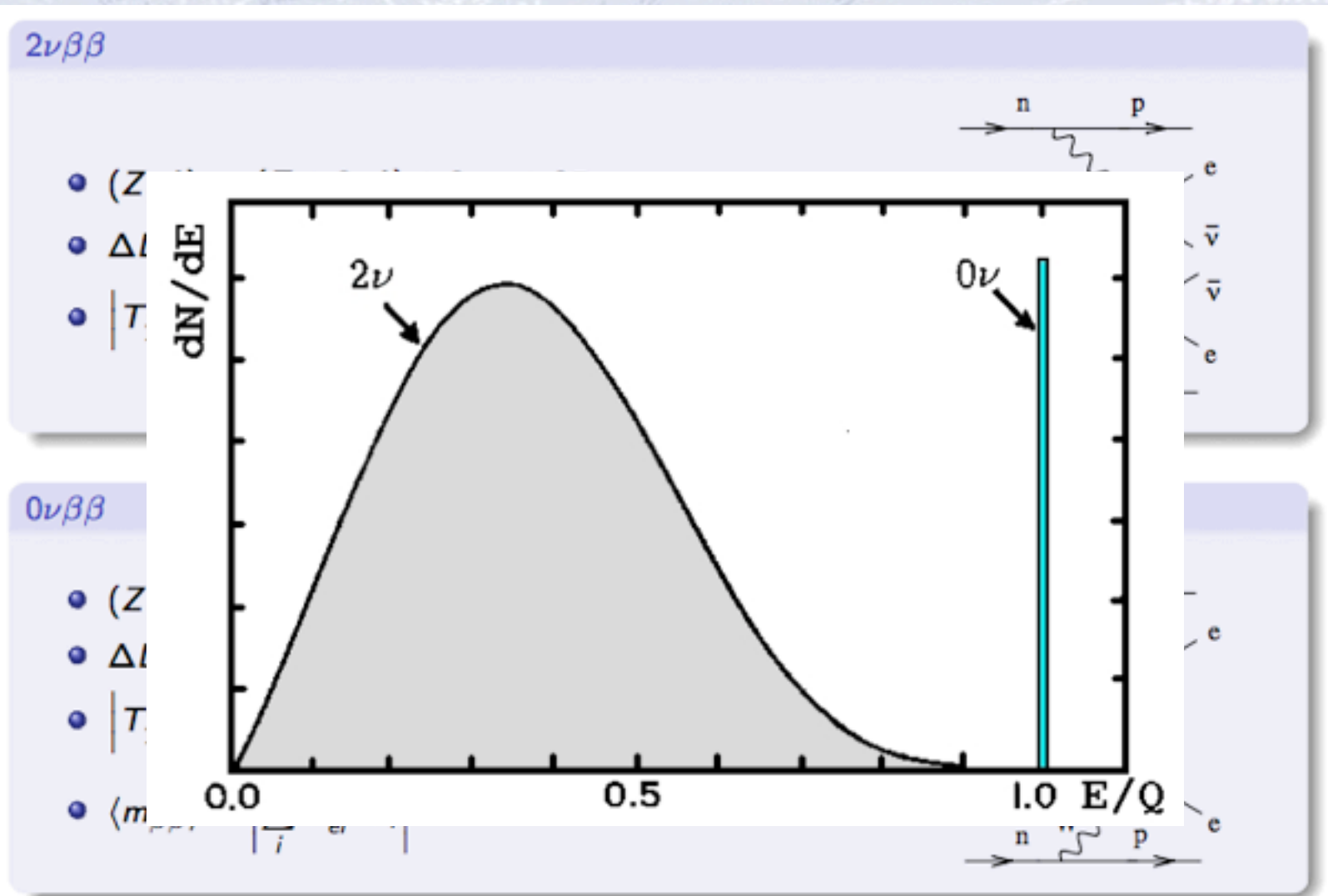


## $0\nu\beta\beta$

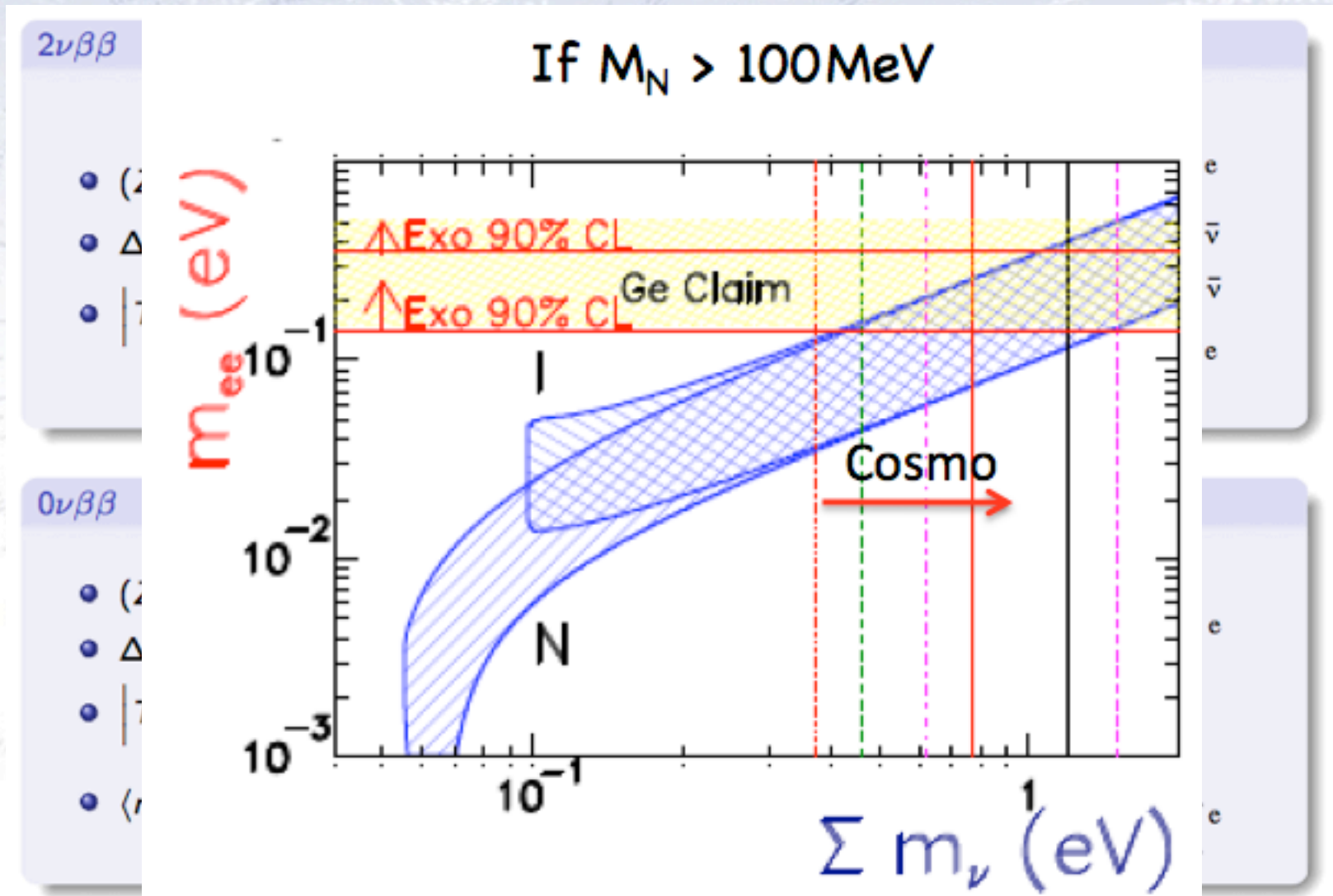
- $(Z, A) \rightarrow (Z + 2, A) + 2e^-$
- $\Delta L = 2$
- $|T_{1/2}^{0\nu}|^{-1} = G^{0\nu}(Q_{\beta\beta}, Z) |M_{0\nu}|^2 \langle m_{\beta\beta}^2 \rangle \sim |10^{25} \text{ y}|^{-1}$
- $\langle m_{\beta\beta} \rangle = \left| \sum_i U_{ei}^2 m_i \right|$



