

Dust in submillimeter galaxies

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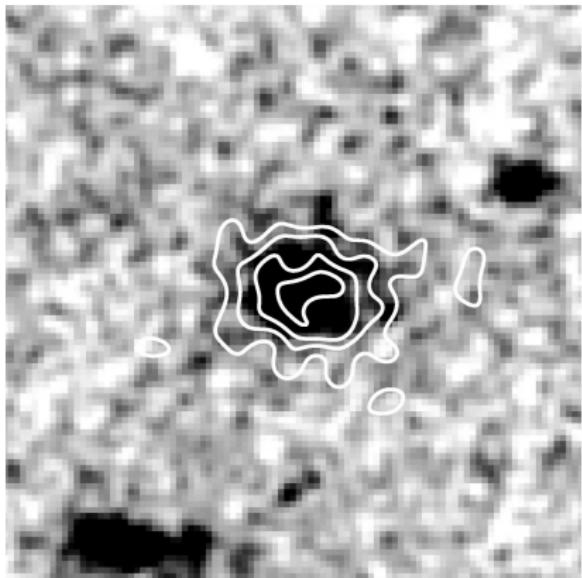
Current Problems in Extragalactic Dust
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arXiv:0905.4499

Outline

- 1 Submillimeter Galaxies
- 2 Method: Spectral Energy Distribution (SED) Fitting
- 3 Results
 - Properties of SMGs
 - Dust heating mechanism
 - Open questions

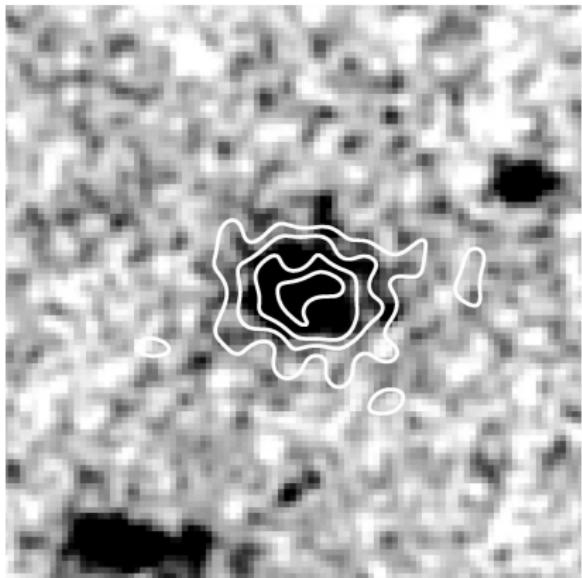
Submillimeter Galaxies (SMGs)



(Chapman et al., ApJ, 2004, 611, 732)

- Selected at submm ($850 \mu\text{m}$)
- $z = 1.7 - 2.8$ (Chapman et al., 2005, ApJ, 622, 772)
- Luminous, massive, dusty galaxies
- Studies based on small ($\lesssim 20$) samples, photometric redshifts, limited wavelength coverage