# Double neutrinoless $\beta$ decay



# Double neutrinoless $\beta$ decay

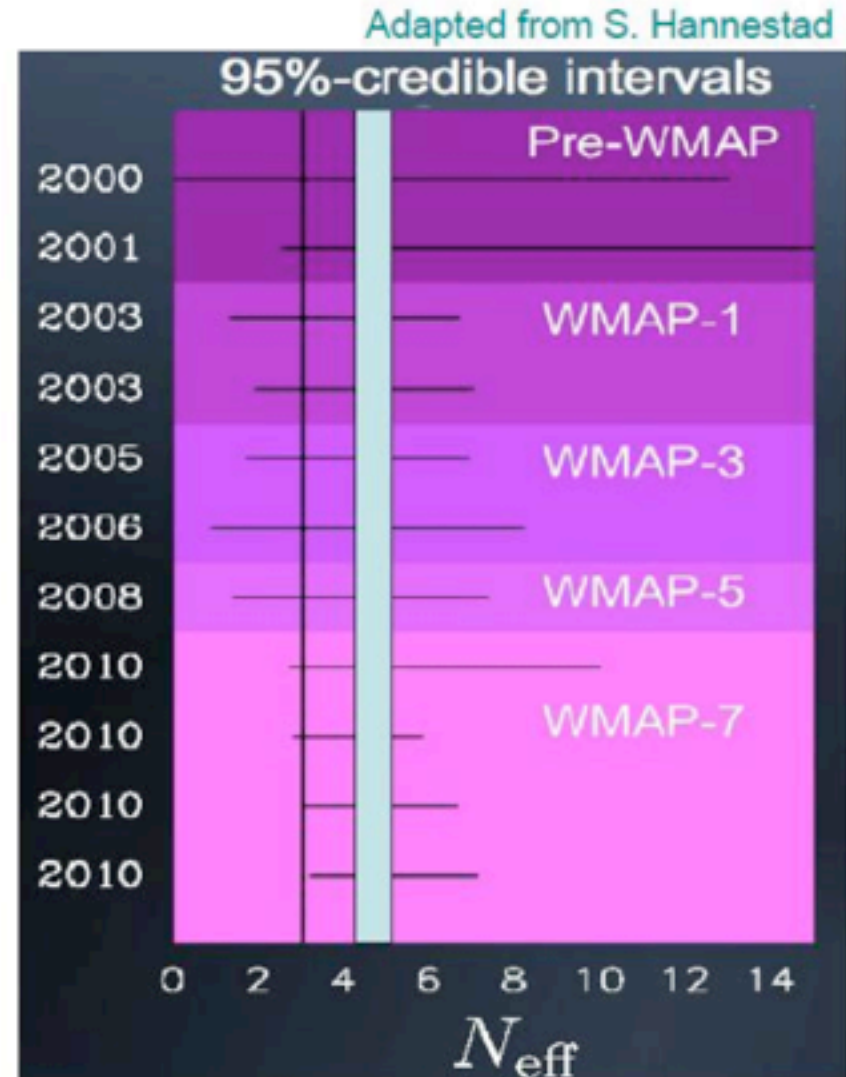


# More than three neutrinos?

- Parameterise **excess relativistic energy density** in terms of **extra species of massless neutrinos**.

$$\rho_\nu + \rho_X = \underline{N_{\text{eff}}} \left( \frac{7}{8} \frac{\pi^2}{15} T_\nu^4 \right)$$
$$= (3.046 + \Delta N_{\text{eff}}) \left( \frac{7}{8} \frac{\pi^2}{15} T_\nu^4 \right)$$

- Evidence for  $N_{\text{eff}} > 3$ :**
  - @ 98.4% (CMB+LSS)  
Hou et al. 2011
  - @ 99.5% (CMB+LSS+BBN)  
Hamann et al. 2011

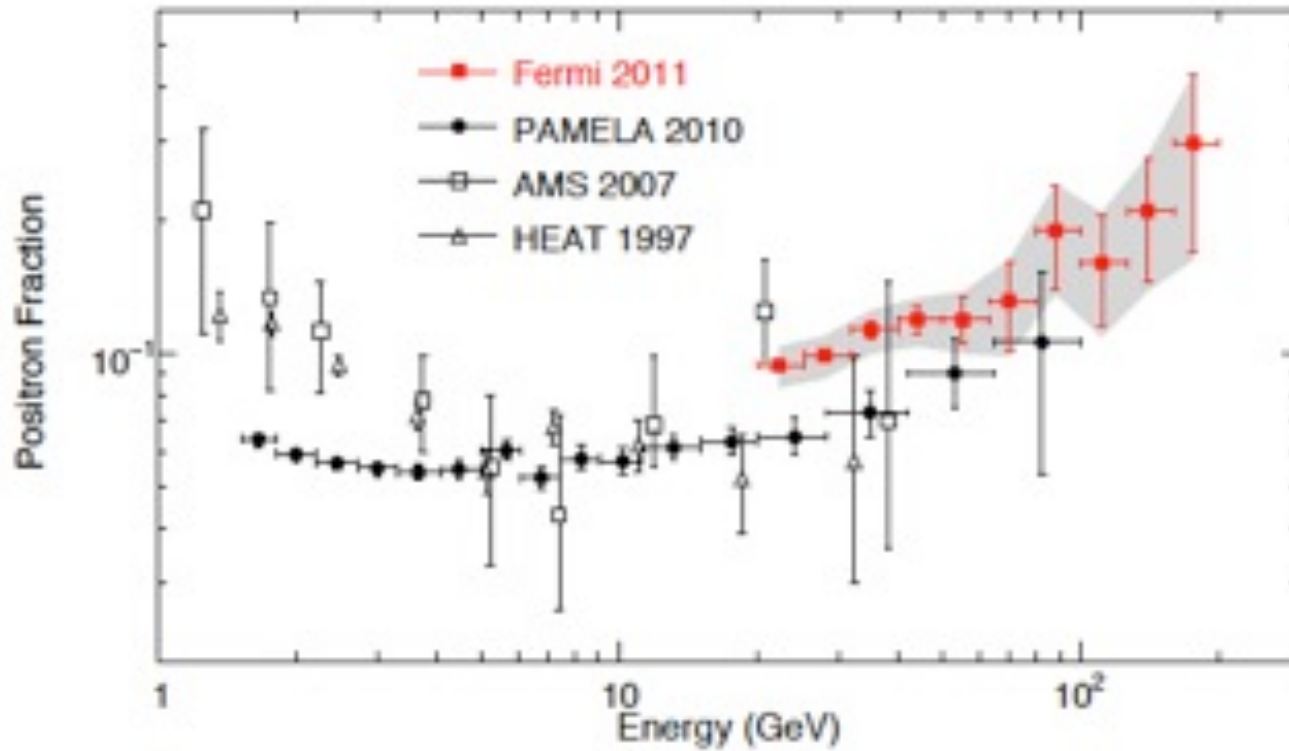




# Astro(Particle) Physics

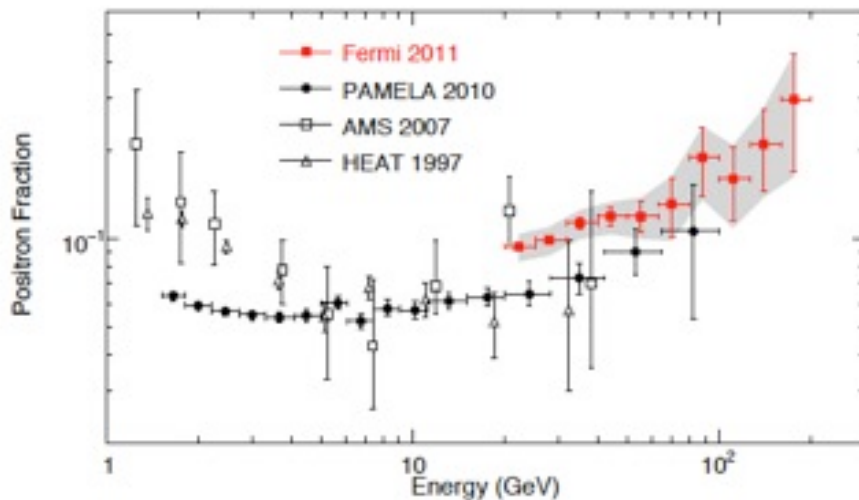
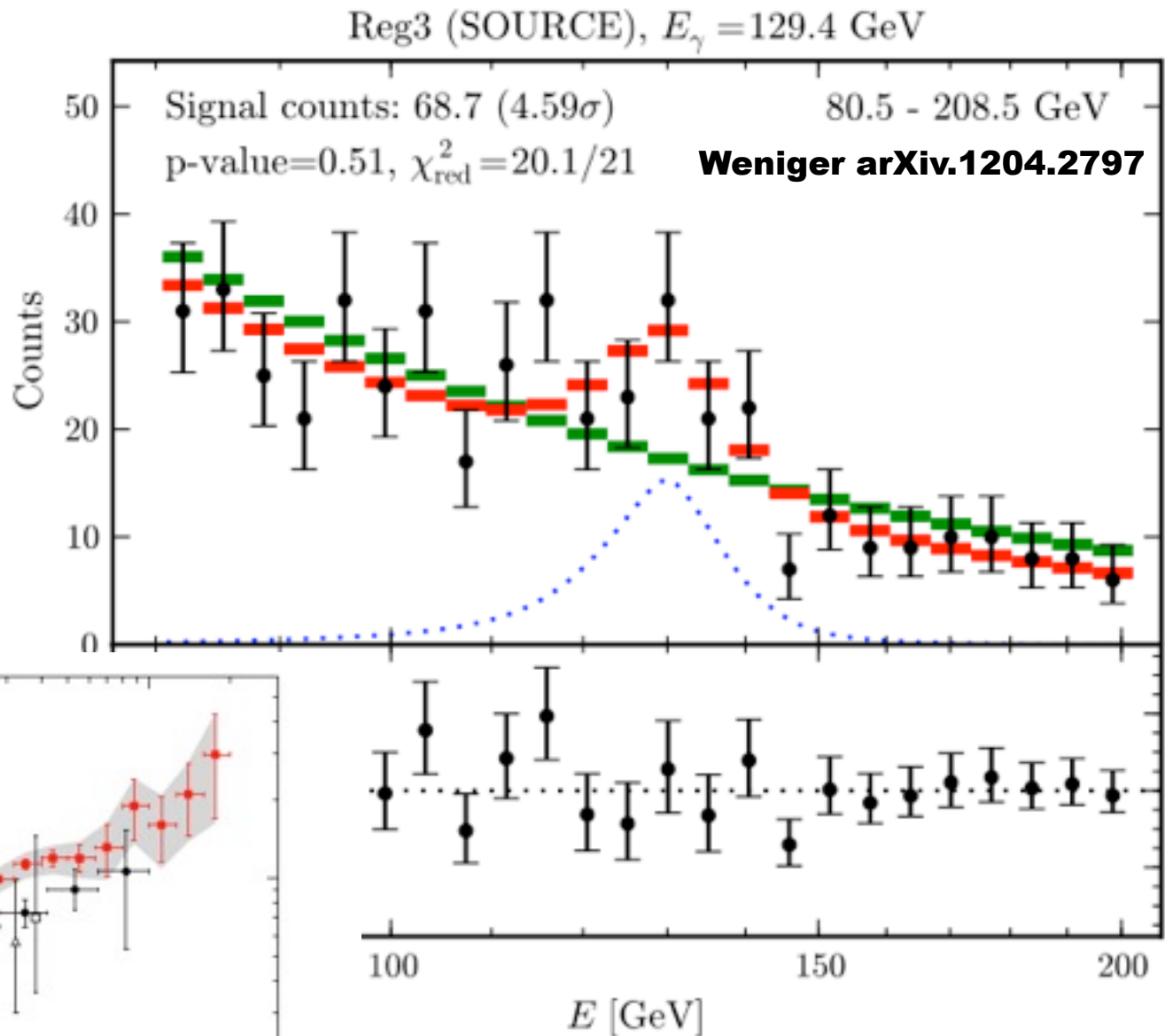
$$\begin{aligned}
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 & + \frac{g}{\sqrt{2}} \sum_f (\bar{a}_L^i \gamma^\mu b_L^i W_\mu^+ + \bar{b}_L^i \gamma^\mu a_L^i W_\mu^-) + \frac{g}{2c_w} \sum_f \bar{\Psi}_f \gamma^\mu (I_f^3 - 2s_w^2 Q_f - I_f^3 \gamma_5) \Psi_f Z_\mu + \\
 & - \frac{1}{4} |\partial_\mu A_\nu - \partial_\nu A_\mu + ie(W_\mu^- W_\nu^+ - W_\mu^+ W_\nu^-)|^2 - \frac{1}{2} |\partial_\mu W_\nu^+ - \partial_\nu W_\mu^+ + \\
 & - ie(W_\mu^+ A_\nu - W_\nu^+ A_\mu)|^2 + 2g' c_w (W_\mu^+ Z_\nu - W_\nu^+ Z_\mu)^2 + \\
 & - \frac{1}{4} |\partial_\mu Z_\nu - \partial_\nu Z_\mu + ig' c_w (W_\mu^- W_\nu^+ - W_\mu^+ W_\nu^-)|^2 + \\
 & + \frac{1}{2} M_\eta^2 \eta^2 - \frac{g M_\eta^2}{8 M_W} \eta^3 - \frac{g'^2 M_\eta^2}{32 M_W} \eta^4 + |M_W W_\mu^+ + \frac{g}{2} \eta W_\mu^+|^2 + \\
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 \end{aligned}$$