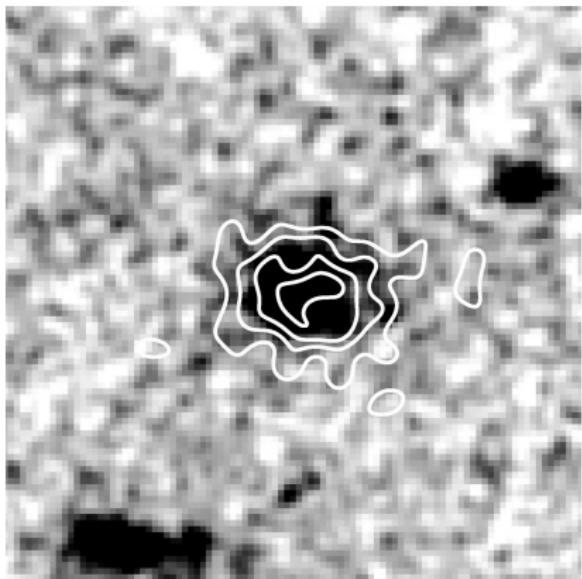
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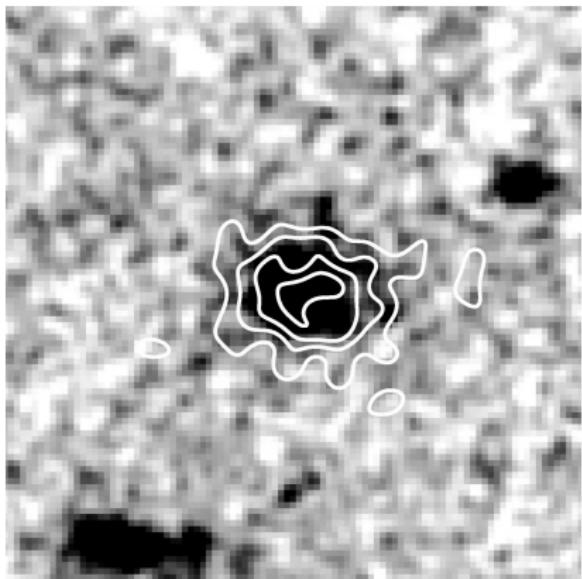
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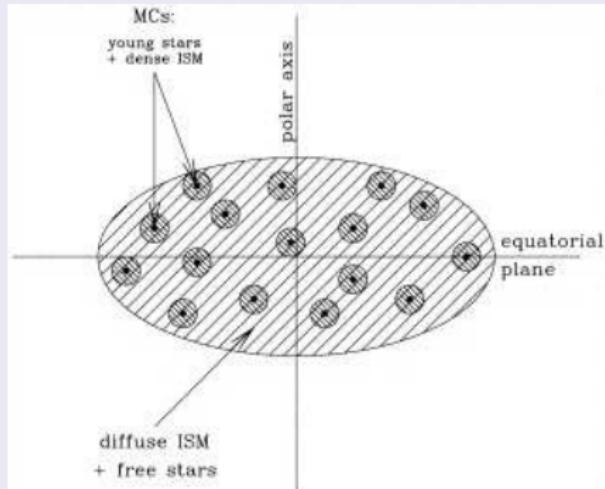
GRASIL

 (Silva et al. 1998, ApJ, 509, 103)

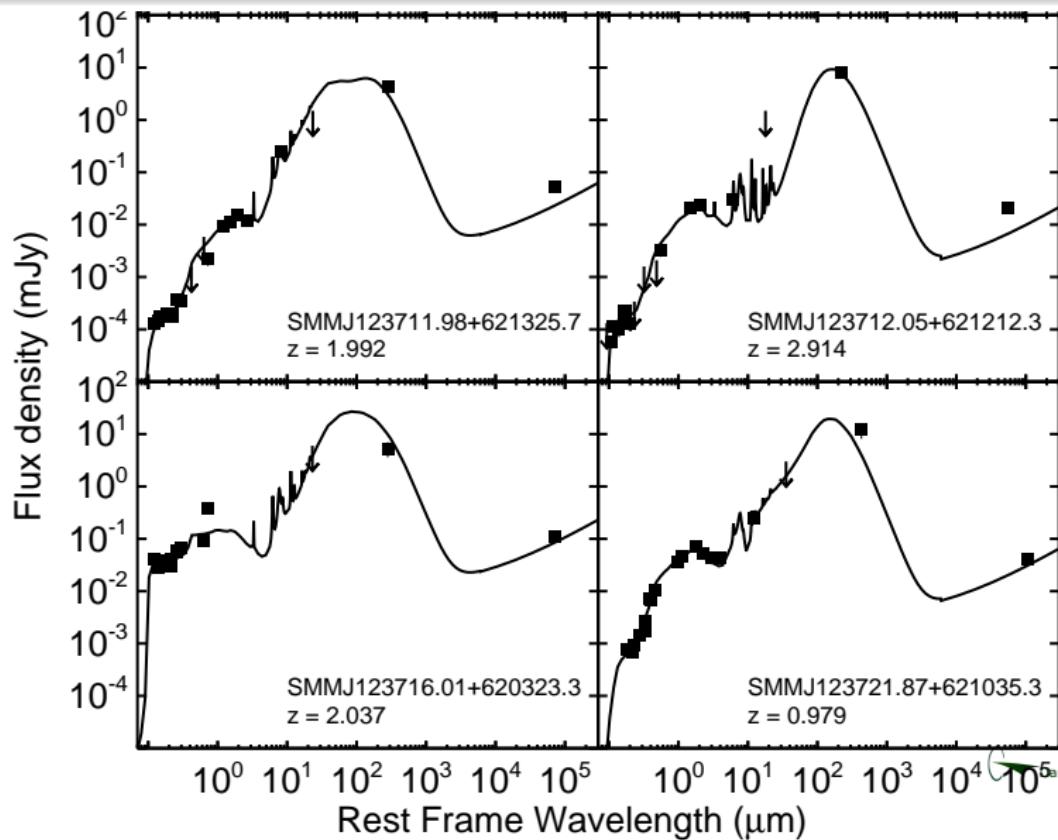
The Model

- Self-consistent and evolutionary model of galaxy SED based on radiative transfer
- Stellar population born in MCs + dust
- GRAphte & SILicate or GRAnato & SILva