# Fermi satellite



# Fermi satellite

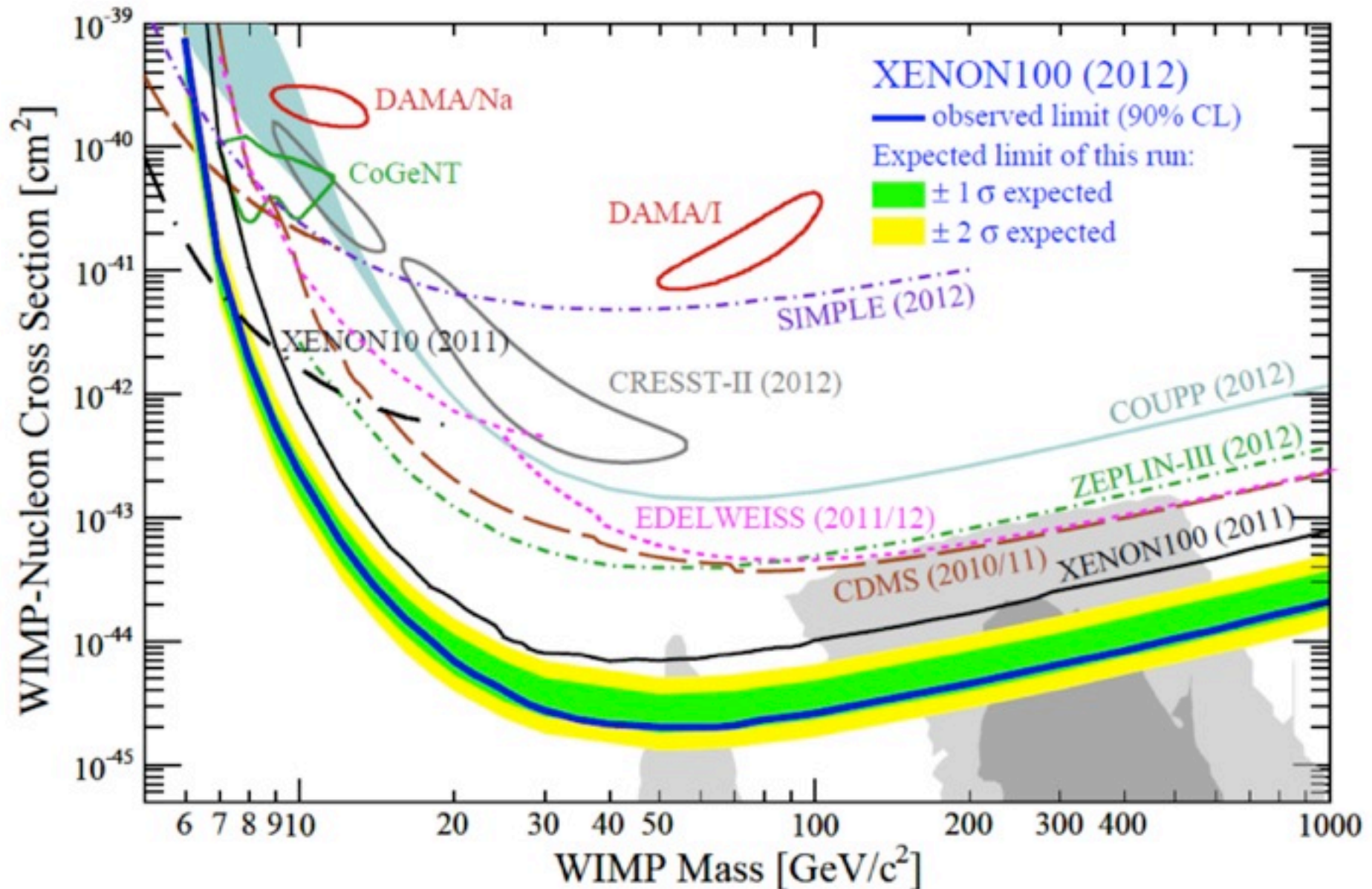
Waiting for  
AMS results!



However, such results tend to come and go in AstroParticle physics...

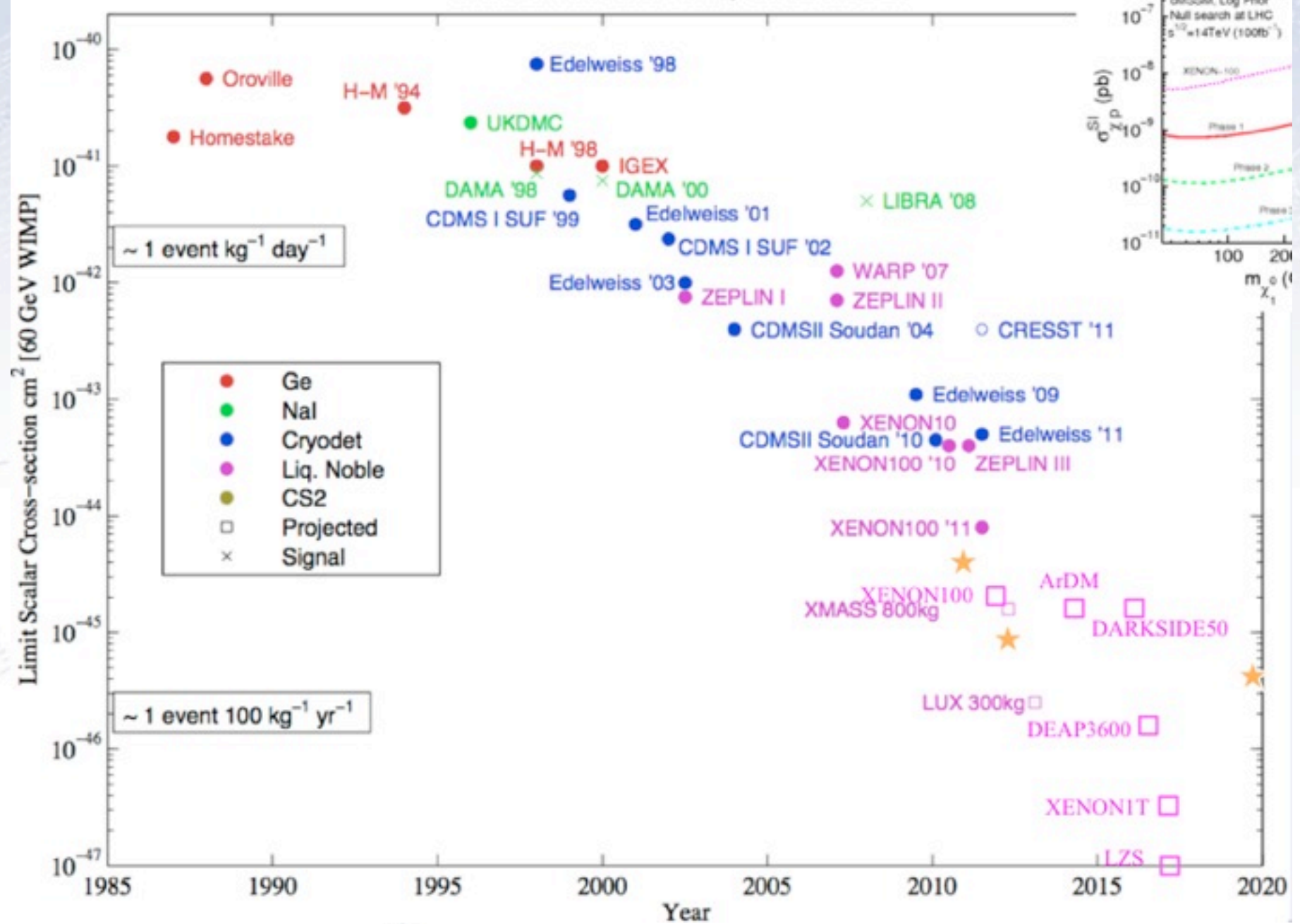


# WIMP search - Xenon100





# Dark Matter Searches: Past, Present & Future



X

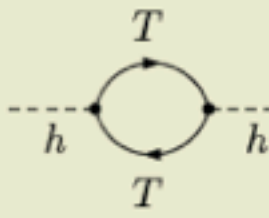


# Flavor Physics

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathcal{L}_{GWS} = & \sum_f (\bar{\Psi}_f (i\gamma^\mu \partial_\mu - m_f) \Psi_f - e Q_f \bar{\Psi}_f \gamma^\mu \Psi_f A_\mu) + \\
 & + \frac{g}{\sqrt{2}} \sum_f (\bar{a}_L^i \gamma^\mu b_L^i W_\mu^+ + \bar{b}_L^i \gamma^\mu a_L^i W_\mu^-) + \frac{g}{2c_w} \sum_f \bar{\Psi}_f \gamma^\mu (I_f^3 - 2s_w^2 Q_f - I_f^3 \gamma_5) \Psi_f Z_\mu + \\
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 \end{aligned}$$

# Higgs and Flavor sectors...

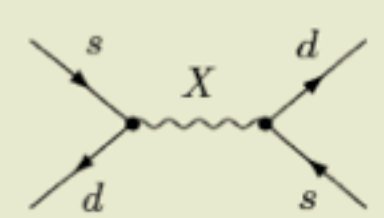
$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{EFT}} = \underbrace{\Lambda_{\text{UV}}^2 \Phi^\dagger \Phi - \lambda (\Phi^\dagger \Phi)^2}_{\text{electroweak symmetry breaking}} + \mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}}^{\text{gauge}} + \mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}}^{\text{Yukawa}} + \underbrace{\frac{\mathcal{L}^{(5)}}{\Lambda_{\text{UV}}} + \frac{\mathcal{L}^{(6)}}{\Lambda_{\text{UV}}^2}}_{\text{Higgs mass}} + \dots$$



$$\sim \frac{g_T^2}{16\pi^2} \Lambda_{\text{UV}}^2$$

no fine-tuning  $\Downarrow$

$$\Lambda_{\text{Higgs}} \lesssim 1 \text{ TeV}$$



$$\sim \frac{g_X^2}{\Lambda_{\text{UV}}^2}$$

bounds on flavor mixing  $\Downarrow$  assuming *generic* flavor structure

$$\Lambda_{\text{flavor}} \gtrsim 10^3 \text{ TeV}$$

Possible solutions to flavor problem explaining  $\Lambda_{\text{Higgs}} \ll \Lambda_{\text{flavor}}$ :

- (i)  $\Lambda_{\text{UV}} \gg 1 \text{ TeV}$ : **Higgs fine tuned**, new particles too heavy for LHC
- (ii)  $\Lambda_{\text{UV}} \approx 1 \text{ TeV}$ : quark flavor-mixing protected by a **flavor symmetry**



# DIRECT CPV IN $D^0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-, K^+K^-$

**2011:** LHCb, 620 pb<sup>-1</sup> first evidence (3.5  $\sigma$ ) of CPV in charm

$$\Delta A_{CP} = A_{CP}(K^+K^-) - A_{CP}(\pi^+\pi^-) = (-0.82 \pm 0.21 \pm 0.11)\%$$

**2012:** from CDF, 9.6 fb<sup>-1</sup>, + LHCb + BELLE

$$\Delta A_{CP} \equiv A_{CP}(K^+K^-) - A_{CP}(\pi^+\pi^-) = (-0.74 \pm 0.15)\%$$

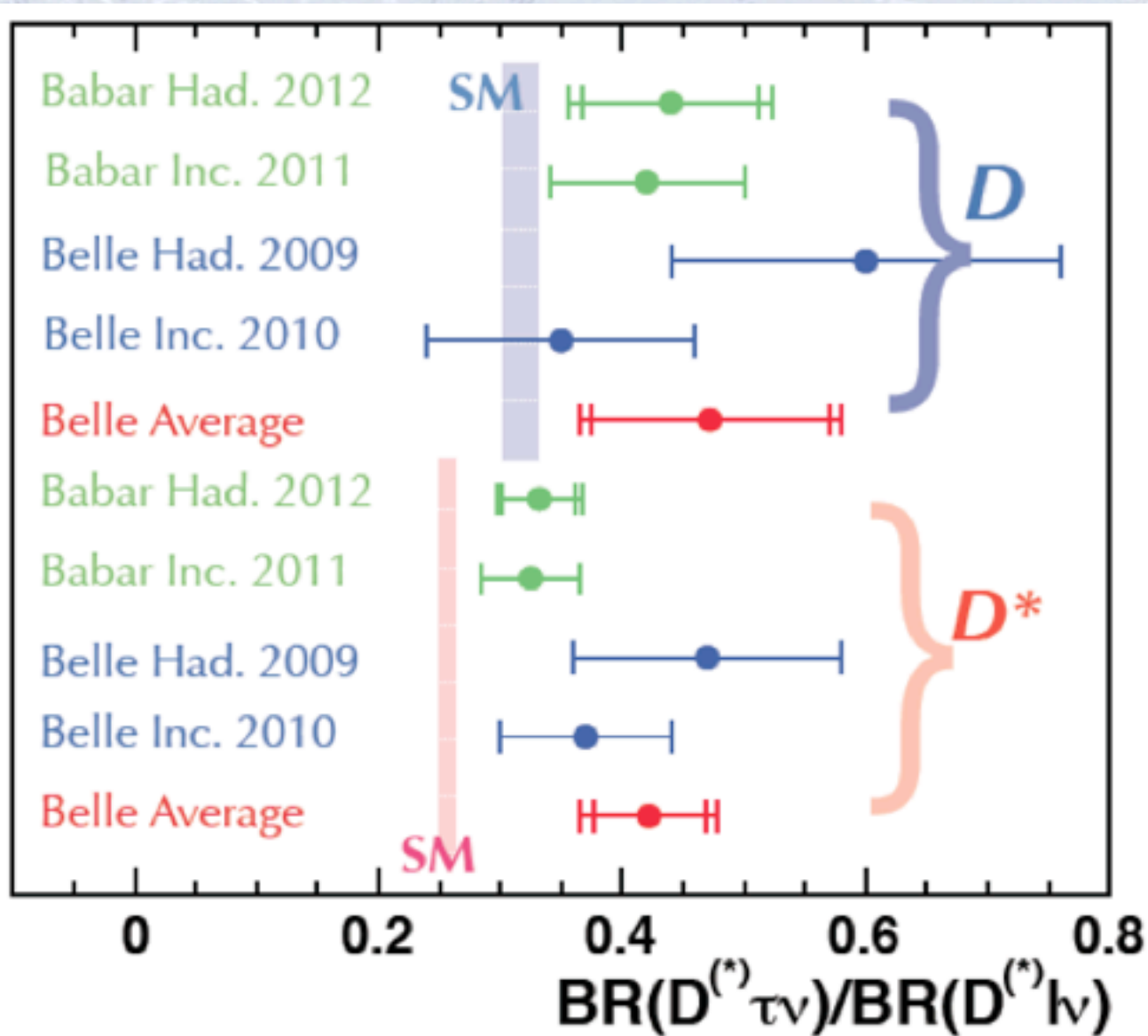
This result demands an enhancement of the suppressed CKM amplitudes of the SM of a factor approx. 5 – 10 Isidori, Kamenik, Ligeti, Perez 2011

But the charm quark is **TOO HEAVY** to apply the ChPT, while, at the same time, it is **TOO LIGHT** to trust the Heavy Quark Effective approach : **HENCE IT IS NOT IMPOSSIBLE THAT THE SM IS ONCE AGAIN FINDING A WAY OUT TO SURVIVE!** Golden, Grinstein 1989; Brod, Kagan, Zupan 2011

ON THE OTHER IT REMAINS POSSIBLE THAT NEW PHYSICS IS SHOWING UP... Giudice, Isidori, Paradisi 2012; Barbieri, Buttazzo, Sala e Straub 2012

POSSIBLE SURPRISES FROM THE KAON TOO → NA62 ?