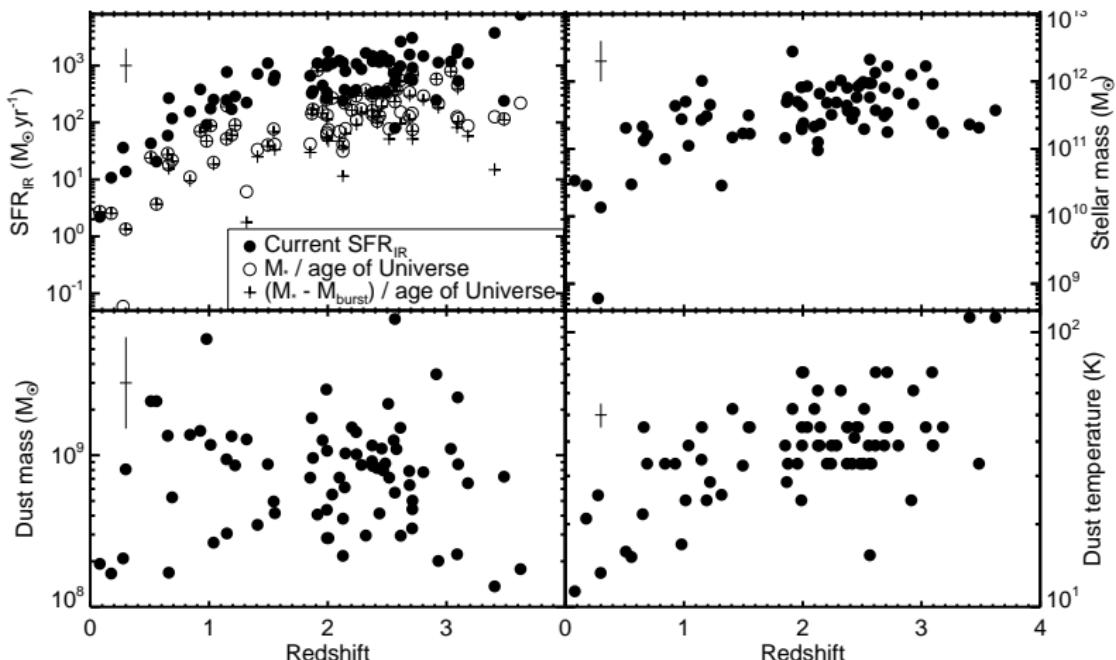
Galaxy Geometry



Spectral Energy Distribution Fitting of SMGs

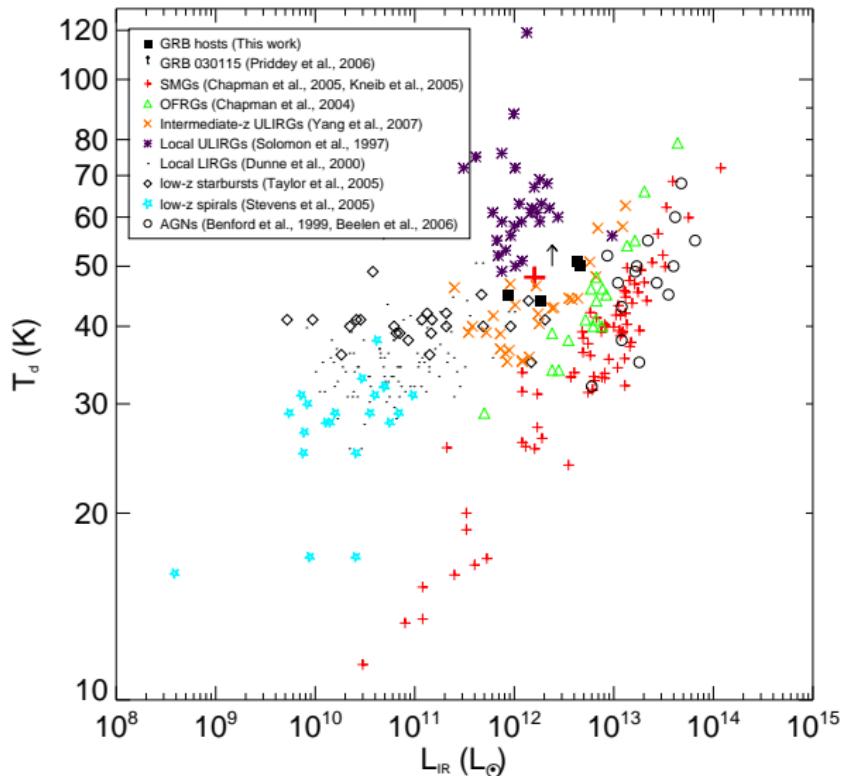


Properties of SMGs

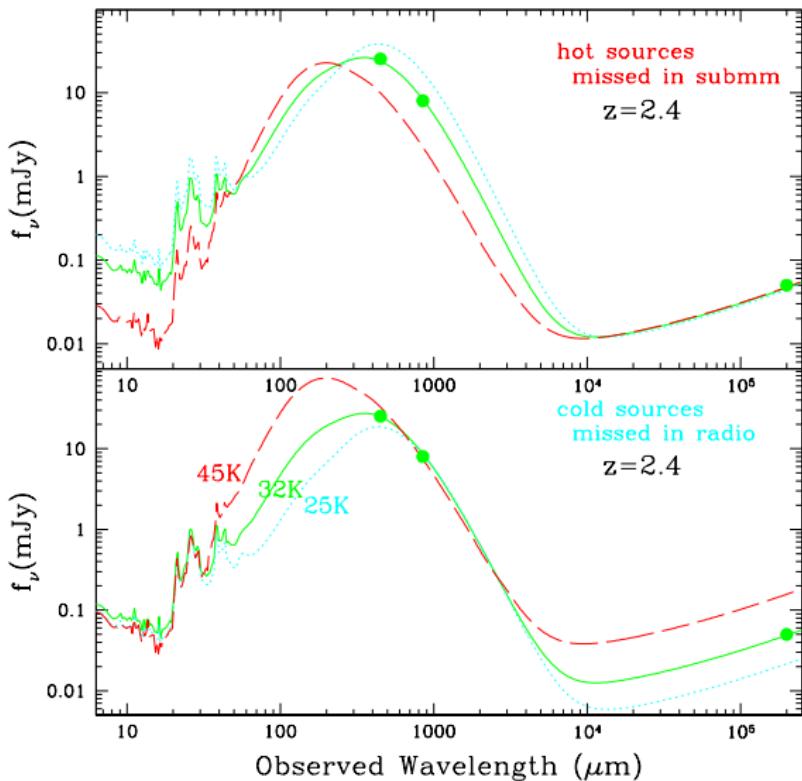