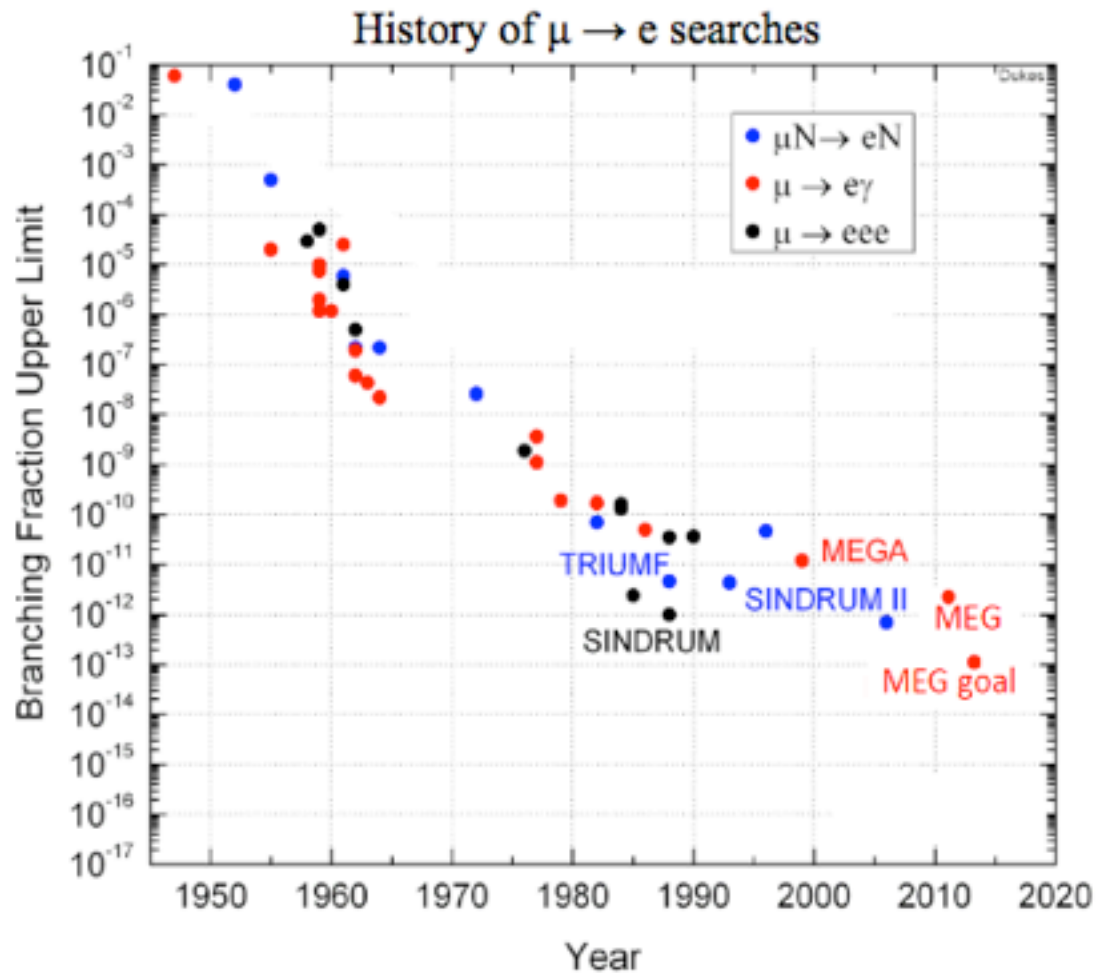
# Another discrepancy



DE BITTER FUND  
YACHT CLUB

# Lepton Flavor Violation

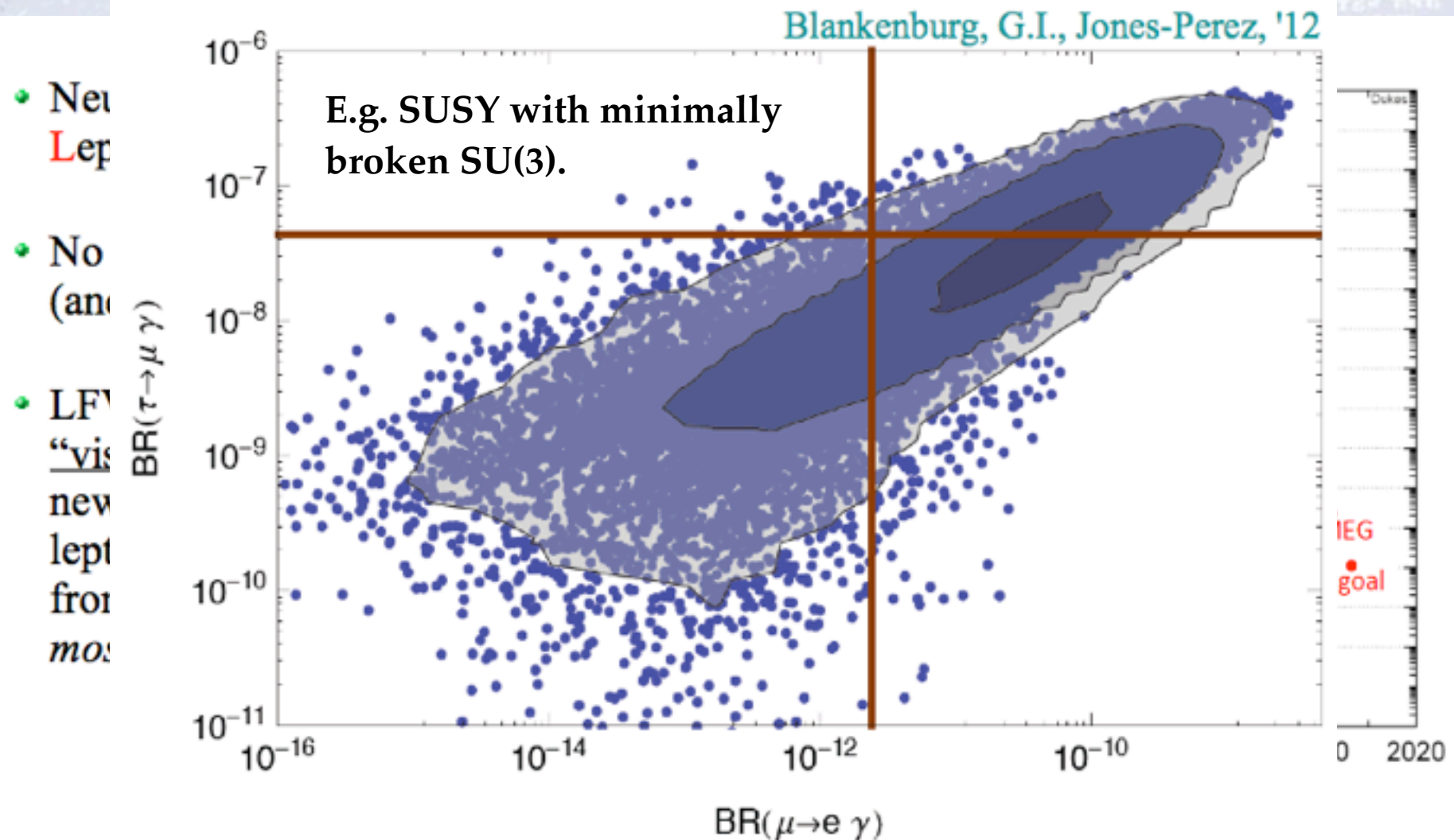
- Neutrino oscillations =>  
**Lepton Flavor Violation**
- No problems of SM  
(and SM +  $\nu$ ) backgrounds
- LFV in charged leptons at  
“visible rates” if there are  
new particles carrying  
lepton flavor not too far  
from the TeV scale (*as in  
most realistic NP models*)



There was some focus on “smaller” experiments, which can extend the limits on LFV by 2-4 orders of magnitude... indirectly reaching into the TeV scale.