$$M_{H_2}/M_d = 54^{+14}_{-11} \text{ (Kovács et al., ApJ, 2006, 650, 592)}$$

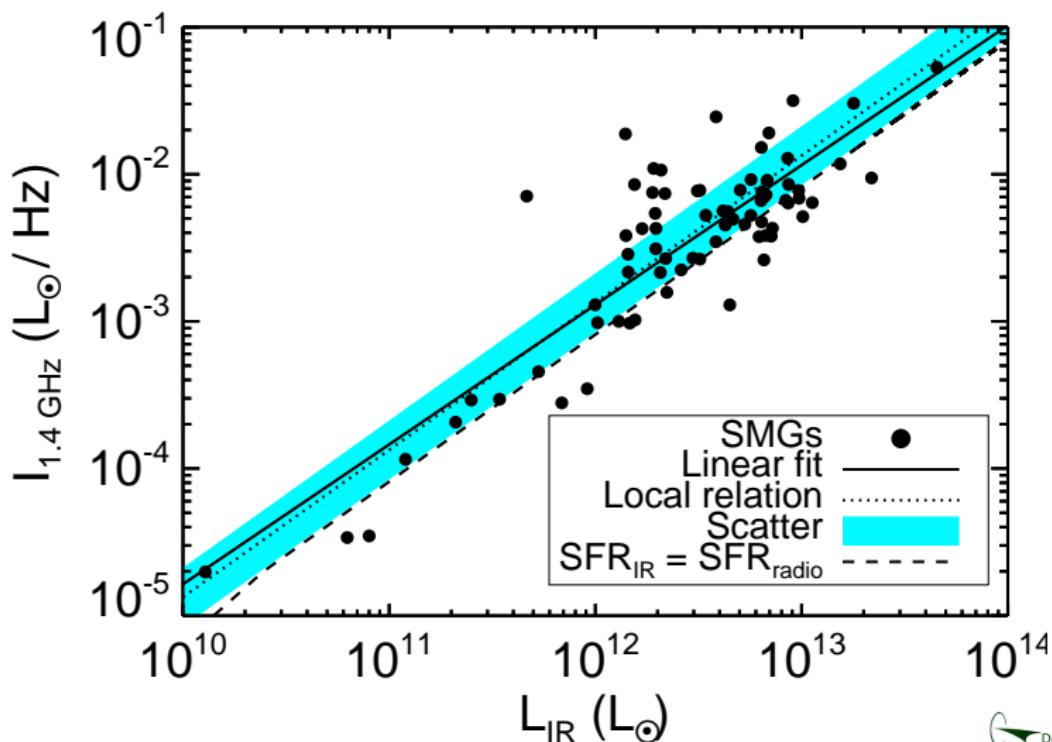
Temperature vs. luminosity (Michałowski et al., ApJ, 2008, 672, 817)