# Lepton Flavor Violation



There was some focus on “smaller” experiments, which can extend the limits on LFV by 2-4 orders of magnitude... indirectly reaching into the TeV scale.

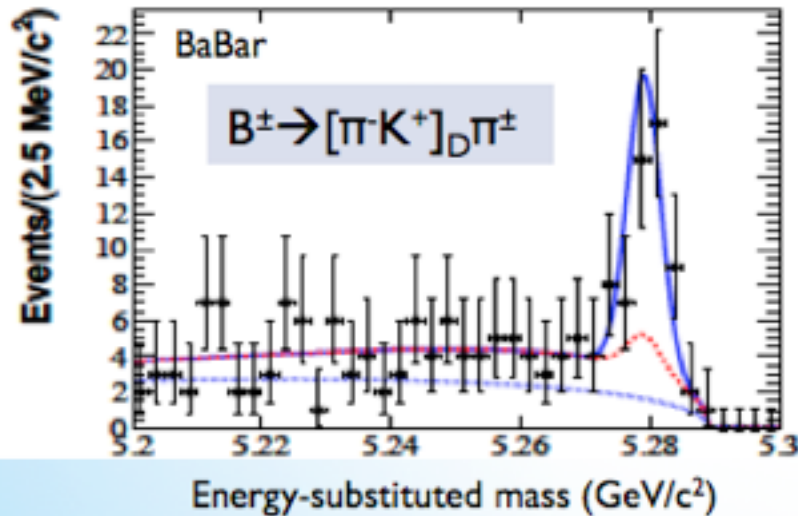


# The role of LHCb

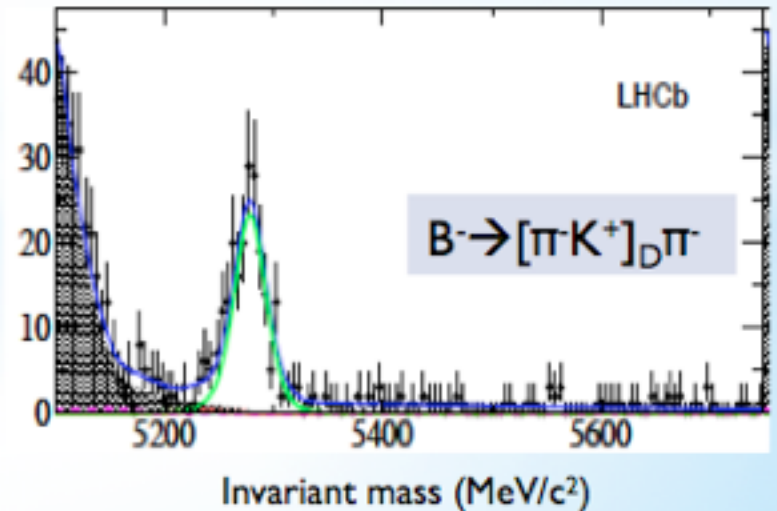
Rule of thumb:

*$1/fb$  at 7TeV at LHCb is equivalent to  $(1-5)/ab$  at the B-factories before tagging.*

arXiv:1006.4241



arXiv:1203.3662



6

LHCb has “killed” essentially all minor discrepancies.  
Theorists “complain” that in this light new theories are hard to make!  
Underlying symmetry / mechanism protecting SUSY?!?

# g-2 experiment and theory

$$a_{\mu}^{\text{EXP}} = 116592089 (63) \times 10^{-11}$$

E821 – Final Report: PRD73 (2006) 072  
with latest value of  $\lambda = \mu_{\mu}/\mu_p$  (CODATA'06)

	$a_{\mu}^{\text{SM}} \times 10^{11}$	$(\Delta a_{\mu} = a_{\mu}^{\text{EXP}} - a_{\mu}^{\text{SM}}) \times 10^{11}$	$\sigma$
[1]	116 591 782 (59)	307 (86)	3.6
[2]	116 591 802 (49)	287 (80)	3.6
[3]	116 591 828 (50)	261 (80)	3.2
[4]	116 591 894 (54)	195 (83)	2.4

M. PASSERA 2012

with  $a_{\mu}^{\text{HHO}}(|b|) = 105 (26) \times 10^{-11}$

[1] F. Jegerlehner, A. Nyffeler, Phys. Rept. 477 (2009) 1

[2] Davier et al, EPJ C71 (2011) 1515 (includes BaBar and KLOE10  $2\pi$ )

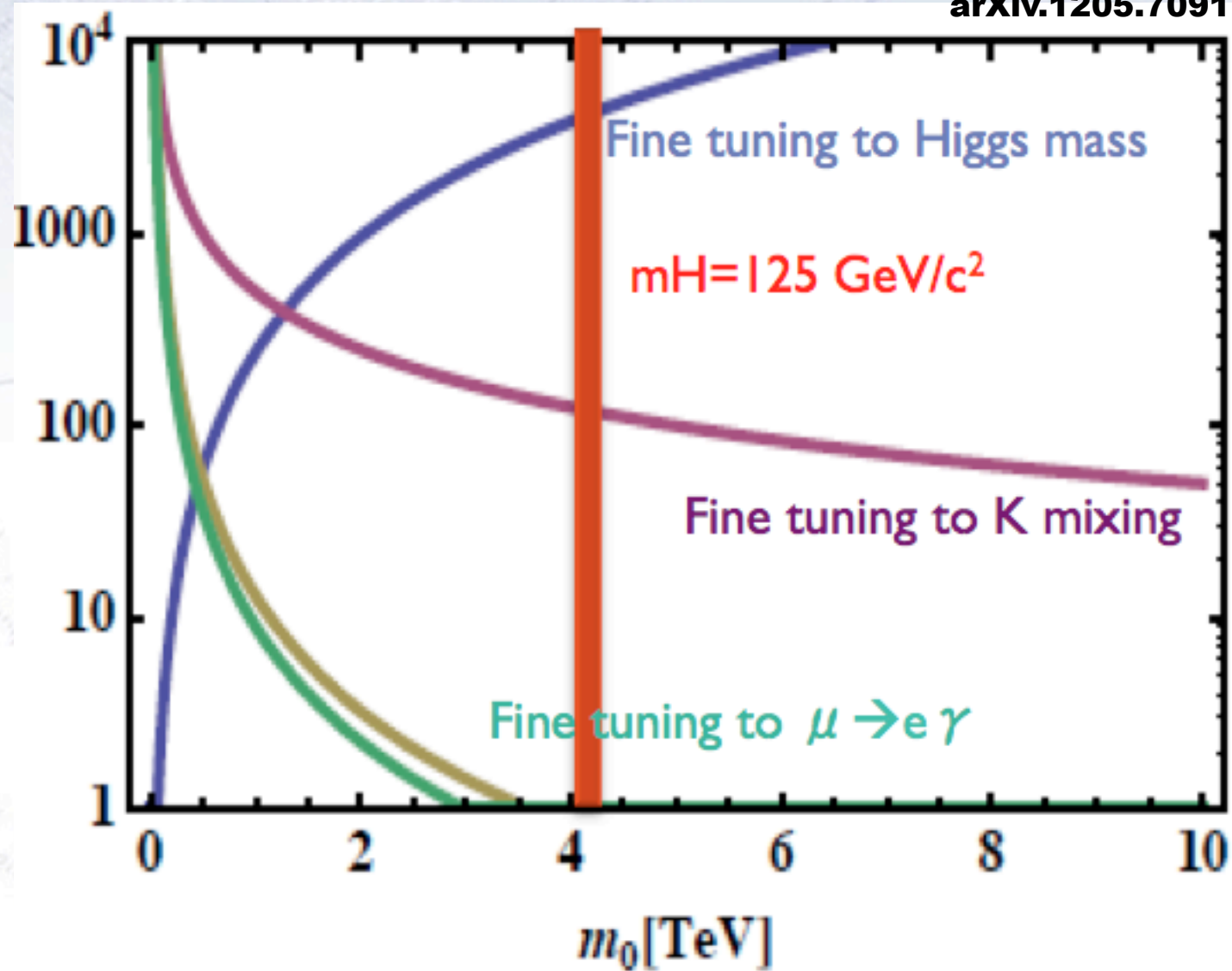
[3] HLMNT11: Hagiwara et al, JPG38 (2011) 085003 (incl BaBar and KLOE10  $2\pi$ )