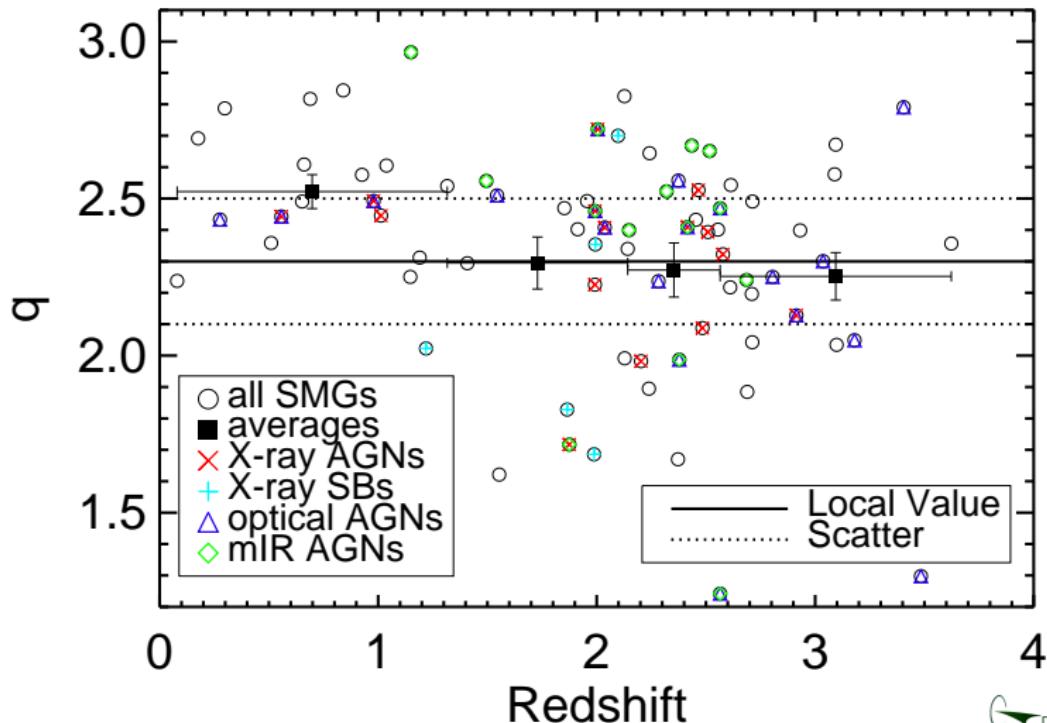
Selection effects (Chapman et al., 2005, ApJ, 622, 772)



FIR-Radio Correlation of SMGs



FIR-Radio Correlation of SMGs



Open questions

- SMG sample
 - **Observations:** Remaining 50% of the sample — different dust properties?
 - **Theory:** Selection effects — dust emission characteristics
- Emissivity index β
 - **Observations:** broader wavelength coverage to determine β
 - **Theory:** What does β tell us about dust properties?
 - **Theory:** β of silicate and graphite grains, influence of β on T_d and M_d
- Formation of dust and stars
 - **Theory:** timescales of star and dust formation (50 Myr?)
 - **Theory:** dust destruction? (massive SMGs have less dust per unit stellar mass)