[4] Davier et al, Eur.PJ C71 (2011) 1515,  $\tau$  data.

Unusual to see several “theories” try to match one measurement!!!

# Comment on Fine Tuning...

arXiv.1205.7091





# What if...



Picture courtesy of R. Rattazzi

What would have happened if in 1996 the CERN directorate had accepted the offer of the German company who was producing the LEP superconductive cavities and spent XX MCHF to buy 32 extra cavities?

- the Higgs is discovered in the Spring of 2000
- the democrats understand that Clinton made a mistake in canceling the SSC and they decide to resume the project
- science becomes a major topic in the campaign and people understand that the results in Florida is not a statistical fluctuation but a fraud
- Al Gore becomes the 43<sup>rd</sup> US president
- no war in Afghanistan nor in Iraq
- no economical crisis
- Japan starts building an ILC in 2010, CLIC construction starts in 2011.
- LHC discovers SUSY in the fall of 2012... Etc, Etc...

**We are only a few years behind schedule!**

**C. Grojean**



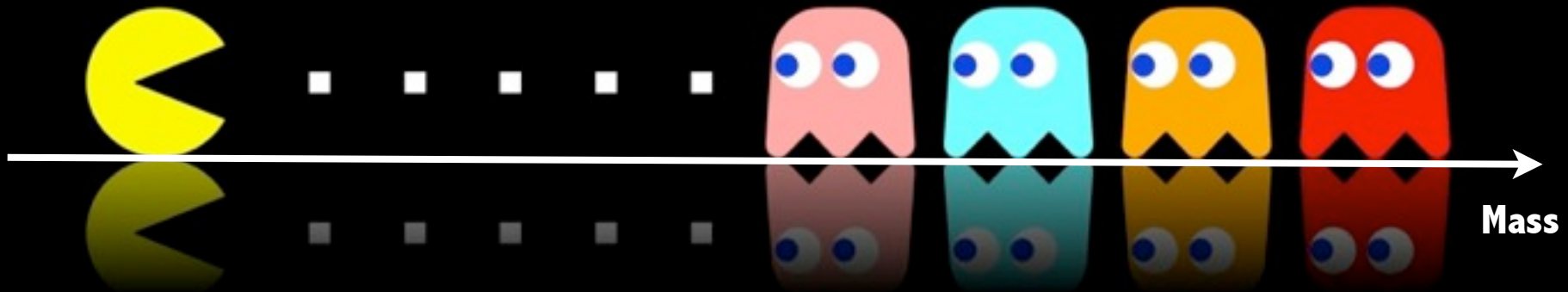
# Timelines of Current/Future Projects



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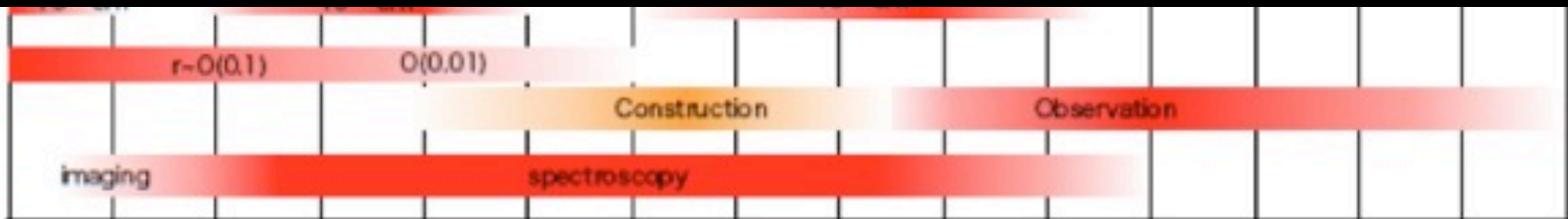
## LHC SUSY searches



CMB B mode

CMB satellite

SuMIRe



# Bonus slides

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathcal{L}_{GWS} = & \sum_f (\bar{\Psi}_f (i\gamma^\mu \partial_\mu - m_f) \Psi_f - e Q_f \bar{\Psi}_f \gamma^\mu \Psi_f A_\mu) + \\
 & + \frac{g}{\sqrt{2}} \sum_f (\bar{a}_L^i \gamma^\mu b_L^i W_\mu^+ + b_L^i \gamma^\mu a_L^i W_\mu^-) + \frac{g}{2c_w} \sum_f \bar{\Psi}_f \gamma^\mu (I_f^3 - 2s_w^2 Q_f - I_f^3 \gamma_5) \Psi_f Z_\mu + \\
 & - \frac{1}{4} |\partial_\mu A_\nu - \partial_\nu A_\mu + ie(W_\mu^- W_\nu^+ - W_\mu^+ W_\nu^-)|^2 - \frac{1}{2} |\partial_\mu W_\nu^+ - \partial_\nu W_\mu^+ + \\
 & - ie(W_\mu^+ A_\nu - W_\nu^+ A_\mu)|^2 + 2g c_w (W_\mu^+ Z_\nu - W_\nu^+ Z_\mu)^2 + \\
 & - \frac{1}{4} |\partial_\mu Z_\nu - \partial_\nu Z_\mu + ig' c_w (W_\mu^- W_\nu^+ - W_\mu^+ W_\nu^-)|^2 + \\
 & + \frac{1}{2} M_\eta^2 \eta^2 - \frac{g M_\eta^2}{8 M_W} \eta^3 - \frac{g'^2 M_\eta^2}{32 M_W} \eta^4 + |M_W W_\mu^+ + \frac{g}{2} \eta W_\mu^+|^2 + \\
 & + \frac{1}{2} |\partial_\mu \eta + i M_Z Z_\mu + \frac{ig}{2 c_w} \eta Z_\mu|^2 - \sum_f \frac{g}{2} \frac{m_f}{M_W} \bar{\Psi}_f \Psi_f \eta
 \end{aligned}$$